

ARMY



NAVY

THE GAZETTE OF THE LAND
SEA AND AIR

SPOKESMAN OF THE SERVICES
SINCE 1863

JOURNAL

VOL. LXXXI—No. 10—WHOLE No. 3190
Est. as 2nd class matter at P. O. at Washington, D. C.
Add. entry Baltimore, Md., under Act of March 3, 1879

Washington, D. C., November 6, 1943

ONE YEAR SERVICE INDIVIDUALS \$4.00
ORGANIZATIONS AND CIVILIANS .. 4.00
SINGLE COPIES20

The War Program

MARINE CORPS ANNIVERSARY

"MARINES participated in every major action of the A.E.F. in the last war. The tradition and past history of the corps have been remarkably enhanced by the achievements of its members so far in World War II."

With this declaration, officials of the Marine Corps made ready to celebrate its 168th anniversary, which occurs 10 Nov.—not by reciting the famous stories of actions in the Revolution, the Tripoli wars, the Second War with Britain, and the like, but by pointing to its more recent achievements, achievements which began 7 Dec. 1941 when the Japs attacked Pearl Harbor.

Shortly after Pearl Harbor came Wake Island, when a small group of Marines led by Maj. James P. S. Devereux held out for weeks against overwhelming odds, reassuring an America stunned by the unpreparedness evidenced at Pearl Harbor that its sons still could fight.

Then followed the Bataan-Corregidor defense, when the 4th Marines, brought back shortly before from Shanghai, fought valiantly and well beside the Army, the Navy and the Philippine troops. Even the surrender of Corregidor did not end Marine resistance. Declared a Marine official this week:

"When Corregidor fell, some Marine hands escaped into the jungles and today are sniping away at the Japs from one end of the archipelago to the other."

When the United States won its first real victory against the Japs—at Midway in June, 1942 the Marines fighter squadrons made such determined thrusts at the enemy that few of the air group commanders returned from the fight. It was a story of the second and sometimes the third in command throttling forward to take the place of fallen leaders.

The assault and conquest of Guadalcanal, Tulagi and Gavatu in the Solomons need only to be mentioned. The Marines' part in those attacks is still fresh in the memory of Americans.

Landing from two submarines and taking the Japs by surprise, Marine Raiders led by Lt. Col. Evans Carlson made a daring raid on Makin Island, wiped out the Japanese garrison and destroyed valuable radio and seaplane installations. Carlson later reported that at the end of the first day only eight Japs were left alive and six more were killed the second day.

A participant was Lt. Col. (then Major) James Roosevelt, who afterward stated: "Our losses as compared with the enemy's were much less than 1 to 10, although the Japs were fighting on their home ground, and were also aided by seven air attacks made on us."

Other engagements which followed were Segi Point and Viru in New Georgia and Munda.

Indicative of the valor of the Leathernecks is the awarding thus far of 13 Medals of Honor to members of the Corps. Eleven officers and two enlisted men have so far received the nation's highest decoration. They are:

(Please turn to Page 279)



Mr. Stephen T. Early, Secretary to President Roosevelt, pins the gold bars of a second lieutenant, AUS, upon his son, Stephen T. Early, Jr., graduate of the Infantry Officer Candidate School, Ft. Benning, Ga. Mr. Early on 26 Oct. delivered the commencement address to the OCS class, the first to complete the lengthened 17-week course. Stirring tribute to the role of Infantry in modern warfare was paid by Mr. Early.

New Navy Ratings

In the most far-reaching change in the Navy rating structure to be authorized since the outbreak of war, 17 new ratings and many new subdivisions of ratings have been established for enlisted personnel.

Included in the first category are three entirely new types of ratings—Special Artificer, Airship Rigger, and Ship's Service Man—and 14 new grades for ratings already established. The change brings to a total of 89 the number of special fields of work for which ratings are now available.

The purpose behind this expansion of the rating structure is to provide better identification and classification of Navy men and women with particular qualifications. It is felt that this will enable the Navy to make more accurate placement of personnel, thereby increasing the combat efficiency of the service.

The new grades for ratings already established are these:

Mineman
Chief Soundman
Chief Radarmen
Machinist's Mate, Third Class
Motor Machinist's Mate, Third Class
Water Tender, Third Class
Boilermaker, Third Class
Metalsmith, Third Class
Chief Molder
Molder, Third Class
Chief Patternmaker
Patternmaker, Third Class
Chief Painter
Ruglemaister, Third Class
Chief Musician
Musician, Third Class

The new third class ratings, mostly in the Artificer Branch of the service, were established as part of a general rearrangement of the lower grades of this Branch. Previously, the artificer equivalents of Seaman, Second Class; Seaman, First Class; Petty Officer, Third Class, had been designated as Fireman, Third Class; Fireman, Second Class; and Fireman, First

(Please turn to Page 302)

Abolish AG Officer School

The Adjutant General Officer Candidate School has been abolished. The class, which entered the school on 11 Sept., which is scheduled to graduate on 5 Jan., 1944, will be the last class to go through the school.

The War Department has ordered that no new applications be received for the AG OCS. All applications now in process, naming this school as first choice, will be returned to the commanding officers of applicants with announcement that the school is no longer being conducted and that warrant officers and enlisted men may apply for other officer candidate schools for which they are eligible and qualified.

The AGD has a surplus of officers at present time. Whether this surplus will be dissipated in the future making new openings for appointment, either directly from the ranks or by reopening the OCS, cannot be predicted at this time.

Army General Officers

The average age of the 1,114 general officers now on duty in the Army (excluding retired officers recalled to duty) is 51 years, the War Department announced this week.

Stating that "there is an emphasis on youth in modern warfare," the Department said that 56 per cent of all generals serving with combat units are under 50 years of age. In the separate Air Forces, the percentage is even higher, with 64 per cent of the generals being under 50 years of age.

"In this war outstanding officers have been selected for promotion regardless of age," the department said. "The youngest general officer on active duty is Edward J. Timberlake of the Air Corps, who was but 33 years and 11 months when he was promoted to brigadier general for out-

(Please turn to Page 296)

Army Service Forces' Reorganization Likely

With the return to Washington this week of Lt. Gen. Brehon Somervell, commanding general, Army Service Forces, action is expected shortly on many pending recommendations for reorganization of various components of his organization.

These reorganization recommendations have been drafted by his staff, presumably at his direction, during the five-week interval he has been on an inspection tour of Army Service Forces' activities all over the world. Most of them, apparently, point toward a centralization of authority under commands in Washington and a decentralization of operations to the Service Commands in the field.

General Somervell himself declined this week to make any comment, either on his trip or on the proposed reorganizations of his agency.

Already accomplished is the transfer of the technical information division to the control division and the splitting of functions of the Special Service Division (discussed in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of 23 October). Under the latter change the Special Services Division as such has been abolished and its functions relating to mental activities, as distinguished from physical activities, have been assigned to a set-up under Maj. Gen. Frederick H. Osborn, director of the former Special Services Division. General Osborn's title has tentatively been set as "Director of Morale Services." It will include direction of the Army Institute, camp newspapers, radio programs, news maps, and inspirational films of the "Why We Fight" type.

Supplying of athletic and recreational equipment, formerly a function of General Osborn's office, has been transferred to Brig. Gen. Joseph H. Byron, director of the Army Exchange Service, with headquarters in New York. The Army Exchange Service formerly was part of General Osborn's organization, but was detached and made a separate organization some time ago.

One of the recommendations upon which action is expected shortly by General Somervell is the proposal to consolidate the nine service commands into six service commands. This has been rather vigorously opposed by members of the House and Senate representing those states which would lose Service Command headquarters by the move, notably the Nebraska members, for one of the suggestions is that the Sixth and Seventh Service Commands be consolidated with headquarters at Chicago, abolishing the Omaha headquarters.

Another proposal which it is understood awaits General Somervell's consideration is that all salvage activities be consolidated under a Salvage Chief, thus withdrawing from the Ordnance, Quartermaster, Engineer, etc., their present functions concerning the gathering and processing of salvaged material.

Another would centralize under one authority all matters of research. In support of this, proponents contend that various service branches maintain research facilities at the same localities, such as at

(Please turn to Page 302)

U. S. Daily Press Views

Retirements for Age

Memphis *Commercial Appeal*—"A law is a law, but a policy is something else again, and when obviously capable commanders who belong in the field are put to work at somewhat innocuous jobs in time of war, not alone the Army but the people suffer, and, come to think of it, in this Republic the Army is of the people."

Indianapolis *Star*—"The layman can only wonder why the Army, in time of war and with such an overwhelming need for experienced men, retires a capable officer who physically and mentally is fit as a fiddle and looking more like 45 than the legal maximum of 60 years."

Salt Lake *Telegram*—"If a colonel becomes automatically too old at age 60 to perform his duties as, say, commander of an Army post, or as adjutant general, or as head of supply and services, etc., then how does it happen that so many men 60 and more are holding key positions in government and industry?"

Newark *Evening News*—"There are without doubt sound reasons, in peace time, for an officer's retirement at a specified age, among them the opportunities for younger men to rise to responsible positions. But those reasons do not seem to hold in war time."

Washington *Evening Star*—"These officers, when war came, were called back or retained beyond the retirement age to help whip the new army into shape. They responded proudly and only too gladly. And now many of them doubtless feel that, though still able to be of great use, they are being cast aside to make room for younger men who lack their long professional experience as soldiers. It is possible to respect their sentiment, however, without disagreeing with the policy of the War Department."

New York *Daily News*—"Foch was almost 63 when World War No. 1 broke out, and Hindenburg almost 67, yet both served through that war and didn't do so badly."

Dallas *Morning News*—"Whether the pressure for promotions from the younger officers has influenced in

any way the retirement policy is a matter that only the Army powers-that-be may know. The allegation has been made. Under any circumstances, a policy that retires to inactive duty at this critical hour, men with experience, who are still capable even of special military service, should be pursued with the utmost caution and regard for the nation's manpower problem."

Boston *Post*—"If the 64-year retirement age were generally observed, we would not be represented at the vital Moscow conference by Secretary Hull, who is 72. Henry L. Stimson, who is 76, could not be Secretary of War, and Frank Knox, at 69, could not be Secretary of the Navy. President Roosevelt, commander in chief, if elected again, will be 64 before the middle of his fourth term."

Memphis *Commercial Appeal*—"Anyone perusing the list of retired officers of the American Army and Navy cannot avoid being shocked at the manner by which the American people and the Nation are deprived of leadership and experience which would contribute mightily to winning the war."

Then and Now

On the eve of the celebration of Armistice Day on 11 Nov. the situation of Germany is certainly as grave and probably much more so than it was in 1918. A quarter of a century ago she was officially at peace with revolutionary Russia; today the valorous Red Armies, strong in personnel and materiel, are driving Hitler's troops back to the Dnieper. Then she had been deserted by Austria-Hungary and Bulgaria, today Italy, her enemy then and former ally now, has surrendered and Hungary and Bulgaria are withholding aid to their Axis ally, and giving indications that they will move for peace as soon as they can be assured of safety from German attack. It is true Germany is in occupation of France, the Low Countries and Denmark and Norway, and has a limited ally in Finland, but the conquered States require garrisons, reserves to meet our attack, and their undergrounds are active in supplying intelligence to the United Nations and in sabotage, and Finland is merely conducting a defensive war against Russia. Sweden, which maintained commercial relations with Germany, is still doing so but is denying privileges important to the war effort of the Reich, and complaining about infringements of her neutrality. Then the submarine menace had been effectively controlled, now it is being curbed and the losses of the United Nations' shipping have been greatly curtailed. In 1918 Germany territory at no point had been entered, in this month of 1943 American, British, and Russian bombs are destroying factories and communications, and it is estimated that one-tenth of the population has been driven from its homes. The reservoir of manpower of the Reich was exhausted as it is today, though it is now supplemented by forced labor of the enslaved countries. On our part as then the American Armies are constantly increasing in strength and experience. General Pershing reported that judging by their excellent conduct the Allied Armies appeared capable of continuing the offensive indefinitely. This is true at present. The Anglo-American Army in Italy is driving the German Army steadily northward, we are aiding and will support the Guerrilla forces of Yugo-Slavia and Greece, and we have an Army under General Patton trained and prepared for another attack upon the enemy's underbelly. As a result of the Moscow agreement, there will be coordinated operations next spring and summer directed upon Germany, and the commander of the Western invasion will be General Marshall.

Japan can give no assistance to her European partner. Concerned at an attack from Siberia, which compels her to retain large forces in Manchukuo, unable to destroy Chinese resistance, threatened by the American Fleet from Hawaii and the Aleutians, suffering severe defeats in the Southwest Pacific at the hands of General MacArthur and Admiral Halsey, sustaining severe losses in planes, warships and merchant transport, and expectant of an attack through Burma, the Far Eastern Power has been compelled to assume the defensive and consider only

its own situation.

When Hitler's Germany will break no one can predict with any certainty. But relentless blows of great force must continue to be applied against her to assure this result. Quite possibly, Japan will seek for peace before she loses her ally—that is the history of the Tokyo Government. It is not forgotten it was Japan which apparently victorious on the sea and land in her war with Russia almost forty years ago, begged President Theodore Roosevelt to use his good offices to induce Czaristic Russia to negotiate for an end of hostilities. Should she pursue a like course now, undoubtedly the overtures would be rejected and she would be forced to unconditional surrender.

Watching the developments in the current global struggle with intense interest is General Pershing, the great Leader of the American Expeditionary Force. He and Petain are the only commanders on either side of the first World War who are alive. In good health, with active brain, he has no doubt of ultimate victory. But to achieve it in the earliest possible moment he insists there shall be no letup in our united effort but on the other hand shall grow in strength so that our triumphs shall be assured. Just as in 1918 he urged we require unconditional surrender, so he urges it now. Had his advice been followed a quarter of a century ago, the chances are the current struggle would not have occurred, and if it be followed now, and the President has adopted it for his own, the next generation will not suffer a return of global war.

Lose Pay on Appointment

Senator Walsh of Mass., told the Senate 4 Nov. that he had received a letter from a warrant officer in the Coast Guard contending that under the new Dependents Allowance Act men promoted from chief petty officer to warrant officer suffer losses in pay. Senator Walsh stated that if the facts as alleged in the letter are true many qualified enlisted men will decline promotion to warrant and commissioned ranks.

The writer of the letter said that upon promotion to warrant officer he lost \$58 a month.

Chaplains as Generals

Representative Kilday, of Texas, introduced a bill this week to provide for the appointment of chaplains as general officers in the Army of the United States.

Confer at Chungking

President Roosevelt announced at his conference yesterday that an American-British-Chinese meeting in Chungking has reached complete agreement on joint operations to be carried out in furtherance of the continental campaign against Japan.

Present at the conference were Admiral Lord Mountbatten, Lt. Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, Maj. Gen. Claire Chennault and Lt. Gen. Brehon B. Somervell, who since has returned to this country. The officers conferred with Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek and other Chinese military leaders.

Allotment-Allowance Act

With amendments to the Family Allowance Act law since 1 Nov., all the services have broadcast a plea to service personnel and their dependents not to send queries to the agencies administering the act.

Revisions in allowances made necessary by the act are being made as fast as is humanly possible, and any inquiries will only delay proceedings, it was warned.

This warning, of course, is not intended to prohibit the filing of applications for allowances by personnel entitled thereto, especially enlisted men in the first three grades who are now eligible to receive family allowances in lieu of the former quarters allowance at their election.

In this connection, the War Department's Office of Dependency Benefits is going to consider that every upper grade enlisted man who does not have in effect as of 1 Nov. a voluntary allotment in favor of his dependent in an amount at least equal to the amount of the quarters allowance—\$38.75 for a 31-day month—is going to be considered as desiring to receive family allowances instead of the old allowances.

Purpose of this policy is to insure that maintenance money goes directly to the dependents, either through a voluntary allotment or as a family allowance.

Since a man may make a voluntary allotment any time during the month, retroactive to the first of the month, first three grades will have the remainder of this month to register voluntary allotments if they do not desire to go on the family allowance system.

The War Department has issued under date of 27 Oct., a circular, No. 270, describing the initial allowance paid entirely by the government to men first entering service. This allowance is not retroactive, but can be obtained only by those who enter service in a pay status on or after 1 Nov.

The Navy Department has issued the following statement regarding the new law:

"For men or women going on active duty after 1 Nov., applications for family allowances are to be made at the recruiting stations. For personnel already on duty whose dependents are at present receiving allowances under the original Servicemen's Dependents Allowance Act of 1942, the change-over to the new allowance system will be made automatically. Training stations and other naval activities will continue to accept and process applications from enlisted personnel who have not previously applied for family allowances or who wish to alter the payments to conform to the new dependency classifications.

"Recipients of family allowance checks are urged not to worry if their increased allotments are not received immediately, inasmuch as it will take several weeks to revise allowance schedules. Payment will be made as soon as possible, retroactive to 1 Nov.

"Class B and B-1 dependents (parents, brothers and sisters who derive a substantial portion of their support or their chief support from the enlisted man or woman) are reminded that they should write to the Navy man or woman involved, if they have any doubt whether an application has been filed in their behalf. It will not facilitate matters to write to the Navy Department on this subject, since allowances for Class B and B-1 dependents are authorized only after application by the enlisted man or woman. Class A dependents (wife and children) are automatically eligible for allowances, either on the application of the service person or the

dependent."

A similar statement issued by Marine Corps follows:

"The adjustment of new family allowance payments to dependents of Marines under the recent amendment to the Servicemen's Dependents Act of 1942 will probably be completed well within the four months permitted by the amendment, Marine Corps paymaster department officials have announced.

"Letters are being mailed to Class B dependents instructing them to execute affidavits as to the degree of support received from the Marine. When these affidavits are returned, readjudication will be made, and if found eligible dependents will be paid the allowances provided for by the new amendment. Payments will be retroactive to the month of November if dependents were entitled to family allowances for that month.

"The amended bill provides dependent allowances for all enlisted pay grades, members of the Marine Corps Women's Reserve, bandmen and limited service personnel. It is estimated there are approximately 30,000 Class B dependent cases to be redetermined as a result of the new amendment."

Urges Ending Blockade

Former President Herbert Hoover, stating that he sees victory near, declared before a Foreign Relations subcommittee of the Senate 4 Nov. that all this country and Great Britain needs to do to insure the delivery of food to Allied nations in Europe this winter is to change their blockade policy.

The blockade, he said, is no longer a major military weapon in the defeat of Germany. He pointed out that the food needed by starving countries need not even be bought in this country, but could be shipped from southern hemisphere ports in Swedish vessels now lying idle.

No Action on Officer Bill

The House Military Committee is still delaying consideration of S. 1410. This bill, passed several weeks ago by the Senate, would permit Regular Army officers to be appointed brigadier generals without regard to length of service.

Many members of Congress believe that the law compelling the retirement of promotion-list officers of the Regular Army at age 60 if below grade of brigadier general and at 62 if below grade of major general, should be rescinded. They believe that the experience of all of these officers can continue to be used in the field, or in training and administrative work.

The Act of 13 June 1940 which prescribes 28 years' commissioned service before appointment as brigadier general also contains the objectionable retirement features, and several Congressmen see an opportunity of amending the bill in both respects simultaneously.

Another committee objection to S. 1410 in the form passed by the Senate is that it places no limit on the number of officers with less than 28 years' service who may be appointed generals. It is reported that the committee will limit the number of such appointments to not more than 25 per cent of the 50 brigadiers allowed by law.

Heads Typhus Commission

The appointment of Col. Stanhope Bayne-Jones, MC, AUS, as director of the United States of America Typhus Commission was announced 21 Oct. by the War Department.

Post-War Free Education

Implementing without delay the recommendation of the President that free post-war education be provided to men and women who have had honorable service, three bills were submitted to the Senate this week.

The President, transmitting a preliminary report by the Armed Forces Committee on Post-War Educational Opportunities for Service Personnel to Congress last week, stated that the country owed service personnel the right to pursue education, whether elementary, advanced or vocational.

The committee suggested that a year of education be given free to any person with six months' honorable service, and that specially selected personnel be given opportunity to study an additional one, two or even three years. (ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, 30 Oct. issue.)

The most comprehensive bill, S. 1509, introduced 3 Nov. by Chairman Thomas of the Senate Education and Labor Committee, in the main carries out the recommendations.

Another bill, S. 1507, introduced by Senator Clark, of Mo., and referred to the Finance Committee which customarily handles veterans' matters, provides that any person who served honorably 90 days or more since 7 Dec. 1941—or less than 90 days if discharged for disability incurred in line of duty shall "be entitled to such education as the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs may prescribe."

The brief bill would cover only those under age 26 when they entered the service.

A third bill, S. 1506, also introduced by Senator Clark, applies to personnel with service as prescribed in S. 1507, but without regard to age.

The comprehensive bill introduced by Senator Thomas of Utah applies to members of the merchant marine, as well as of the armed forces.

The bill provides that:

"All members of the armed forces of the United States who shall have been honorably discharged or relieved from active duty after 16 Sept. 1940 shall be eligible for selection and training under this bill, provided they shall have been in service for a period of at least six months."

Selection of eligible persons shall be made "in accordance with such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe, on the basis of their intelligence, aptitude, skill, interest, prior training, education and experience."

Any person so selected shall be entitled to receive training at any approved educational or training institution in any one of the fields or branches of knowledge for which he shall have been determined to be qualified and in which the number of trained personnel is or is likely to be inadequate under conditions of peak employment.

Persons so selected shall be entitled to training up to one year.

Further instruction not exceeding three additional years may be provided for persons of "exceptional ability and skill."

"The number of persons selected for a further period of instruction shall, as nearly as the conditions of good administration may permit, be apportioned among the several states principally upon the basis of the number of persons supplied the armed forces by each state. The selection of persons for a further period of instruction shall be made, so far as is practicable, by the states in accordance with general standards or regulations promulgated by the President."

The federal government will pay to the institution the usual tuition and similar fees, but not board, lodging or similar expenses, so long as the persons maintain good standing in their courses. Those selected for education will be paid \$50 a month for board, lodging and other living expenses, or shall be furnished all or part of board and lodging in kind. Persons with dependent husband or wife shall receive an additional \$25 a month, with \$10 additional for each dependent child.

Payments may be reduced for part-time students.

Those taking the additional courses beyond one year will be loaned \$50 a month. (Please turn to Page 301)

WAVES Bill Sent to President

Acting several weeks after the Senate passed the bill with drastic amendments, the House on 4 Nov. accepted the Senate amendments to H. R. 2859, and sent to the White House a bill which increases the number of officers of higher grades in the WAVES and Women's Marine Reserve and extends dependents' allowances to various members of the two reserves.

The bill provides that highest rank in the WAVES shall be captain, thus permitting promotion of the director of the WAVES from lieutenant commander to captain and promotion of the director of the Women Marines from major to colonel.

Restrictions on the number of officers in lower ranks also are removed.

The bill also provides that members of the Women's Reserves are entitled to all allowances or benefits provided by law for male officers and enlisted men.

Members of the women's reserves may receive allowances for dependents, except that a husband may in no case be considered a dependent, nor may children be considered dependent unless the father is dead or they are in fact dependent upon the mother for chief support.

The Senate amendments agreed to continue the restriction of WAVES and Women Marines to shore duty in continental United States and prohibit service aboard naval vessels or in combat aircraft. Similar restrictions apply to women doctors of the Navy.

Sea Service Nominations

Nominations of two officers for temporary promotion to read admiral and of one officer for temporary promotion to major general have been submitted to the Senate.

Capt. Arthur D. Struble, USN, was named for promotion to rear admiral, temporary, as was Rear Adm. Ralph E. Davison, now holding flag rank by virtue of a special assignment.

Brig. Gen. Henry L. Larsen, USMC, was nominated for temporary promotion to major general.

Assign Psychiatrists to Units

Appreciating the advance made in recognizing and treating symptoms calling for specialized handling by psychiatrists of personnel in the armed forces, the War Department is revising tables of organization to include a neuropsychiatrist, to be assigned automatically to every division. He will be a member of the division surgeon's office and will advise the division surgeon along the line of his specialty. He is to have the rank of captain or major.

During the training period of troops, the division psychiatrist will be expected to detect, treat, and eliminate actual and potential neuropsychiatric cases. In addition, he will instruct all officers of the division in the recognition, prevention, and treatment of mental casualties.

In combat zones, it will be his duty to sift and clear casualties of this type, with the object of returning to duty all personnel possible.

Mars Meets Tests

The Martin Mars, 70-ton flying boat, was turned over to the Navy Department 2 Nov. after undergoing a series of tests which included staying aloft over 32 hours.

Following verification of the tests the Mars will enter the Naval Air Transport Service to carry men and freight to distant war zones.

Northern Ireland Base

The announcement has been made that Northern Ireland, referred to as Ulster, "now becomes a separate base section, as it was when services of supply originally were established in the European theater." Ulster was formerly a part of the U. S. Army's western base section.

Brig. Gen. Leroy P. Collins will be in command of this section and will be succeeded as commander of the western base section by Col. Harry B. Vaughan, jr., former U. S. district engineer at Philadelphia.

Sen. Russell Reports on Trip

Senator Richard Russell, of Georgia, late last week presented to the Senate a repetition of his statement at a secret session 7 Oct. Stating that he had omitted only such facts as would be of value to the enemy, he declared that the observations made were to be regarded as his personal views and not the views of the committee of five globe-girdling Senators, of which he was chairman.

Senator Russell remarked that no one could become conversant with all the phases of our activities in such a far-flung area in a trip of little more than two months' duration but that it was his hope that his observations presented a fair idea of the conditions prevailing in the theatres visited.

His accounts of interviews with the fighting men themselves are particularly interesting to note, as in the following quotation from his statement:

"The men who are actually fighting this war are thinking about post-war problems, as well as things at home and the conduct of the war. I wish that every member of the Senate could have been with me to share my discomfort during a two-hour grilling by several hundred servicemen in a Red Cross canteen in New Delhi, which they have named 'Duration Den.' It would have required not only all the powers of prophecy of the entire Senate, but full and frank replies from the heads of all the Allied powers to answer some of the questions propounded. Any idea that the men are only thinking about the end of the war and getting home would be disabused by a visit to any overseas station. . . .

Services Train Men

"One benefit we will derive from the enormous expenditures of this awful war lies in the training of large numbers of the finest craftsmen and mechanics in the world. Both the Army and the Navy have accomplished wonders in this respect. Boys who 12 months ago were either unemployed or doing work requiring no skill are today repairing the most delicate instruments, such as radar and radio equipment, telephone exchanges, submarine periscopes, and are working with the countless finely balanced machines which are necessary in the operation of airplanes, submarines, and other complicated mechanisms of war. . . .

"The completeness of the hospital facilities both in the field and at permanent stations, and the speed with which the sick and wounded receive treatment are almost unbelievable. I do not think we failed to visit a hospital at a single place we stopped, and I talked with doctors, nurses, and patients. Men are recovering from wounds in a few weeks in this war which would have proved fatal heretofore, and the use of the sulfa drug, blood plasma, and new methods of treatment are accomplishing miracles. Most of these hospital units moved to the front completely staffed with doctors and nurses from our leading hospitals in the States. The quality of medical treatment received by the sick and wounded in our armed forces is incomparably superior to the average treatment received by the civilian population at home. . . .

"The fighting in Europe is against a determined, well-equipped, and resourceful enemy. It does more or less follow the orthodox conception of war. The war in the Pacific is a battle to the death. Tons of incredible and shocking brutality by the Japanese in the treatment of our men, including the wounded, make it easy to understand why no quarter is now being asked or given. . . .

Navy Praised

"As a member of the Naval Affairs Committee I undertook to observe as many of the activities of our Navy in the areas visited as possible. I am frank to say that I believe the Navy is doing a disservice to many American heroes by oversteering its policy of remaining the 'allent service.' Sailors handled every one of the landing barges which took the troops and Marines ashore in the South Pacific, as they did in North Africa, in Sicily, and in Italy. They kept the noses of their ships, which are easy targets for bomb and shell, against the sands of the beaches until the last soldier and the last piece of equipment was ashore. Ofttimes the guns of destroyers and cruisers blazed the path for our infantry and tanks. Due to the constant vigilance required to fend off attacks by airplanes and submarines, the men manning these ships often do not get more than 2 or 3 hours' sleep a day for as long as a week. In Sicily one of our light cruisers broke up a tank attack by a regiment of the Hermann Goering Division just before it was apparently about to result in disaster to one of our divisions which had not had time to set up its heavy defense equipment. In my judgment the American people are entitled to know more about what the Navy has been doing, and order that they may properly appreciate the sacrifices of the men who go down to the sea in ships. . . .

"It is inspiring to observe that in both the Army and the Navy morale seems to be higher where the hazard is greatest. This is particularly true of the men who man our 'nightboats,' or submarines. I had an opportunity to talk to the crews and men of many of our underwater craft who are carrying the war to the very shores of Japan. I asked a lad who was a member of the crew of a submarine in drydock at Pearl Harbor, where a huge dent caused by a depth charge was being ironed out, whether he would prefer service on a surface ship. His reply was, 'Hell, no. It's safer down there than up above when those airplanes come in with their torpedoes and bombs.' . . .

"In my opinion, General Chennault is one of the most brilliant soldiers this war has (Please turn to Page 303)

Senator Brewster's Report

Senator Ralph Brewster, of Maine, this week submitted to the Senate a comprehensive account of the observations made by him on the visit to the fighting fronts from which he recently returned.

Observing that the investigations made by him and his four companions were made with a minimum of disruption of the time of the commanders and their immediate associations, Senator Brewster stated that "the War and Navy Department have long since found the importance of most careful inspection and review of their vast and varied activities and our inquiries simply serve as a supplement of the careful self-scrutiny that they constantly carry on."

In his recital of his observations, the representative of the Truman and Naval Affairs Committees of the Senate, stated:

Troops Well Cared For

"The mothers of America may well be proud of their sons and reassured as to the thought that is being given to their welfare. Never perhaps in history has more attention been lavished upon the well-being of those in the service of their country. The record of recovery from wounds and of protection from the difficulties incident to operations in every quarter of the globe from the Arctic to the Tropics is a sufficient indication of the progress that has been made in this field ever since the last Great War. Whether viewed from a humanitarian standpoint or from the simple significance and value of these highly trained boys to their country, there is great reason for gratification over the progress that has been made in this field. . . .

"Their moral as well as physical well-being has also been a matter of most intimate and unprecedented concern. With boys far younger than usual being taken from their various communities and sent to the far corners of the globe where conditions are often very different from those in their home towns in America, those in authority have properly recognized that they must see to it that these boys are given every possible protection against conditions with which they were not formerly familiar. . . .

"Everywhere American troops were found there were splendidly equipped hospitals to care for their well-being with trained nurses in attendance who have volunteered for service anywhere. We saw these girls carrying on under all manner of conditions, from the quonset huts of Iceland where 2 feet of rocks were piled beside their rounded metal roofs to anchor the buildings from being blown away by the terrific gales, on down to the bamboo huts of the Tropics, where the temperature outside was 160 degrees above zero. . . .

"In many areas we found the WAC's carrying on most effectively and rendering yeoman service. These well-trained girls were filling various positions with great credit to themselves and to their training. Everyone was taking a place that would otherwise require a father to fill. . . .

"On several Sundays we were privileged to attend chapel services in various quarters of the globe and were many times in contact with the chaplains who carry on day in and day out looking after the welfare of the boys under their charge. . . .

Morale Low In Two Places

"All the members of the committee are in accord on the remarkable progress which has been made in sending American personnel and material to the far corners of the earth and also on the high morale that was almost everywhere evident. . . .

"In only two places did we find particular cause for concern. One was in Iceland, where some of the boys had been kept for nearly 2 years under conditions that do not have the stimulus of action and in a volcanic country without the trees and fields to which they are accustomed in their home country. In addition, during much of the year there is a very limited period of daylight only extending for a few hours, and the committee (Please turn to Page 301)

Did You Read—

the following important Service stories last week:

President proposes free post-war education for service personnel; Social Security suggests complete social security coverage for persons in Service?

Quarterly uniform maintenance allowance to be paid to WAVES, SPARS, Women Marines?

PX bar on credit relaxed to permit newly commissioned officers to buy uniforms with payment after clothing allowance is received?

Marine regulations on holiday travel?

About ten appointments to be made in Pharmacy Corps as result of exam. soon to be announced?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this information from any other source.



THE UNITED STATES ARMY



American "Hows" Effective

Six rounds fired point-blank at 250 yards from four 105mm. howitzers knocked out five Mark IV tanks and stopped a German armored counterattack in Italy, an Army Ground Forces observer just returned from overseas reported to the War Department this week.

The observer, Lt. Col. Frank Q. Goodell, FA, credited the stopping of the German counterattack to the heroism of a young artillery lieutenant who quickly assembled the four field guns from widely scattered batteries when a large force of medium and light tanks approached his position.

Colonel Goodell told how infantrymen learned to "maneuver like Rocky Mountain goats" on foot trails not more than a yard wide and slippery with loose rocks in encircling German 88mm. gun positions.

One division, Colonel Goodell reported, became the envy of others when it received 300 large mules to pack supplies and ammunition. As soon as the Germans realized that American infantrymen were using the animals, they began a systematic slaughter of all the Italian mules they could find.

Colonel Goodell concluded that while the Germans had strong gun defenses, the rugged mountain ranges of southern Italy offered more difficulties than the enemy.

Non-Guarded War Prisoners

A plan for gradually releasing selected Italian prisoners of war in this country whose conduct over a six-month period indicates their trustworthiness was announced by the War Department.

Under the plan, prisoners who pledge themselves to obey certain orders will be released from camp to go to work unescorted, will work without guards and will return unescorted.

DISTINGUISHED UNIFORMS



Officers of all services, now on duty in the four corners of the world, know the distinction of Kassan-Stein custom tailored uniforms. The perfect fit attained when a garment is hand-needled expressly for the wearer is assurance of correct military appearance.

Kassan-Stein
Uniform Custom Tailors
510 Eleventh Street N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.



Miniature Rings & A Pins

U. S. Military Academy
14K Gold set with pearls
by women \$50.00. 14K
Gold with whole pearls
crown set \$12.00. With
guard \$18.00. Fed. Tax 10%.

JENNINGS HOOD
Authorized Jeweler
B. E. Cor. Chestnut &
15th Sts., Phila., Pa.

15th Air Force

The creation of the new 15th Air Force, under the command of Lt. Gen. Carl A. Spaatz, who also remains the commanding general of the 12th Air Force, greatly increases our air strength in the Mediterranean area.

The new 15th Air Force is to be used for long range, strategic bombing missions against Germany and occupied countries. It will include a number of units which have already been through the Tunisian, Sicilian and Italian campaigns.

The 12th Air Force has been in this theater since the first invasion of North Africa. Since 18 Feb. it has operated as the American part of the Northwest African Air Force.

Both the 12th and the 15th will now be operating under the over-all Mediterranean command in conjunction with the RAF and French units.

Simultaneously with the announcement of the creation of the new force came news of its first mission, a 1,400 mile round-trip flight to attack the Messerschmidt assembly plant at Wiener Neustadt, near Vienna, Austria.

New B-29 Bombers

Certain details of the Army's newest bomber were revealed officially this week, and its designation as the B-29 was announced by the War Department.

In describing the new plane, General H. H. Arnold, commanding general of the Army Air Forces, stated that it is armored heavily with multiple-gun and power turrets and can fly at very high altitudes. Its performance, he said, will not be discussed before it enters combat but it will have a range substantially greater than the maximum effective range of today's longest range heavy bombers and it will carry quite sizable bomb loads for that distance.

The B-29 soon will be in combat, he said.

The B-29 has been developed by the Boeing Aircraft Co. in close cooperation with the AAF and its materiel command.

Congressmen Inspect

At his press conference on 4 Nov., Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson revealed that a group from the House Military Affairs Committee will make an inspection trip through the Caribbean area, the Panama Canal and South America, at an unreported time in the near future. The members going are Representatives Matthew J. Merritt, N. Y.; John M. Costello, Calif.; Carl T. Durham, N. C.; Robert L. Sikes, Fla.; Dewey Short, Mo.; LeRoy Johnson, Calif.

New Infantryman Badges

Under an order announced by the War Department 4 Nov. two badges have been authorized.

One is the Expert Infantryman Badge bearing a miniature silver rifle mounted on an infantry blue field with silver border, three inches long and one-half inch wide. The other is the Combat Infantryman Badge of similar design with wreath added.

Officers and men of the infantry who attain established proficiency standards or whose action in combat is rated satisfactory are eligible for the first award. The Combat Infantryman Badge is reserved for those whose conduct in combat is exemplary or whose combat action occurs in a major operation.

If 65 per cent of the men and officers of a company, battalion or regiment win the Expert Infantryman Badge, the unit guidon, color, or standard will carry a white streamer proclaiming in blue letters the unit award. When 65 per cent of the personnel are awarded the Combat Infantryman Badge, the unit streamer will also tell the story.

Announcing the new badges, the Secretary of War said:

"When you see that badge on a uniform, or later on a civilian coat, you see a man."

Create Alaska Department

The War Department announced today severance of the Alaska Defense Command from the Western Defense Command, and its official redesignation as the Alaskan Department.

Lt. Gen. Simon B. Buckner, commanding general of the Alaska Defense Command since 22 July, 1940, remains as commander of the new department.

At headquarters of the new department, General Buckner considered the establishment of the Alaskan Department as a long step in the prosecution of the war. He viewed the department as a defensive bulwark against future wars in the Pacific.

In a statement issued 2 Nov., General Buckner, whose troops on Attu are less than 800 miles from Japan's Kuriles Islands, argued that Japan be occupied by land.

"You've got to march into a country to make them realize their complete defeat," he stated. "March troops in and the Japanese children will see them and they will remember."

Pointing to the mistake made by not following General Pershing's advice that the Allies enter Berlin in 1918, General Buckner said:

"Loss of a few thousand men in invading Japan would be insurance against the loss of millions in a next war. We'll be better friends afterwards. They'll respect us. They understand force."

Army Casualties and Prisoners

The War Department this week announced the names of 223 officers and enlisted men killed in action, 70 who have died in Japanese prison camps, 107 wounded in action, 731 missing in action and 154 held as prisoners of war by the enemy. Of these last 115 are interned by Germany and 39 were held by Italy before the capitulation, no further information on their status having yet been received.

KILLED IN ASIATIC AREA

Officer Personnel
1st Lt. R. F. Cole 2nd Lt. R. A. McCarthy
1st Lt. D. Manley 2nd Lt. R. E. Miller
1st Lt. C. T. Schupansky

Enlisted Personnel
S. Sgt. W. Bernert T. Sgt. V. J. Pizzotto
T. Sgt. L. A. Granger, Ferrato
jr.

KILLED IN EUROPEAN AREA

Officer Personnel
1st Lt. W. L. Minnich 1st Lt. E. J. Sierens
1st Lt. E. I. Finneburgh 1st Lt. N. J. Evensen
1st Lt. J. L. Voehring
2nd Lt. J. P. Ragsdale, jr. 2nd Lt. R. M. Sheldon

Enlisted Personnel
T. Sgt. W. H. Hulien S. Sgt. R. L. Gaston
S. Sgt. R. L. Austin S. Sgt. B. D. Ray
S. Sgt. F. A. Mirabal S. Sgt. E. M. Johnson
T. Sgt. L. Helton S. Sgt. S. J. Klingler
S. Sgt. F. W. Tyche S. Sgt. E. J. Minehan
S. Sgt. C. T. Daniels S. Sgt. S. A. Dorko

MISSING IN MEDITERRANEAN AREA

Maj. L. E. Jarnagin 2nd Lt. D. R. Wenger
1st Lt. M. Faust 2nd Lt. D. R. Williams
2nd Lt. R. A. Rooney 2nd Lt. V. M. Bowman
1st Lt. J. Banicki 1st Lt. L. D. Ogle
1st Lt. H. G. Hogan 1st Lt. J. Carparelli
1st Lt. B. B. Burnstad 2nd Lt. J. L. Winney
1st Lt. H. C. Estep 2nd Lt. J. W. Burris
1st Lt. A. W. Siegfried 2nd Lt. C. A. Dubinski
1st Lt. J. F. Shirk 2nd Lt. H. E. Redding
1st Lt. J. D. Trnett Capt. E. Cundiff
1st Lt. H. C. DeLury Capt. R. W. Haper
2nd Lt. C. W. Strunk 2nd Lt. L. B. Jensen
1st Lt. D. Y. Medlen 2nd Lt. C. A. Brown
2nd Lt. C. B. Reeder
1st Lt. S. M. Wells

MISSING IN SOUTHWEST PACIFIC AREA

Capt. C. K. Framp-ton 2nd Lt. F. M. Moss
1st Lt. J. X. Farrar 2nd Lt. K. G. Bennett
1st Lt. W. G. Purdy FO G. H. Grey
1st Lt. C. E. Bateson, III FO K. D. Kirschner
2nd Lt. L. K. Danks, jr. 1st Lt. P. S. Lamos
1st Lt. H. E. Rich 2nd Lt. W. E. Ellison
FO D. K. McNeft 1st Lt. A. W. Elvers
2nd Lt. A. J. Lavedan 2nd Lt. S. J. Bucki
2nd Lt. W. K. Murray 2nd Lt. F. M. Hill
1st Lt. C. J. Fisher
2nd Lt. J. Rothenberg 2nd Lt. V. H. Whistler
2nd Lt. E. J. Crews 1st Lt. M. L. Green
2nd Lt. L. A. Cleveland 1st Lt. W. A. Shephard
2nd Lt. C. E. Konkle

INTERNEED BY GERMANY

1st Lt. E. Y. Hooper, jr. 2nd Lt. J. E. Pronck
1st Lt. J. H. Baillie 2nd Lt. J. A. Roe
2nd Lt. E. P. Horn 2nd Lt. R. M. Rosenberg
FO J. H. Thompson 2nd Lt. S. Trauner
1st Lt. W. J. Greiner 1st Lt. H. E. Redding
2nd Lt. O. D. Huff 2nd Lt. C. J. Wolf
1st Lt. L. E. Pape from
1st Lt. T. D. Pelfer 1st Lt. L. R. Wolford
2nd Lt. D. E. Phillips 2nd Lt. F. C. Coon
1st Lt. H. L. Ayres FO E. E. Pickard
1st Lt. P. R. Englert 2nd Lt. F. L. Boyer
2nd Lt. C. F. Veach 2nd Lt. L. W. Bughman
1st Lt. J. D. Boston 2nd Lt. J. E. Eberle
2nd Lt. W. J. Frazier 2nd Lt. W. B. Holand
2nd Lt. E. W. Hasson 2nd Lt. E. K. Thomas, jr.
1st Lt. G. A. Tyler 2nd Lt. T. M. Caldwell
2nd Lt. H. S. Walker 2nd Lt. B. M. Elms
1st Lt. G. W. Crockett, jr. 2nd Lt. H. C. Gage
1st Lt. E. A. Wick FO J. D. McCoy
2nd Lt. R. T. Murden 2nd Lt. W. Foote
2nd Lt. A. E. Cope-land FO A. B. Lemley
1st Lt. V. E. Fleunup 2nd Lt. R. J. Merriam
2nd Lt. E. A. Gassimatis 1st Lt. B. F. Miller
1st Lt. M. M. Jones 2nd Lt. W. E. Bohan
1st Lt. J. T. Carter aachtschneider
FO M. A. Bowen 1st Lt. W. A. Van Abel
2nd Lt. M. R. Damato Lt. Col. J. D. Stevenson
2nd Lt. A. B. Masson
2nd Lt. J. M. Pearson

INTERNEED BY ITALY

2nd Lt. M. J. Williams 2nd Lt. P. K. Van Oordt
2nd Lt. P. Sager, jr. 2nd Lt. E. P. Phillips
2nd Lt. F. E. Newton 1st Lt. D. E. Coffee
2nd Lt. D. H. Porter

KILLED IN MEDITERRANEAN AREA

Officer Personnel
2nd Lt. C. J. Frame 1st Lt. R. W. Parker
1st Lt. S. L. Torger-son 2nd Lt. J. Bradley
2nd Lt. W. R. Jackson Capt. C. M. Merwin
1st Lt. J. A. Conrady 1st Lt. G. W. Proctor
Capt. L. J. Rex 2nd Lt. J. J. Pyles, jr.
1st Lt. H. L. Buckley 1st Lt. J. A. Heddes
1st Lt. C. A. McCauley 2nd Lt. K. W. Wodenschek
Maj. A. S. Wright 2nd Lt. D. A. Goldberd
2nd Lt. W. A. Peters Capt. O. N. McCain
Lt. Col. J. G. Nelms 2nd Lt. H. E. Wallace
2nd Lt. J. Gregson
2nd Lt. J. M. DuBose

Enlisted Personnel
S. Sgt. E. L. Toburen S. Sgt. R. Blackburn
S. Sgt. E. R. Engstrom S. Sgt. A. E. Moore
1st Sgt. B. P. Murphy T. Sgt. J. T. Westmoreland
S. Sgt. W. S. Beard Sgt. M. Hernandez
1st Sgt. E. L. Rouse
(Please turn to Page 287)



OVERCOATS

To keep you warm and comfortable through the most severe winter!

NEW REGULATION SHORT OVERCOAT

30 oz. BEAVER.....\$42.50

30 oz. BEAVER.....\$45.00

(With quilted satin yoke and full satin body lining)

CUSTOM TAILORED to Individual Measurements.....\$49.50

LONG OVERCOATS, 30 oz. Beaver.....\$65.00 & \$70.00

TRENCH COATS

With detachable wool lining

COTTON GABARDINE.....\$22.50

(This coat unlined).....\$16.50

WOOL GABARDINE.....\$38.75

DE LUXE Wool Gabardine.....\$54.50

CAPS

SERVICE Caps.....\$5.00 to \$15.00

GARRISON Caps.....\$2.50

ALLIGATOR RAINCOATS \$10.00

Sizes 34 to 46—Shorts, Regulars and Longs.


Complete price list of Officers' Uniforms and Equipment on request.

SINCE 1902

Rosenfield
UNIFORM COMPANY
15 SCHOOL ST., BOSTON
TEN DOORS BELOW CITY HALL

OPEN DAILY 9:00 A.M. TO 8:00 P.M.
MONDAY EVENING UNTIL 8:30 P.M.

3



It is no secret that millions of dollars are today *needlessly* tied up in "excessive work in progress inventories", "useless out of balance items" and "over-produced parts stocks". Yes, and even unauthorized overstocks of some completed items, too.

The Army Ordnance Department, realizing the obvious danger of having so much capital tied up unnecessarily, has issued the above booklet to all Ordnance Contractors . . . clearly showing the vital necessity for *iron-clad control* of inventories.

Since 1939, the Eclipse Machine Division (Bendix Aviation Corporation) has operated a Kardex Parts and Materials

Control System with great success. The flexibility of this efficient system has enabled it to operate highly satisfactorily through the change-over to the heavy stress of current wartime conditions . . . without disturbing its basic operating principles of speed and rigid control.

For many years Kardex Visible Systems, with the exclusive Graph-A-Matic signal, have supplied accurate Material and Production Controls for countless

manufacturers and distributors in every branch of industry.

Backed with this rich heritage of experience, Kardex is successfully meeting the challenge of today's unique wartime production set-up. A Remington Rand Systems and Methods Technician is at your service to tackle...and *so/ve*...any production or inventory control problem. Why not call him in for a non-obligatory discussion *now*?

REMINGTON RAND

BUFFALO 3, NEW YORK

THE UNITED STATES NAVY and MARINE CORPS

Navy Heads Honored

Colleges and universities in the 4th Naval District have conferred on directing heads of the V-12 Program recognition in the form of honorary degrees for their planning and execution of the program.

Rear Adm. Randall Jacobs, Chief of Naval Personnel, was awarded the degree of LLD by Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pa., on 23 Oct. The degree was presented by President Arnaud C. Marts, presently captain, USCGR, on active duty.

Rear Adm. L. E. Denfeld, the Assistant Chief of Naval Personnel, and Capt. B. L. Canaga, director of the Training Division of the Bureau, were similarly honored by Muhlenberg College at commencement exercises at Allentown on 24 Oct. Presentation of LLD's was made by Dr. Levering Tyson, President of the college.

On 31 Oct. Adm. Jacobs was awarded a doctorate at the hands of Dr. T. A. Distler, president of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, as was Captain William W. Behrens, officer in charge of the Administration Section, Training Division.

Savannah Damaged

The light cruiser Savannah, commanded by Capt. Robert W. Cary, USN, was damaged during the Salerno landings when she suffered a bomb hit atop a gun turret, the Navy Department announced this week.

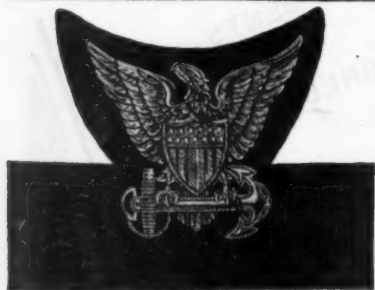


Illustration 1/2 Actual Size

COAST GUARD OFFICERS CAP DEVICE

U.S.C.G. regulation all-metal construction; for a life time of satisfaction backed by an unconditional guarantee demand "VIKING" quality.

Mounted complete on finest mohair band black ready to attach to your present cap. Look for the name "VIKING" on the back—on sale at Ship's Service Stores. Post Exchanges and Certified Dealers.



Trade Mark Registered

HILBORN-HAMBURGER, INC.
NEW YORK

Manufacturers to the Trade of Dependable Military Equipment

Marine Enlistment Extensions

Marine Corps Headquarters has issued the following instructions regarding reenlistments and extensions of enlistment in the Marine Corps:

The provisions of Article 2-31(2), MCM, that extensions of enlistment must be entered into prior to or at the expiration of original enlistment, will be modified at an early date. Pending such change, enlisted men of the regular Marine Corps who are authorized to extend their enlistments under the provisions of A1 Nav. 155, 1941, may do so irrespective of the date of expiration of the original enlistment. When such extensions are executed on a date subsequent to the expiration of original enlistment, they will be effective from the date of execution.

Enlisted men of the regular Marine Corps and of the Marine Corps Reserve who are authorized to reenlist under the provisions of A1 Nav. 155, 1941, may do so irrespective of the date of expiration of the original enlistment. When such reenlistments are executed on a date subsequent to the date of original enlistment, they will be effective from the date of execution.

Enlisted men desiring to reenlist and extend their enlistment under this authority will be advised that for the purpose of payment of enlistment allowance no credit is allowed for fractional parts of a year. A full year must be completed including time lost, to entitle a man on reenlistment or extension of enlistment to the allowance for each year of service.

Enlisted men of the Regular Marine Corps whose enlistments expire and who are authorized to be reenlisted will be permitted to reenlist in the Regular Marine Corps but will not be permitted to reenlist in the Reserve.

Enlisted men of Class 1(c), Marine Corps Reserve, who are authorized to reenlist will not be reenlisted in Class 1(c) but will be permitted to enlist in Class 3(b), Volunteer Marine Corps Reserve, or in the Regular Marine Corps.

Revise Shipbuilding Plans

To redistribute manpower now being used on naval construction projects and to revise the naval program in the light of war developments, Secretary of the Navy Knox stated late last week, the Navy Department intends to revamp its construction plans.

Because of the probable early stressing of all-out war in the Pacific, a large increase in naval repair facilities on the West Coast is a certainty.

To change over from construction work to the establishment of the necessary repair installations, contracts for the building of three cruisers, seven destroyers, and nine fleet tugs have been transferred to east coast shipbuilding branches of nationwide corporations. As work on these ships has not been started on the west coast no lost motion is involved in the transfer. Contracts on 75 minor craft have been cancelled.

Because of the favorable turn in anti-submarine warfare in the Atlantic and the need of increasing amphibious equipment of all types for landing and other purposes, part of the naval program has been cancelled through the deletion of certain types of ships in varying numbers, Mr. Knox said. Contracts for the following, none of which are yet under construction, have been voided: 305 destroyers; 60 patrol-craft escorts of the 180-foot type; 50 patrol craft of the 173-foot type; and 12 sub-chasers of the 110-foot class.

The Navy Department is emphasizing

that the transfer of some contracts and the cancellation of others will not decrease the work that is to be done on the West Coast. It will call simply for a reassignment of construction workers.

Sea Service Casualties

Casualties in the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard, announced from 26 Oct. through 6 Nov., inclusive, brought the total since the war began to 12,306 dead, 5,524 wounded, 9,055 missing and 4,189 prisoners of war.

Announcements this week include the following:

SAFE OFFICER PERSONNEL

U. S. Naval Reserve

*Ens. E. A. Conlon *Lt. Al. D. Trewitt

DEAD OFFICER PERSONNEL

U. S. Naval Reserve

Ens. F. R. A. *Lt. S. W. Smith, Jr.

*Lt. Comdr. G. M. MC Carnochan

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

1st Lt. C. Van Housen, Jr.

U. S. Coast Guard Reserve

Ens. H. F. Wells

ENLISTED PERSONNEL

U. S. Navy

F2c D. V. Brewster *S1c G. Kostopolus, Jr.

MM2c J. W. Broadbent *S1c V. Leslie

Cox J. Bullington *MMM2c H. W. Marney

*AMM2c D. R. Carmack *MM1c A. Pawlowski

*SF1c E. J. Cheek *PhM1c C. F. Phillips, Jr.

*ACMM W. H. Golder *AP1c A. A. Rittel

*Cox C. A. Haselden *S2c A. Rizak

*SM3c W. R. Hillbran *A1M2c W. O. Rude

SF2c L. M. Hoffman *CS C. F. Rupp

CTMM W. H. Holloway *MM1c C. J. Rymer

*F2c J. J. Kastelnick *RM1c H. C. Scribner

*RM3c W. P. Kazulis MM2c R. T. Smith

SF1c J. E. Kulp S2c A. P. Thatcher, Jr.

GMIc H. S. Wisniewski

U. S. Naval Reserve

S1c R. Albert S2c E. H. Lingusky

SdM3c D. B. Blackmon S2c W. J. Loggie

GM3c W. J. Brisson S2c B. A. Mankus

S2c F. W. Buchert *E1M2c C. A. McLellan

*S1c N. Du Vie E1M2c R. G. Mitchell, Jr.

*SM3c A. A. Figueiredo S2c C. W. Morris

RT1c R. W. Folts *S1c E. C. Patton

*S1c W. P. Fountaine F1c C. H. Radie

*S1c R. E. Goodman S2c J. C. Robinson

F1c H. E. Hill S2c A. E. Rose

FCM3c H. Hubbs, Jr. E1M3c L. A. Schliebe

S2c W. J. Hull *ACRM R. C. Scott

*MMM2c T. C. Hunter *S1c J. E. Shinkonis

E1M1c H. L. Johnson *S1c F. A. Spaulding

GM3c S. E. Kras *F2c M. H. Streets

S1c V. E. Latham RM2c J. D. Sumner, Jr.

U. S. Marine Corps

Pfc. J. M. Lashley Pvt. R. E. Walrath

Cpl. A. K. Olen Pfc. R. O. Watkins

Pvt. E. L. Miller Pfc. F. R. Runyan

Pfc. R. Nay, Jr. Pfc. H. E. Schlottman

Pvt. R. E. Owens Pfc. H. E. Shafer

Pvt. G. H. Peacock, Jr.

U. S. Coast Guard

RM1c M. A. Garlock, Jr.

U. S. Coast Guard Reserve

S2c M. P. Baronien Y2c F. L. Ruckert, Jr.

Jr. S2c D. A. Sexton

Cox S. T. Bubeck S2c M. Yaksic

WOUNDED OFFICER PERSONNEL

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

1st Lt. R. V. Simpson

MISSING OFFICER PERSONNEL

U. S. Navy

Lt. J. W. Castello

U. S. Naval Reserve

Lt. A. S. Brenner Ens. E. J. Lewis

Lt. (jg) J. C. Landers Lt. (jg) R. M. McGann

Lt. J. P. Lawton Ens. C. P. Sosnoski

U. S. Marine Corps

2nd Lt. V. G. Ray

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

2nd Lt. J. T. Hall 1st Lt. J. W. Pettit

1st Lt. F. P. Logan

*Previously reported Missing.

†Previously reported Wounded.

May Sell Officers' Effects

The Marine Barracks at Quantico, Va., has arranged for the sale of deceased Marine Corps officers' military effects. Only those effects authorized for use or wear by Marine Corps regulations will be sold. Articles offered for sale may be addressed prepaid to the Officers' Effects Sales Office, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va. A complete list of the contents of the package or container must accompany the effects and the price expected for

each article must be plainly marked.

Military effects tagged for sale at a given price will be held for a period of thirty days at that price. After that time they will be sold for the most advantageous price obtainable.

Navy Retirements

The following retirements of officers of the Navy became effective 1 Nov. 1943:

Age 64 Years

Vice Adm. Adolphus Andrews.

For Physical Disability

Rear Adm. R. M. Brainard.

Capt. A. D. Denny.

Capt. P. H. Hammond.

Lt. Comdr. J. E. Root, Jr.

Lt. Comdr. W. G. Russell.

Lt. Comdr. T. P. Sharkey, USNR.

Lt. Comdr. S. B. Smith.

Lt. Comdr. F. B. Stephens.

Lt. S. C. French, USNR.

Lt. S. C. Urpin, USNR.

Lt. (jg) L. P. Mooney, USNR.

Ens. G. F. Child, USNR.

Ens. W. L. Clymer, USNR.

Ens. R. A. Escher, USNR.

Ens. V. J. Koehler.

Ens. M. Ring.

Capt. O. Wildman, (MC).

Lt. R. K. Arisman, MC-V(8), USNR.

Lt. C. G. Keigwin, MC-V(8), USNR.

Comdr. C. W. Stevenson, (SC).

Lt. Comdr. E. Nixon, (SC).

Chf. Bosn. D. W. Cardell.

A. P. C. A. Erickson

Bosn. J. Baldwin.

Bosn. M. R. Pyle.

Bosn. C. M. Robinett.

Elect. J. W. Savage.

Gun. P. A. Griffin.

Mach. O. C. Palmer.

Advances On Retired List

Capt. R. S. Field, USN-Ret.

Lt. Comdr. J. D. Greene, (SC) USNR-Ret.

Chf. Carp. H. C. Brown, USN-Ret.

Chf. Carp. R. B. Wells, USN-Ret.

Lt. H. B. R. Jorgensen, USN-Ret.

Rad. Elect. A. W. Warren, USN-Ret.

VITAL INFORMATION is in every issue of the Army and Navy Journal. Prompt renewal of your subscription will insure you against missing copies.

ELECTRIC BOAT CO.

Main Office: 33 Pine St., New York, N. Y.

NEW LONDON SHIP AND ENGINE WORKS

GROTON, CONN.

Shipbuilders and Engineers

Specialties

SUBMARINES

Diesel Engines Nelsco Evaporators

ELECTRO DYNAMIC WORKS

Bayonne, N. J.

"Quality for Half a Century"

Motors and Generators

All Types

For every Marine Application

ELCO YACHT AND NAVAL DIVISION

BAYONNE, NEW JERSEY

Motor Torpedo Boats • Submarine Chasers
Motor Yachts • Cruisers • Marine Engines
Designs • Construction • Repair and Storage
Established in 1892



U.S. NAVY BADGES

AIR CREW MEMBER

SUBMARINE COMBAT PATROL

SUBMARINE MEDICAL OFFICER

available for immediate delivery

N. S. MEYER, Inc.

419 4TH AVE., NEW YORK

MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTIONS

Special Military Rates For Men In the Service

Here Are Some "Special Military Rates" All One Year

AMERICAN	\$2.00	LIFE	\$3.50
CORONET	1.50	NEWS WEEK	3.50
COLLIER'S	2.00	READER'S DIGEST	1.50
ESQUIRE	3.50	SATURDAY EVENING POST	2.00
FORTUNE	4.00	SKYWAYS	2.00
LOOK	2.00	TIME	3.50
LIBERTY	1.75	RED BOOK	2.00

We are Authorized Representatives for EVERY MAGAZINE Published.

DETACHMENT COMMANDERS:—Send Us Your Order for Magazines for Your Unit—and Recreation Rooms. Service Guaranteed and Everywhere.

SUBSCRIPTIONS SENT OVERSEAS

ORDER YOUR XMAS GIFT SUBSCRIPTIONS NOW

Send your order to:

SHEPARD W. DAVIS

Authorized Representative

Military Department, 30 Bay Street, Staten Island 1, N. Y.

War Program

(Continued from First Page)

Lt. Gen. Alexander Archer Vandegrift who led the Marine assault on Guadalcanal.

Col. Merritt A. Edson who successfully defended the seized Henderson Field on Guadalcanal against great odds.

Lt. Col. Harold W. Bauer, who again and again took the air against superior Jap forces and on one occasion engaged an entire squadron alone, downing four Jap planes before he was himself forced down by lack of fuel. Colonel Bauer is missing in action.

Maj. Joseph Jacob Foss, ace, who downed 26 Jap planes.

Maj. John L. Smith, whose squadron destroyed 83 enemy planes over Guadalcanal in 25 days. He himself accounted for 16 Jap aircraft.

Maj. Kenneth D. Bailey, who gave his life after leading his company against the Jap attackers of Henderson Field, covering the withdrawal of the main American force and fighting the enemy hand to hand for 10 hours.

Maj. Robert E. Galer, whose squadron downed 27 enemy planes in 29 days.

Capt. James E. Swett, air fighter against odds, ace.

Capt. Richard E. Fleming, who after leading daring attacks on enemy warships gave his life to place his bombs alongside a Jap battleship.

1st Lt. (then Pl. Sgt.) Mitchell Paige, who held out against the enemy alone after all his men were killed or wounded on Guadalcanal, manning machine gun after gun, finally joining reinforcements in a bayonet charge on the Japs.

1st Lt. George M. Cannon, who lost his life defending his post at the battle of Midway.

Pl. Sgt. John Basilone, who held off almost single-handed overwhelming Jap attacks until assistance arrived.

Sgt. Clyde Thompson, who after heroic exploits in the Makin raid, died in action.

Leader of the fighting Marines is Lt. Gen. Thomas Holcomb, 17th Commandant and the first to hold rank higher than major general. The genial, pipe-smoking chief Marine speaks Chinese fluently and

is an expert rifleman to boot.

Veteran of a half dozen major engagements in France and recipient of decorations galore, General Holcomb became commandant 1 Dec. 1936 and was reappointed 1 Dec. 1940.

The Marine Corps is divided into seven branches, but men of every branch are expected to be fighters. As the Marines put it:

"Every Marine, regardless of his training, is potentially a fighting man—a Marine first, a specialist later."

And each of the branches—aviation, line, mess, musician, paymaster, quartermaster and communications—have their own stories of bravery and efficiency to tell.

Aviation can with some justice claim the first dive-bombing. In Haiti in 1919 and 1920 the Marines introduced a modified form of dive bombing, doing the best they could with the planes of that era. A Marine pilot, also, was the first man to catapult a plane from a warship under way.

Artillerymen speak with pride of the compliment unwittingly paid by a Japanese officer captured on Guadalcanal. Brought before questioners, the Jap, speaking in perfect English, pleaded:

"Before you kill me," he said, thinking judgment was to be passed upon him, "I have one request to make. Please let me see your automatic artillery."

His interrogators were amazed. They knew their unit was good and their batteries capable of a very high rate of fire,

but they hadn't realized that it was virtually magical to the enemy.

Names in the News

Vice Adm. Adolphus Andrews, USN, relieved 1 Nov. as commander of the Eastern Sea Frontier, received from Mayor Fiorello H. La Guardia at City Hall, New York, last Saturday a certificate for distinguished public service in recognition of his work in making the nearby waters safe against enemy attack on shipping.

Rear Adm. Robert A. Theobald, commandant of the 1st Naval District, Boston, telling of the amazing repair job done on an American destroyer which was cut in two during the African campaign, said that the vessel which is almost ready to go into battle again, was taken into Casablanca Harbor after she had been hit and that repair crews, working with greatly limited facilities removed an eighty-foot section, "hitched" the vessel together and sent her back to this country under her own power. She even provided convoy service to other vessels on the return trip.

Maj. Paul Sampson, a Fifth Army surgeon, recently performed one of the most delicate operations ever done under field conditions—removing one lung of a German soldier wounded by shell fragments in the chest.

Sgt. Edward A. Yost, commander; Cpl. Alvin B. Johnson, gunner; Pfc. Joseph B. O'Bryan, assistant gunner; Pfts. Claude and Clyde Stokes, twins, driver and ammunition loader respective-

ly, and S.Sgt. R. G. Murphy, the tank destroyer unit's motor sergeant, observer, were members of a tank destroyer crew which destroyed five German tanks and blew up an ammunition carrier with the first seven shots they fired in action in Italy.

Lt. Robert Pershing Williams, USNR, pilot of a Grumman Avenger bomber attached to one of the Navy's new escort aircraft carriers assigned to anti-submarine patrol and escort duty in the Atlantic, during a period of six weeks destroyed two U-boats, bombed another in to such helplessness that it was readily sent to the bottom by another plane and possibly damaged a fourth undersea raider. His radioman, who also serves as photographer during the anti-submarine missions, is ARM1c M. C. Grinstead, USN, AMM2c Melvin H. Paden, USN, is turret gunner.



BRIDGE REPAIRS • PAPER MILLS • TEXTILE MILLS • FOOD CAN BLANKETS
STEEL ERECTION • TRUSS ERECTION • BRIDGE REPAIRS • BRIDGE REPAIRS
UPPER LIPS • BRIDGE REPAIRS • BRIDGE REPAIRS • BRIDGE REPAIRS

Have a "Coke" = Haere Mai! (BE WELCOME)



...or how to be neighbors in New Zealand

There are several ways for the Yank to be welcomed in New Zealand. But no quicker way to win and hold friends than to say *Have a "Coke"*. For this cheery invitation is welcomed in Wellington as in Wilkes-Barre. It says, *Put 'er there*, in any land. From the equator to the poles Coca-Cola stands for *the pause that refreshes*,—the tie that binds good neighbors all over the world.



"Coke" = Coca-Cola

It's natural for popular names to acquire friendly abbreviations. That's why you hear Coca-Cola called "Coke".

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN,
President and Publisher

LEROY WHITMAN,
Editor

Advertising Rates on Request
Member of the Audit Bureau of Circulation
Foreign postage \$1 additional per year

Published Every Saturday by the

Army and Navy Journal, Inc.

1701 Connecticut Avenue Northwest,
Washington 9, D. C.

Representatives:

Hil F. Best
602 Transportation
Bldg.
131 W. Lafayette St.
Detroit 26, Mich., R.A.
7298, and 540 North
Michigan Avenue
Chicago 11, Ill.—Sup.
2141
Forrest H. Riordan
5915 Webster Street
Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr. Murray Bothwell
Nourse Associates
412 West Sixth Street
Los Angeles, Cal-
ifornia
Vandike 5875
Ernest W. Mandeville
Room 1307, 32 Broad-
way, New York City
Tel.: Whitehall 4-
7245

"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1933.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1943

"There is no branch of the service that deserves more credit than the submarine service. One man can lose a ship."—ADMIRAL ERNEST J. KING.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Victory.
2. Assurance now that personnel and equipment for our land, sea, and air forces will be maintained after the present war at such strength as the responsible heads of those Services determine necessary to assure this nation against future aggressors.
3. Protection of Service personnel, active and retired, against undue reductions in their pay through imposition of the Victory tax and income taxes.
4. Institution of studies looking toward the protection and development of just post-war systems of promotion for personnel of the permanent establishments.
5. Strengthening of the post war status of the National Guard and Reserves to assure their efficiency and permanency with continuance of full training facilities after the war.
6. Upward revision of pension scales to assure Service widows a living income.
7. Compensation for Service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.

If any one thinks the Infantry is submerged in official estimates of the value of the different Arms of our National Forces, we commend to him the address delivered by Lt. Col. Stephen T. Early, Secretary to the President, before the Graduating Class of the Infantry School at Fort Benning on 27 October. This able member of the Staff of the Commander-in-Chief paid deserved tributes to the Air, the Tanks and the Armored Force and their power and gallant performance, but to him the Infantry continues to be the proud Queen of Battle, and in the current global struggle is the "secret weapon" about which there has been the least talk and on which we depend the most. His description of it was graphic—"the same old dependable, mud slogging, jungle hunting, mountain climbing Infantry which closes with the enemy, meets him in hand to hand conflict, kills him or drives him backward, and seizes the ground which the airplane and the warship and the production plants at home may have enabled the doughboy to reach, but which *only* he can take and hold." Further to him this "secret weapon" is "a formula of American spirit, courage and ingenuity plus the best training in the world to make the mainstay of the American fighting machine." Not content to present his own estimate of this power in our Establishments, he quoted laudations from General Eisenhower, General Stilwell and the seeing-eye reporter Ernie Pyle, and cited the heroic deeds of Infantrymen in temperate Sicily, on bleak fog-ridden, frozen Attu, and in the malaria infested jungle of Guadalcanal. Throughout the address we note the pride of Arm—Colonel Early graduated as a Second Lieutenant of Infantry from the First Officer Training Camp in 1917, served with the 317th Machine Gun Company in France, was promoted to be Captain because of efficiency in command, was attached to the Staff of General Pershing, received the much coveted silver citation for meritorious service, and in further recognition of his achievements, was appointed a Lieutenant Colonel. There is to be noted also in the address the keen observation of a crack reporter, and the accurate evaluator of the military intelligence which passes over his desk at the White House. Thus in speaking before his son who is treading in his footsteps, and to that son's fellow graduates, he drew from the well of personal experience and knowledge. It follows as a result that the Infantry no longer can be regarded as the Forgotten Arm.

THE thrashing which Tokyo radio admits a task force of our Fleet of inferior fire power administered to Japanese Naval vessels off Bougainville early this week, is further evidence of what our fighting men know—that we are the superior of the Nip on the sea and land and in the sky. Tokyo allows that one cruiser and two destroyers were sunk in this action. We know more were sunk and that we did not lose a single ship. Nor is this the only doleful tale that probably is concealed from the people of our Far Eastern enemy. In the Solomons, from Guadalcanal to Bougainville, on Papua, and in the Aleutians, our Army and Marine Corps have out-fought them hand to hand in their own type of warfare. Fliers of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps over the Central, South, and Southwest Pacific—Rabaul is the latest achievement—over China and Burma, have inflicted amazingly disproportionate losses against their best trained and experienced airmen. On the water, from Coral Sea and Midway to the many successful actions in the Solomons, the United States Navy has battered and put to flight every element of the Japanese Navy which was sighted. Besides the fine performance of our fighting forces, the services which support our front lines have shown that they, too, are better in medical care, supply of food and ammunition, and repair and maintenance—and this in spite of the long lines of communications we must keep open for such services. In addition, our submarines are whittling down the Jap shipping facilities and making it harder for them to wage war so far from base. The time must arrive with our aggressive tactics when the special reliance of that enemy—his battle fleet—must face the music of our guns. General MacArthur and Admiral Halsey are taunting that fleet to take to the open Pacific and fight. But Tojo's strategy is that of the Russo-Japanese war, to keep the Fleet in its home waters and meet us at a point of his choosing. He may be assured this prospect does not alarm the great machine we have developed in the Pacific, now that the Italian Navy is in our hands and German sea power, seriously crippled, is far inferior to the forces of the United States and Great Britain.

Service Humor

Come Again

The disconsolate private approached his sergeant. His face was sad and his shoulders drooped. "Sergeant," he said, "you stopped me two weeks ago and told me I would make a good soldier?" The sergeant nodded. "Yep, that's right, private. And I meant it." The private gulped. "Then you won't mind if I ask a favor of ya?" "Naw," said the sergeant, "what is it?" "Well," said the private, "would ya tell me again all you said? I'm getting discouraged."

—Rangefinder.

Pfc.: "Which would you rather be in, an explosion or a collision?"

Sgt.: "A collision."

Pfc.: "Why?"

Sgt.: "Well, in a collision, there you are, but in an explosion—where are you?"

—Daily Topics.

Real Punishment

Up at Camp Blanding, Fla., a recruit was overheard talking in his sleep: "Don't kill Hitler! . . . Make him finish basic training first!"

—Daily Tropics.

Poor Shot

Two old sailors were sitting, rather uncomfortably, in what evidently had been their favorite barroom. Since their last visit the old place had been completely done over in a new art style and was now filled with gay young people. Both tars fell to reminiscing on the good old days. Said one:

"I suppose it's all right, George, the new-fashioned trappings, but I miss the old spittoon."

"Yes, Jack," answered the other, "you always did."

—5th Service Command News.

Radio Announcer: "We will now hear a short speech on how to become a Master sergeant."

Cpl.: "Damn it! Another of those mysteries."

—Contributed.

Add Signs

Sign on the sheriff's desk—"Out for lynch. Back at 1 o'clock."

—Log.

Sign on naval architect's desk: "Out for launch."

—Charlie McCarthy.

New Angle

Army Reporter: "Stop the presses. I've got the perfect story."

Army Editor: "What happened. Did a man bite a dog?"

Army Reporter: "Nope. A bull threw a lieutenant."

—Contributed.

Doctor: "Yes, it is some chronic evil which has deprived you of health and happiness."

Patient: "Shhh! for heaven's sake, speak softly—she's sitting in the room."

—Sunflower.

Good Reason

"Mr. Roeche, have you any garters on?"

"No, sir."

"And why not?"

"No socks, sir."

—Pointer.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

M. F. B.—General Mallin Craig, USA-Ret., is on active duty as head of the "Craig Board" which handles appointments to commissions, reclassification of officers and related personnel matters. He holds rank of full general, having served as Chief of Staff from 2 Oct. 1935 to 31 Aug. 1939. An Academy graduate, he was appointed 2nd Lt. Infantry, 26 April 1898.

H. V. L. and R. L. C.—The Comptroller has held (decision B-32874) that "neither an officer nor an enlisted man is entitled to rental or quarters allowance on account of a wife while she is furnished public quarters at government expense or, in lieu thereof, is paid quarters or rental allowance." In further answer to H. V. L. if an officer is assigned suitable quarters he may not usually give them up and draw allowance in lieu. Talk to your CO on this point.

A.D.M.—Naturally no procedures have yet been set up regarding assignment of personnel to armies of occupation in Italy or Germany. Applications for transfer are not desired at this time and the occupation of an enemy country, initially, at least, will be made by the troops who were engaged in its subjugation.

E.S.C.—A soldier could serve for one day before 8 Dec. 1941 and be entitled to the American Defense Service ribbon IF he on that day entered upon a 12-month tour of active federal service. It is required to earn the ribbon that a man enter upon a 12-month tour of duty at any time between 8 Sept. 1939, and 7 Dec. 1941, both dates inclusive.

H.T.D.—That part of the act of 13 June, 1940, which permits retirement of officers after 15 years' service is still operative. Applications for such retirement must of course be approved, since the retirement is not a right, and it is not believed such applications would be received favorably unless health or other pressing considerations made retirement advisable.

C.D.—You are not entitled to the Asiatic-Pacific theater ribbon.

In The Journal

10 Years Ago

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Lytle Brown are remaining in Washington and will not sail for their new station at Ft. de Lesseps, Canal Zone, until January.

25 Years Ago

The general attack of the Allies on the western front assumed the most extensive proportions yet witnessed. During the entire week the French, American, British and Belgian armies maintained a continuous offensive over virtually the whole line from the border of Holland to the front north of Verdun. In every sector of this line of some 150 miles notable advances were made.

30 Years Ago

Lt. and Mrs. Robert Henderson, USN, have, during the past week, been visiting friends in Washington. Lt. Henderson has applied for sea duty on the China Station and will leave next month for his new station. Mrs. Henderson will accompany him.

50 Years Ago

Ens. John R. Edie, USN, is a watch and division officer of the Charleston, and is maintaining the record of his family for attention to duty and strictness of discipline.

75 Years Ago

It is said that Napoleon III is inclined to permit the Marseillaise to resume its old place as the national air of France.

War Department Navy Department

OFFICIAL ORDERS

(Publication suspended for duration of War)

Marine Corps Coast Guard

WAR DEPARTMENT

Secretary of War
Henry L. Stimson

Under Secretary of War
Robert P. Patterson

Assistant Secretary of War
John J. McCloy

Assistant Secretary of War (Air)
Robert A. Lovett

Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall

Deputy Chief of Staff
Lieutenant General Joseph T. McNarney

Commanding General, Army Air Forces
General Henry H. Arnold

Commanding General, Army Ground Forces
Lieutenant General Lesley J. McNair

Commanding General, Army Service Forces
Lieutenant General Brehon B. Somervell

Army Promotions

The following temporary promotions in the Army of the United States have been announced by the War Department:

Lt. Col. to Colonel

E. A. Allen, SC
B. R. Van Lear, GSC
R. C. Aloo, Inf.
J. C. Kovarik, FD.
E. F. Heidland, CAC.
Paul Elias, CAC.
C. L. Bell, CAC.
M. C. Prichard, GSC.

Majors to Lt. Col.

D. F. Hull, Inf.
E. E. Benjamin, FD.
R. E. Wells, Inf.
A. R. Lewis, FA.
W. C. Ford, Inf.
C. M. Mount, Jr., GSC.
M. L. Devine, AUS.
E. V. Hungerford, Jr., CAC.

W. R. Dwyer, Inf.
G. E. Taylor, JAGD.
G. E. Brewer, Jr., AC.
V. Lawrence, Jr., V. AUS.
L. D. Jordan, AUS.
P. L. Weiffle, AC.
L. C. Gilbert, CE.
H. H. Rodecker, QMC.
L. Jones, AUS.

G. M. Bacharach, Inf.
J. H. Weske, Inf.
R. G. Benninger, AUS.
J. H. Saylor, Inf.
F. M. Mack, Inf.
N. A. Reynolds, IGD.
B. F. H. Cale, GSC.
R. C. Flannagan, Inf.
C. W. Coleman, AC.
R. C. McDonald, Jr., FA.

E. D. Light, CAC.
J. S. Billups, Jr., FA.
R. L. Ashworth, Inf.
J. H. Batte, CWS.
W. H. Hendrickson, Inf.
W. C. Shure, Ch.
D. S. Wenger, MC.
S. H. Ridgway, Jr., SC.

W. E. Ulmer, FA.
T. B. Quirk, QMC.
G. E. Hughes, OD.
D. M. Heaney, QMC.
A. P. Wilkinson, Inf.
C. E. Williamson, JAGD.
A. J. Tiefenbrun, CE.
A. E. Wharton, SC.
W. F. Smith, Jr., CE.

C. C. McElhany, OD.
J. W. Bidwell, Inf.
B. E. McLoughlin, Inf.
J. L. Tunstead, AUS.
W. L. G. Winter, SC.
M. Fried, SC.
A. R. Brownfield, Jr., FA.
V. G. Clark, Inf.
R. N. Anderson, FA.

M. H. Half, CAC.
R. S. LaMotte, CAC.
J. W. Kendall, CAC.
W. H. Nicolas, Ch.
E. H. T. Schechinger, CAC.
C. Santilli, CAC.
J. A. McEwan, FA.
H. Lutz, Inf.
W. F. Catron, Inf.

J. W. Davis, Inf.
C. F. Martin, CE.
E. B. de Silva, MC.
W. B. Drake, CE.
G. F. Newman, CAC.
C. E. Weller, OD.
A. L. Stegner, Inf.
P. J. Ward, Jr., CAC.

F. L. Fish, AC.
F. H. Richardson, AC.
P. P. Hartmann, AC.
R. R. Sherburne, FA.
S. F. Morrison, AC.
R. D. Tipton, AC.

J. S. Gilledge, AC
F. C. Quinlin, Inf.
R. W. Lewis, OD.
R. L. Arndall, AC.
R. F. Six, AC.
B. H. White, AC.
C. R. Carr, OD.
M. B. Burnside, SC.
J. A. O'Neill, Inf.
J. G. Jackson, AC.
W. L. H. Osborne, Inf.

R. H. Mason, AC.
J. H. Farrier, MC.
E. R. LeRoy, AUS.
R. B. McConaughy, Inf.
E. A. Fralick, CE.
L. A. Fleischmann, AC.
S. W. Griffith, AC.
D. T. Monahan, MC.
C. V. Burns, AC.
F. A. Clements, WAC.

J. J. Hurley, AC.
H. E. Peterson, AUS.
H. V. Thompson, SC.
H. E. Moredock, Jr., FA.
F. Weaver, AC.
R. H. Hancock, AC.
S. I. Fleming, DC.
T. B. Whitley, QMC.
H. G. Ford, AUS.
R. B. Rigg, Cav.

A. J. O'Callaghan, AC.
F. H. Daskow, AC.
G. W. Buchanan, AUS.
H. L. Crapson, AC.
D. B. Byrne, FA.
C. N. Wahl, MC.
P. F. Betzold, AC.
L. Foster, AUS.
P. M. Butman, AC.
J. E. Quigley, AC.

J. H. Sanford, Inf.
H. A. Randle, CAC.
J. P. Jacobsen, AC.
G. W. Haney, AC.
F. A. Haney, AC.
P. G. Horgan, AUS.
P. R. Agnew, Jr., Inf.
F. R. Courtwright, AUS.
E. L. Firth, AUS.
H. Duncanson, AUS.

J. D. Murray, AC.
M. C. Tyler, Cav.
C. P. Henderson, FA.
R. D. Luman, AC.
J. A. McVey, AC.
J. R. Frew, AUS.
H. F. Smith, AC.
S. S. Richards, AC.
R. H. Orr, AC.
T. E. Power, Inf.

J. G. Wallace, FA.
L. R. Gayden, MC.
W. F. Grubb, AC.
R. E. Phelps, FA.
J. R. Boyd, AUS.
A. P. Fuller, Cav.
I. L. Stephenson, Inf.
U. G. Bradenham, DC.
J. S. Earmann, Inf.
S. Davis, OD.

T. G. Bragg, AC.
F. H. Benteen, MC.
J. H. Malone, Inf.
C. P. Culbert, AC.
J. T. Wanat, FD.
R. D. Harris, AC.
E. F. Kealing, MC.
A. L. Tull, CE.
J. S. McCallum, AC.
A. A. Stillwell, AC.

C. E. Hanes, Inf.
M. L. Haas, QMC.
L. W. Shaw, AC.
M. S. Mount, MC.
G. R. Herrman, AC.
W. K. Pingst, AC.
R. B. Irwin, AC.
D. L. Hilton, DC.
R. B. Harris, Sn.
P. P. Harrison, FA.

J. F. Puglia, DC.
O. W. Jensen, AC.
J. B. Ziellinski, MC.
J. H. Holland, AC.
E. G. Wright, AC.
G. A. Russell, AC.
E. B. Randall, Inf.
A. R. Spraker, QMC.
E. E. Davis, AC.
R. C. Swartzfager, CAC.

L. J. Ryasny, DC.
E. E. Paul, AC.
C. N. Vaughn, Cav.
E. C. Heikilla, OD.
F. J. Hall, AC.
W. R. Blum, SC.
T. M. McAlain, AC.
A. R. Hollett, Sn.
W. K. Stewart, Jr., CAC.

B. R. Ertwine, AC.
G. J. Oia, AC.
J. F. Hollywood, AC.
J. F. Gray, AC.
J. F. Ballentine, CAC.
E. E. Stone, Jr., AC.
H. Dittman, AC.
J. M. Collins, MC.
O. S. McDowell, QMC.
W. R. Bradford, AC.

B. Schieffelin, AGD.
C. C. Morgan, AUS.
W. J. Hurt, DC.
N. D. Christian, FA.
S. K. Walborn, AC.
W. P. Myers, QMC.
J. F. Nickels, CWS.
M. L. Leven, CE.
M. L. Schueller, FA.
G. A. Klopp, AC.

C. D. Fairchild, AC.
W. B. Parsons, DC.
S. S. Wolf, QMC.
K. W. Cring, CMP.
Edw. Fortness, FD.
B. R. McConkie, CMP.
C. C. Berry, AC.
A. T. Cox, Inf.
W. H. Sykes, Jr., AC.
G. W. Durham, FD.

T. B. Mechling, CAC.
E. W. Peters, Inf.
N. Waller, CAC.
C. C. Snoddy, Jr., Cav.
J. G. White, Inf.
J. S. Taylor, TC.
T. Mohr, CWS.
B. M. Watson, TC.
C. A. Hunt, AGD.
F. E. Sanburg, CAC.

D. G. Graves, OD.
G. H. Holmes, CMP.
R. T. Dunn, Inf.
L. Panichl, SC.
H. L. Leatherman, TC.
D. J. Wilson, Inf.
H. L. Baker, AC.
W. H. Brumfield, CAC.
J. W. Cowell, TC.
H. O. Tubbs, TC.

J. C. Schilling, CAC.
S. R. Mitchell, CAC.
H. A. Nichols, AC.
W. P. Peetoom, FA.
L. C. Cooksley, QMC.
A. D. Epley, CAC.
J. R. Studwell, TC.
L. D. Fitzsimmons, CE.
F. H. Nealon, CWS.
J. Mount, AC.

R. K. Petersen, CAC.
Earl Herron, MC.
Irving Siegel, MC.
E. W. Sproul, CE.
H. C. Adkins, MC.
S. L. Adair, MC.
F. W. Ratcliff, MC.
E. D. Middletown, AUS.

H. E. Martin, MC.
R. E. Hisle, CE.
J. K. Gunby, CMP.
J. W. Gorey, Inf.
H. C. Hatchell, CAC.
E. M. Ginsburg, MC.
T. W. Parsons, SC.
H. E. Alley, FA.
L. S. Mueckey, AC.

J. R. Hewitt, CAC.
N. W. Scholle, MC.
O. S. Hendren, MC.
H. M. Griffith, MC.
R. H. Bitney, CE.
J. P. Stewart, FA.
H. V. Munger, MC.
A. M. Wilcox, Jr., AUS.

J. R. Johnston, CE.
L. Meltzer, MC.
R. R. Clark, Inf.
B. P. Rosser, SC.
T. Johnson, CAC.
A. E. Tarbox, CE.
J. K. Damon, CAC.
J. F. Cantwell, FA.
C. Stahler, Jr., MC.

A. H. Brightman, CAC.
J. M. Brockie, Jr., Inf.
A. A. Cardella, CAC.
A. V. Sapor, FA.
W. W. Bregman, CE.
S. L. Harding, CAC.
E. A. Knowe, Cav.
K. J. McCarthy, AGD.

C. G. Novis, CAC.
G. R. Santoro, MC.
M. W. Fischbein, DC.
E. Y. Stanton, MC.
F. C. Davis, Inf.
W. C. Rodman, Jr., FA.
E. J. Schert, FA.
H. Luidens, MC.

F. C. Pritchett, MC.
F. C. Redick, CE.
W. F. Vinnebeck, MC.
O. E. Todd, MC.
M. E. Belveal, Inf.
H. H. Hahner, Inf.
F. H. Nealon, CWS.
J. Mount, AC.

I. Bisenoff, Inf.
E. V. Z. Montague, CWS.
G. W. Mulliken, TC.
K. Fein, AGD.
S. T. Leonard, OD.
J. M. Nack, CE.
H. A. Cuthbertson, Inf.
S. D. Milliken, TC.

H. N. Reed, TC.
C. W. Scoville, OD.
G. G. Dickson, CAC.
H. M. Brown, TC.
J. W. White, Inf.
H. W. Daughters, TC.
L. A. Cullison, QMC.
T. I. Haley, SC.

H. E. Raffensburger, Cav.
F. I. Robinson, AC.
J. L. Knott, CWS.
S. H. Gibbons, II, FA.
R. W. Yarborough, JAGD.
F. J. Reed, CAC.
J. J. Tarney, TC.
C. D. Smith, IGD.

David Stroud, Cav.
J. H. Bowling, AC.
E. G. Schultz, CWS.
D. W. Miller, AC.
A. F. Vornahl, TC.
J. L. Jernigan, AC.
K. W. Bilby, CE.
H. J. Rontzong, AC.

G. S. Brotmarkle, FD.
S. J. Klor, MC.
I. Grody, CAC.
J. B. Mendenhall, FD.
R. C. Cochennet, AC.
E. P. Moore, AGD.
W. R. Rox, OD.
R. R. Wieland, AUS.

A. L. Harris, AUS.
J. J. Parrish, Jr., FA.
H. A. Stevens, SC.
J. H. McGuire, QMC.
W. C. Vickers, CE.
W. B. Mumpower, CE.

Write now for measurement form.
We assure a perfect military fitting by mail.

ASSOCIATED Military Stores, Inc.

DEPT. N.J., 19 W. JACKSON BLVD., CHICAGO 4, ILL.

BRANCHES: Ft. Washington, Md., Washington, D. C., Battle Creek, Mich., Holly-
ridge, N. C., Columbus, Ga., and Ft. Sumner, N. M.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Secretary of the Navy
Frank Knox

Under Secretary of the Navy
James V. Forrestal

Assistant Secretary of the Navy
Ralph A. Bard

Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Air)
Artemus L. Gates

Chief of Naval Operations and COMINCH
Admiral Ernest J. King

Chief of Staff, COMINCH
Vice Admiral Richard S. Edwards

Vice Chief of Naval Operations
Vice Admiral F. J. Horne

Deputy Chief of Naval Operations for Air
Vice Adm. John S. McCain

Commandant, U. S. Marine Corps
Lt. Gen. T. Holcomb

Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
Vice Adm. Russell R. Waesche

J. V. Mesita, AC
A. M. Foster, AC
K. D. Culbertson, AC
L. R. Brown, MAC
S. A. Palmer, OD
E. A. Rose, DC
E. Read, Jr., AC
J. E. Brewer, CE
H. E. Moore, Inf.
R. B. Moore, Inf.
R. M. Perry, AC
J. B. Wood, MC
N. O. Wahlstrom, AC
R. Peterson, AC
R. Ackroyd, CE
T. P. Wooton, CE
C. A. Grisso, AC
J. W. Cassell, Inf.
H. I. Druxman, Inf.
W. H. Parks, QMC
J. M. Thayer, CE
J. C. Garrett, AC
W. F. Ham, QMC
H. M. Everett, DC
M. A. Ross, VC
A. A. Sames, MC
C. W. Bale, MAC
C. D. Dishroon, DC
F. G. Johnson, CE
P. K. Smith, AC

(Continued on Next Page)

Send for Free Catalog
of Officers' Complete
Uniform Equipment



OFFICERS' TROUSERS

No. 25—Our very best quality 19 ounce all wool new regulation light shade Elastique. This finely woven material is yarn dyed of specially selected fabric for officers desiring a finely tailored, lasting and smart appearing trouser. They are hand shaped and hand finished, with very choice trimming. A trouser that will please the most discriminating. Tailored to your measure, in pink and green shade.

\$16.50

INSURANCE AT COST

Automobile
Household & Personal Effects
Personal Automobile Accident

UNITED SERVICES
AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION
San Antonio, Texas

Ansell, Ansell & Marshall

Attorneys at Law

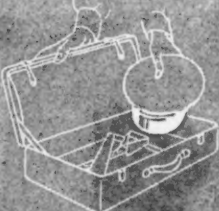
708-715 Tower Building
Washington, D. C.



The MC Flyweight CAN TAKE IT!

The Flyweight is the kind of cap that literally "rolls with the punches." Its pliant shell-cordovan visor, its flexible band, and soft tailored crown give it a comeback to rough treatment that's truly amazing. Roll it up—pack it in your bag—lean on it—the Flyweight will still retain all of its original draped smartness. And it has a hand-worked swear band of genuine calfskin that's the last word in comfort. Ask for the M-C Flyweight—you'll say it's the finest Military Cap you've ever worn.

Ask to see M-C Military Caps in all regulation materials for Officers and Enlisted Men in the Army, Navy and Marine Corps.



PACK IT!



CRUMPLE IT!



CRUSH IT!

Mid City

UNIFORM CAP COMPANY

2330 W. Cermak Road, Chicago 8, Ill.

WORLD'S LARGEST MAKERS OF QUALITY CAPS FOR OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN

Army Promotions (Continued from Preceding Page)

Capt. to Major—Cont.	
E. B. Nicholson, WAC	J. M. Baker, MC
C. M. Wolbert, MC	K. H. Hill, AC
R. Emmet, MC	M. Carlo, SC
S. M. Sheldon, AC	J. H. Watkins, CAC
H. E. Murphy, CAC	E. C. Wist, SC
H. S. Welch, MC	J. C. Ehrlich, MC
E. B. Grossman, MC	G. O. Pearson, DC
C. L. Stieg, AC	M. Klinghoffer, MC
C. H. Pederson, AC	R. W. Stratton, SC
C. W. Williamson, CE	F. F. Quist, CAC
E. E. Sunderland, AC	M. J. Luichinger, SC
R. J. Payor, AUS	R. J. Henderson, DC
V. Q. Harmon, AUS	F. G. Welch, Cav.
G. E. Morgenstern, OD	C. E. Bohnblust, SC
R. L. Thornton, AC	J. S. Herring, MC
K. D. L. Metzger, AC	W. K. Lloyd, AC
J. P. Knight, AC	J. W. Powers, SC
E. P. Kreusch, Inf.	D. D. Cattington, AC
E. E. Greiner, AC	J. White, AUS
M. S. White, MC	W. V. Ellis, II, AC
L. E. Giet, Inf.	J. J. Long, Ch.
W. A. Gore, MC	M. T. McElhone, AC
L. S. White, AC	A. H. Shimkus, WAC
E. M. Gregg, OD	J. M. Clema, SC
J. J. Stark, AC	P. B. Muller, WAC
C. C. Henton, AUS	J. G. Briner, CE
J. E. Shirley, CAC	G. M. Webster, CE
J. R. Harris, CE	F. T. Carlson, AC
L. G. Parks, SC	J. M. Howorth, AUS
C. B. Fisher, AC	C. T. Eckert, MC
R. E. Farquhar, CE	J. A. Carrigan, AC
F. C. Castagneto, AGD	H. C. Sampers, SC
L. E. Black, CE	J. M. Lohr, Inf.
M. L. Towler, MC	G. W. Greer, Jr., AGD
S. M. Moore, Cav.	R. R. Velle, Jr., CAC
J. H. Strange, CE	R. R. Huber, AC
G. B. McAllister, AC	R. C. McGinn, AC
S. T. Ellis, CE	R. C. L. Timpson, AC
W. E. Rodes, CE	C. W. Richards, Jr., SC
S. A. Montgomery, MC	K. R. Benjamin, OMC
E. Taylor, OD	H. I. Kannor, AC
J. F. Beeler, OD	S. B. Webb, AC
C. R. Day, AC	D. A. Littleton, Ch.
A. S. Gregory, CWS	E. J. Phelps, SC
J. S. Hoover, AC	J. S. Walter, SC
W. J. Retzbach, AC	V. H. Herrmann, AC
S. J. Urban, GSC	S. F. Orono, DC
E. G. Holt, Inf.	H. F. Huffaker, SC
B. S. Handy, Inf.	R. P. McClamroch, CWS
K. N. Parkinson, AC	E. W. Burgner, MC
P. W. Karr, AC	J. L. Gillen, MC
G. H. Zimm, OMC	E. A. Hamilton, SC
W. G. Hamlin, CE	R. H. Tene, CAC
W. B. Lammert, AC	W. C. Jedd, Inf.
A. C. Miller, AUS	G. H. Zimmer, MC
D. D. Lent, AC	H. T. Coe, AC
J. P. Olszewski, CE	A. M. Rose, SC
F. X. Fay, AC	M. M. Kessler, MC
R. C. Calef, AC	F. A. Potter, MC
J. C. Lemmon, AC	S. M. Stephens, VC
W. C. Nixon, OD	A. L. York, Inf.
G. F. Keres, Jr., AC	G. F. Bender, AC
A. L. Peeler, SC	W. A. Kelly, SC
H. W. Brann, AC	P. W. Goldfarb, AC
W. A. Rawl, Jr., CAC	L. L. Manning, AC
E. W. McCall, SC	R. C. Coblenz, SC
J. H. Kirkland, Inf.	M. S. Hoch, DC
D. H. Sadler, Inf.	Donald Bell, AC
S. A. Noble, Jr., AC	H. E. Reinmiller, AC
M. M. Set, AC	E. H. Hahn, Jr., CAC
L. C. Forni, Inf.	S. W. Benson, Jr., OD
D. D. Read, DC	K. M. McEldith, FC
F. A. Richard, Jr., FD	G. C. Hoffman, SC
R. E. Burnett, AC	J. C. Forni, AC
James Rivero, AC	J. B. Wernli, Inf.
T. R. Chittenden, AUS	R. D. Forman, AC
R. A. Pender, AC	J. B. Mims, VC
A. E. Walters, AC	J. H. Buie, AC
J. J. Grater, Inf.	L. H. Favrot, CE
F. E. Everett, Jr., Inf.	A. Foote, Jr., MC
E. M. Bacon, AC	G. L. Davis, SC
W. H. Parkhill, AC	A. E. McKay, AC
A. J. Burch, SC	L. L. Piche, DC
P. A. Blate, AC	R. E. Fisher, CE
	J. C. Parker, MC
	G. R. Hall, AC
	C. H. Fuller, AC
1st Lts. to Captain	
P. B. Rodgers, Jr., CE	H. H. Pickett, Inf.
J. A. C. Robinson, DC	Leon Cohen, MC
E. M. Donohue, Inf.	E. G. Gill, Jr., SC
Phorna Krygel, WAC	Z. Krieger, AC
J. M. Ritchie, CMP	D. G. Everhart, Jr., DC
E. J. Woodlin, WAC	K. P. Miller, AUS
S. A. McCool, MC	E. J. Bobowlee, DC
C. G. Miller, SC	J. H. Coakley, Inf.
A. J. Onnenhelm, FA	G. A. Kemnaster, DC
J. A. Brown, Jr., Inf.	J. A. Martin, Inf.
F. J. Reddington, OD	A. S. Lincoln, Cav.
R. G. Scofield, SC	A. P. Shewchuk, MC
A. G. Schick, DC	L. C. Doan, Inf.
G. W. Pay, CWS	O. S. Frost, FA
R. P. Ammerman, SC	E. H. McDonald, Inf.
E. H. Clarke, OD	N. Jelles, Jr., DC
F. E. Rivers, CE	J. H. Carhart, OMC
J. W. Roney, Inf.	G. H. Swails, OD
C. R. Keithly, FA	I. A. McNamara, CE
W. V. Norak, MC	M. M. Williams, MC
W. E. G. Johnson, MC	D. A. Soragne, Inf.
J. Aronow, MC	H. Radcliffe, WAC
S. Goodman, DC	C. R. Russ, DC
M. P. Charnoy, DC	R. W. Whitfield, Jr., FA
J. J. Borda, Inf.	A. V. Jones, Inf.
J. J. Alessi, MC	W. C. Dove, OMC
H. Volpe, Inf.	P. J. Bender, OD
W. F. Stanelle, MC	H. Steinberg, AGD
J. R. Edwards, Inf.	S. Z. Lintz, MC
B. Kigore, Jr., MC	L. F. Speer, WAC
N. R. Chaplin, DC	W. H. Sultemeier, OD
R. M. Farrington, WAC	F. E. Finegan, MAC
C. S. Cohen, DC	C. Ashley, AUS
G. S. Bogardus, DC	A. B. Stark, Jr., DC
R. J. Harrington, Inf.	B. Friedman, MC
W. F. Helms, OD	L. I. Ralph, MC
C. C. Pelzer, Inf.	T. T. Meehan, CE
E. F. Kennedy, FA	H. Long, CE
J. M. Hennessy, Jr., FA	N. Pfeiffer, SC
W. L. Corum, MC	W. A. Grant, AC
	J. Trane, OMC
	F. I. Cohn, MC
	J. Mosses, DC
J. E. Donlan, MC	L. A. Knight, AC
W. Z. Schwebel, MC	C. O. Shober, MAC
M. J. Lavitan, VC	K. P. Smith, OMC
W. C. Alford, Inf.	E. M. Snakenberg, SC
E. L. Eisman, DC	H. A. Stephens, Inf.
A. T. Calhoun, Inf.	R. R. Sessions, MC
G. D. Reemsnyder, CE	W. J. Marsh, Jr., OD
R. E. Herbers, OMC	A. H. James, AC
M. B. Armstrong, WAC	C. F. Smith, Ch.
M. H. Shepard, Inf.	A. C. Duncan, AC
R. W. Greenice, CMP	L. O. Pasetti, DC
L. W. Morgan, Inf.	B. T. Scoggins, CMP
J. E. White, OMC	J. C. Fleming, CE
D. B. Churchman, SC	A. E. Radford, CE
S. F. Cohen, MC	N. L. Fugate, CE
M. D. Coyle, FA	J. C. Spangler, AC
F. J. Flitt, AGD	E. F. Carlisle, AC
J. S. Reich, CE	J. H. Robertson, DC
C. F. Reh, DC	J. S. Hailey, AC
G. S. Edwards, FA	J. M. Smith, AC
R. M. Short, WAC	D. W. Betterton, CMP
J. D. Todd, Jr., OMC	D. F. Thompson, AC
F. W. Hooper, Jr., DC	J. K. Scrivner, AC
L. Farrell, Jr., CWS	J. T. Biggs, AC
D. L. Criswell, OMC	J. R. Daniels, OMC
G. M. Covington, Inf.	G. E. Keck, FA
R. H. Scales, CE	W. Q. Braun, Sn.
T. L. Coston, FA	A. Sanders, MC
G. W. Johnson, CE	J. B. Richmond, MC
A. G. Colvin, WAC	F. P. Fardy, MC
M. L. Orr, Jr., DC	L. R. Kreutzer, AC
R. P. Coleman, AC	P. J. Wolf, III, OMC
J. W. Guffin, AC	J. E. Crain, CE
O. C. Ward, AC	R. E. Hines, AC
C. M. Warren, Jr., MC	J. H. Crumb, AC
F. M. Smith, Jr., AC	R. E. Palmer, FA
D. B. Armstrong, FA	C. A. Bailey, AC
J. D. Barnett, AC	E. S. Martin, IGD
R. W. Lankford, Ch.	W. Habberton, AC
A. D. Rippey, AC	F. F. Chaffee, FA
J. C. Butler, Jr., CE	L. J. Will, AC
J. V. Gunn, DC	C. C. Patrick, AC
C. R. Hughes, AC	F. B. Hoffa, DC
W. J. Hosmer, AC	C. J. Rapp, AC
P. W. Harrison, AC	G. H. Cox, AC
R. A. Hill, SC	L. G. Leforge, AC
H. R. Bullock, AC	D. E. Borchert, AC
T. C. Yager, TC	L. W. Ide, MC
W. F. Schmierer, DC	A. L. Wallace, AC
J. J. Paul, MC	E. A. Nash, AC
W. R. Raup, AC	C. H. Blanke, Jr., AC
J. C. Hume, AC	M. K. Todd, CAC
A. E. Dixon, AC	C. W. Gist, AC
F. C. Cornish, AC	J. T. Muir, AC
P. Sheldermine, TC	H. W. Weinman, AC
A. B. Britton, Jr., Inf.	J. P. Miller, AC
W. S. Richardson, AC	D. B. Gwinn, AC
J. K. Bussey, AC	H. C. McKenzie, AC
N. C. Borden, AC	W. T. Rrury, Jr., AC
H. E. Lutz, AC	A. Richardson, TC
L. L. Cherry, AC	J. E. Duzger, Jr., AC
L. E. Leiby, FA	J. C. Miller, Jr., AC
B. E. Hart, AC	E. M. Yonque, MC
W. H. Hall, AC	O. C. Tyler, AC
K. F. Krausmick, MC	D. L. Kirm, MC
J. C. Bumstead, Sn.	J. R. Wood, AC
Jack Buel, AC	K. A. Laughlin, MC
W. J. McCrann, AC	R. W. Drescher, AC
J. S. Brown, AC	S. R. M. Reynolds, AC
	W. B. Breeden, Inf.
	A. J. Pokorny, AC
	C. E. Daniel, CE
	J. H. Farr, AC
	W. G. O'Neill, AC
	C. A. Connelly, AC
	G. J. Roper, Inf.

(Continued on Next Page)

FLOWERS

from you to your loved ones

...your wife, your sweetheart, your mother, will make your absence easier for them to bear. And flowers from **PODESTA & BALDOCCHI**, America's most famous florists... extra in quality and prestige, not price... are always especially appreciated.

CHRISTMAS

Birthdays... Anniversaries

are among the special occasions you'll want to remember. Many men in the service have arranged with us to have flowers delivered regularly, weekly or monthly.

A special service department

handles all requests. Mail, wire, cable or telephone your order to **PODESTA & BALDOCCHI**. You can express a preference as to flowers or plant, or leave the selection in our experienced hands. Floral gifts from \$3.00. Special Floral Boxes priced at \$5, \$10, \$15 and \$25.

CABLE "PODOCCHI"

Podesta & Baldocchi
AMERICA'S MOST FAMOUS FLORISTS

224 GRANT AVE. SAN FRANCISCO
Telephone SUtter 6200

Army Promotions

(Continued from Preceding Page)

1st Lts. to Captain—Cont.

E. A. Hatch, Jr., Cav. C. S. Kippe, AC
C. V. Percival, AC R. Shiner, AC
H. J. Motley, AC A. E. Shollenberger,
G. P. Fulton, AC QMC
J. W. Greenleaf, Jr., F. L. Zillich, AC
J. R. Lorie, MC W. R. Habbyslaw, AC
F. W. Dixon, MC W. R. Clark, CE
T. A. McInerney, MC C. F. Neuhaus, AC
G. E. Buckingham, AC H. Mitchell, DC
W. H. Vicary, MC Bryant Taylor, AC
J. E. Pans, Jr., AC G. J. Pastorius, MC
E. E. Dale, AC M. G. Shipp, MC
J. I. Nossaman, MC N. M. Barrett, AC
J. H. Mathews, AC D. C. Wakefield, Jr.,
J. A. Gerow, Inf. AC
R. O. Quello, MC J. P. Kiser, Inf.
R. T. Petersen, MC L. C. Hite, Jr., QMC
R. J. O'Loughlin, MC F. D. Patterson, Inf.
R. C. Stoneman, AC J. R. Dunlany, AC
G. E. Gilbertson, CE P. Robinson, AC
E. G. Thern, FA M. H. Byars, AC
H. G. Merrell, Inf. T. H. Holland, AC
S. Simmons, Jr., AC R. B. Cecil, AC
M. Bowman, AC B. N. Henderson, AC
W. R. Howard, AC A. H. Wofford, AC
J. F. McDonogh, MC T. P. Day, MC
J. C. McDaniel, Inf. W. P. Harris, AC
R. E. Stewart, AC C. E. Wattam, QMC
W. R. Hudnall, Inf. E. L. Taylor, MC
J. E. Wensley, MC J. E. Therrell, QMC
N. A. Johnson, AC R. P. Haley, AC
W. R. Lynn, AC B. A. L. Click, Jr.,
K. E. Warden, AC AC
J. H. Printz, MC W. W. Young, AC
J. H. Wadd, AC R. H. Cuyler, AC
A. M. Hobbs, AC J. M. Forsman, AC
W. K. Smith, AC A. T. Long, Jr., AC
H. A. Saxer, AC D. W. Jackson, FA
G. D. Stout, AC L. E. Morgan, MC
M. G. Biggs, Inf. F. B. Burdette, AC
A. H. Rice, AC R. W. Kimbro, MC
E. D. Toland, Jr., AC F. C. Price, AC
W. E. Zatorski, MC S. B. Worthington,
J. Garland, DC AC
J. W. Garrigue, AC J. G. Moss, AC
I. H. Williamson, AC G. B. Borkowitz, AC
CWS D. E. Von Noy, AC
W. J. Poston, AC J. C. Laughlin, MC
S. J. Hecht, DC E. B. Lomax, QMC
C. W. Fairlie, Jr., MC D. D. Beers, AC
J. J. Coffey, DC T. C. Dillard, AC
S. Rubin, MC J. M. Winterbotham,
R. Lindenbary, Jr., AC
J. F. Gay, CWS B. H. Kaplan, QMC
R. Caemmerer, OD R. C. Carroll, AC
H. G. Gendrelzig, AC K. H. Baird, AC
W. M. Spurgeon, CWS P. E. Arthur, AC
G. F. Loehfel, MC E. B. Murray, AC
A. A. Schott, DC J. L. Stevens, MC
R. S. Whiting, MAC J. H. Reat, AC
E. S. Morse, AC E. J. Calk, Jr., AC
E. A. Roberts, DC R. E. Beard, Jr., AC
L. L. Kelly, AC C. W. Bucy, AC
A. M. Morell, AC F. B. Jeffers, AC
H. W. Ritter, AC C. J. Gustof, AC
R. E. Smith, AC T. J. Speed, AC
W. F. Whalen, TC R. Lemes, AC
S. H. Rinzler, MC L. G. Kneppshild, AC
J. J. Gross, AC A. E. David, AC
H. W. Moore, Jr., SC A. Gannabell, AC
J. Smith, IGD W. H. Peel, AC
L. E. Thornton, TC J. A. Stein, AC
W. H. Howell, Jr., AC C. D. Glass, AC
B. N. Clune, AC G. M. Bailey, AC
H. N. Fell, Jr., AC C. Willard Dunbar,
J. P. MacNeille, AC AC
C. E. Smith, AC J. F. Majewski, AC
J. J. Doyle, AC J. E. Loveless, MC
M. Sulhur, Jr., QMC J. H. Baughn, AC
F. L. Backus, AC J. J. Muirhead, MC
C. S. Scott, Jr., AC C. J. Porter, AC
R. S. Milner, AC G. R. Sensabaugh, AC
J. M. Campbell, AC Ernest Grover, MC
A. L. Poovey, DC L. J. Monti, MC
J. J. Kinard, AC J. D. Montgomery,
W. H. Griffith, AC AC
A. L. Harris, DC R. H. Richardson, AC
E. B. Hampton, Jr., AC R. B. Sinclair, FA
P. J. Rengstorff, AC J. C. Palmer, AC
L. H. Minnear, AC F. Luch, Inf.
P. W. Eggers, AC G. L. McCutcheon, TC
J. M. Strong, MC L. C. Young, TC
J. C. Ledford, AC G. B. Turley, AC
A. R. McIntosh, AC L. E. Knollmeyer, AC
QMC E. F. Zappen, AC
E. L. Holschulte, AC R. R. Yahr, AC
E. E. Campbell, AC H. L. Hermanson, SC
V. A. Gray, FA D. G. Smith, Ch.
P. W. Kuba, AC W. Halsey, III, CE
M. B. Martin, MC J. E. McClelland, OD
L. V. West, AC F. A. Grim, AC
B. L. Grubbaugh, AC J. L. Myler, Inf.
E. E. Elder, DC J. O. Heine, CMP
E. W. Schmotzer, AC B. F. Porter, CMP
C. J. Graf, AC E. H. Graafls, AC
L. M. Jordan, AC R. J. Scola, Inf.
R. L. Morris, AC H. P. Brann, AGD
J. S. Styger, OD A. Haley, AUS
J. S. Skaggs, Jr., AC A. Blase, CMP
G. R. Jones, FA E. Kotsieper, AC
W. W. Hewitt, AUS J. M. Myers, QMC
R. W. Bond, Jr., Inf.
D. M. Stewart, AC

O. W. Himes, CE S. N. Smith, OD
A. H. Grigsby, Jr., TC C. T. B. Campbell,
J. R. David, CWS TC
S. D. Dekle, TC F. M. Sanders, Inf.
E. W. Liner, CE C. W. Lynch, FA
G. B. Bell, QMC E. E. Oja, Inf.
E. J. Steckel, QMC E. H. Hilton, CAC
H. L. Gano, Inf. J. D. Siff, QMC
A. R. Stonik, CE R. H. Lloyd, CAC
G. R. Wilsn, Inf. W. F. Campbell, Inf.
A. V. Boutwell, Inf. J. H. Hausman, Inf.
H. P. Sharp, Av. G. A. Jackson, OD
C. R. Fegert, MAC E. D. Finch, Jr., OD
H. K. Hoglan, Inf. E. B. Berlin, AC
G. E. Gordon, OD W. C. Neal, AUS
J. J. Williams, FA A. A. Martineau, MAC
J. A. Carew, QMC R. C. Kullick, CAC
J. E. Shamburg, CE R. E. Envell, TC
C. C. Platt, TC J. P. Meyer, Inf.
A. R. Lishness, CE F. E. O'Brien, AC
A. J. Schidzig, Inf. H. L. Monness, QMC
G. A. Taylor, CAC J. V. Kilmer, OD
J. B. Huyck, Inf. R. M. Roberts, AC

B. S. Harrison, Inf. L. L. Wahl, TC
E. H. Strobel, OD A. C. Nelson, FD
S. J. Watkins, Inf. E. A. Frederickson,
G. E. Countryman, AC AC
R. L. Wheat, SC C. T. Slaughter, Jr.,
J. P. Johnson, QMC Inf.
C. C. Donaldson, OD E. H. Cockrel, CE
J. B. Kintzling, Jr., J. N. Brooke, OD
AC B. W. Dillen, FA
A. J. Glenason, AUS J. T. Holland, QMC
A. W. Kennedy, Inf. W. T. Gwin, QMC
A. J. Pongrac, TC L. F. Anthamatten,
H. A. Zenk, Inf. Inf.
E. H. Zierdt, AC M. D. Smith, QMC
M. S. Clark, Inf. G. W. Cearley, CE
E. A. Hamilton, CE W. C. Brooks, VC
W. F. Sims, FA E. E. Sanders, Inf.
W. L. Carson, AC N. C. Leone, Sn.
T. S. Chapman, OD R. N. Talcott, FA
J. C. Frierison, TC H. O. Volt, DC
J. M. Warner, AC E. E. Swadell, Ch.
P. V. Hull, AC M. W. Sanches, AC
C. A. Gingery, AC

J. I. Soule, CAC Miles Kara, AC
O. J. Carter, CMP E. G. Carlson, AC
J. R. Nichols, AUS R. Baker, CE
P. M. Rocovich, MC V. J. Calvasina, CE
E. Mandel, DC H. B. Dominick, CAC
Lynn Brandt, CAC S. Dener, MC
A. R. Brent, AC P. Burgard, CAC
F. C. McKeivey, MAC E. A. Emmelhainz,
E. Lake, AC CMP
R. L. Thomas, AC J. B. P. Temple,
R. E. Stump, QMC QMC
W. E. Lange, AC E. H. Underwood, Jr.,
W. H. Doidge, QMC FA
I. G. Pelree, DC W. A. Warlick, FA
B. A. Hershey, CMP E. A. Lindrose, Inf.
K. F. Knox, AC H. S. Toland, FA
R. B. Williams, FA W. B. Greene, Inf.
B. R. Kramer, CE E. C. Wimberly, CMP
F. C. Vaughn, AC Allan Davis, DC
R. H. Liedike, Inf. W. H. Wallace, CE
H. Willoughby, FA F. M. Roebuck, CE

(Continued on Next Page)

Apple "Honey"

WHAT IT IS!

WHAT IT DOES!



Protects Old Gold's freshness

This new conditioning agent helps to keep Old Gold's choice blend of imported and domestic tobaccos, including delightful Latakia, fresh on the way to you. Sprayed on the tobaccos until every shred is reached, Apple "Honey" guards against dryness—protects the natural moisture.



Protects your enjoyment

It takes only an instant to discover what Apple "Honey" does to help give you smoking pleasure in full measure. For freshness means enjoyment. Just buy a pack of Old Golds and see how Apple "Honey" helps provide you with an always-pleasing smoke... helps keep Old Golds fresh.

* This new moistening agent was first developed by scientists in the Eastern Regional Research Laboratory of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. We named it Apple "Honey."

Old Gold

CIGARETTES

Back the Attack—with War Bonds!

LISTEN TO: Sammy Kaye's Band and Guests, Wednesday Evgs., CBS Network
Bob Crosby and His Orchestra, Sunday Evenings, NBC Network



Eliminate Slippery Floors!

Use LEGGE'S NON-SLIP Polishes
11 West 42nd St. New York, N. Y.

AerVoID Food Carriers

All-metal, vacuum-insulated, America's premier, portable hot food serving equipment. Write for Bulletin No. 230.

VACUUM CAN COMPANY
25 South Mayne Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Army Promotions

(Continued from Preceding Page)

1st Lts. to Captain—Cont.

G. M. Talbott, Inf.	C. H. Heyl, CAC	G. C. Barton, DC	R. E. McCann, AC	J. M. Baird, CMP	R. T. Stotler, Jr., AC	R. E. Rigdon, Jr., Inf.	H. H. Hill, Jr., Inf.
J. G. Lewis, CAC	B. E. Ewing, MC	J. G. Ricketts, CAC	F. W. Patchin, QMC	W. T. Petersen, Inf.	R. F. Thompson, CMP	J. E. Lang, MC	J. C. Newell, Inf.
A. H. Epps, Inf.	H. C. Barros, OD	C. J. Dillon, Inf.	F. A. Ebeling, AC	C. R. Schiedler, QMC	E. A. Wienecke, AC	C. P. Widmeyer, MC	W. E. Blackwell, CAC
A. A. Duncan, FA	R. M. Chamberlain, DC	J. J. McDonnell, Inf.	J. P. Donovan, AC	O. Masny, Inf.	C. D. Wagner, OD	J. W. Alford, SC	J. H. Sutherland, Inf.
D. F. Hutto, CAC	W. F. O'Neil, FA	B. L. Edwards, QMC	G. Rottschaefer, MC	S. V. Weller, DC	P. L. Salkeid, MC	W. M. Willett, MC	B. L. Metcalley, AC
S. W. Dooley, MC	A. A. Bondar, DC	C. B. Coombs, Jr., CAC	D. K. Bartstow, MC	E. G. Feldman, MC	W. L. Carier, Ch.	W. H. Metcalley, AC	J. M. Humphries, Inf.
R. K. Gibson, CE	W. D. Rowlands, Ch.	S. Ozarin, DC	J. E. Chamberlain, AC	C. T. Faigle, MC	W. M. Taylor, AGD	E. L. Burge, AC	G. E. Mack, Inf.
G. E. Beck, SC	J. L. Reid, FA	W. E. Lappin, CAC	J. H. L. Hanson, AC	K. A. Olson, CAC	S. G. Glandet, DC	A. E. Makins, Inf.	C. H. Taylor, MC
E. A. Siegel, DC	A. J. Martin, FA	C. J. Brockington, Jr., CAC	C. E. Johnson, Jr., FA	J. R. Merrill, Inf.	S. G. Withner, CE	F. M. Chapman, Inf.	M. S. Trewhitt, MC
B. A. Spooner, DC	H. L. Rolardi, TC	H. S. Berry, Inf.	M. C. Wickham, AC	A. A. Blalock, AC	B. J. Virusky, MC	L. E. Spear, AC	M. F. McBroom, CE
J. A. Wiener, DC	E. C. Heinle, QMC	E. H. Lower, CMP	G. G. Wilson, Inf.	A. H. Foster, DC	J. K. Jenkins, CAC	M. J. Griggs, AC	H. L. Morgan, Inf.
H. T. Debski, DC	F. J. Murray, MC	T. S. Dooley, Inf.	A. Feinstein, DC	R. H. Farber, AGD	P. W. Eyer, MC	C. H. Cocanougher, DC	R. L. Woodward, CE
M. D. Hertzberg, DC	E. A. T. Donaldson, Inf.	J. M. Cuthaw, OD	P. R. Warner, FA	M. W. Phillips, AC	L. T. Foley, AC	J. H. Prater, FA	S. C. Burkhalter, CE
N. H. Sherman, DC	H. H. Forer, DC	W. A. Lowry, CE	C. H. Harley, SC	H. A. Loveless, CE	J. C. Whitaker, MC	T. R. Gabbert, QMC	A. F. Moffitt, Jr., Inf.
S. E. Landy, MC	W. X. Gebele, Jr., MC	M. L. Dwyer, Jr., Inf.	A. D. Dennis, Ch.	H. T. Ford, CE	W. E. Powell, Jr., QMC	J. R. Kaufman, MC	C. M. Sonntag, AC
F. M. Phillips, Jr., OD	D. K. Richards, QMC	G. E. Conaway, Inf.	M. A. Wyzga, OD	J. E. Colvin, Inf.	W. B. Morgan, CE	I. Robertson, CMP	N. Ellis, QMC
R. E. Magruder, QMC	E. B. Jones, CAC	S. W. Ramsey, AC	J. W. Laufenberg, MC	G. W. Odell, AC	J. A. Swanson, Inf.	K. D. Ezell, OD	W. L. K. Trotter, AC
T. R. Lundberg, CAC	W. G. Ludwig, SC	W. O. Murphy, MC	A. L. Davis, DC	D. E. Johnson, Sn.	O. E. Miller, MC	T. C. Ryker, Inf.	S. H. Nash, Inf.
R. S. Paul, QMC	H. D. Dimond, DC	W. F. Trim, CAC	J. Turetsky, FA	V. K. Nelson, AC	J. A. Maksimuk, AC	W. J. Sherrouse, Jr., FA	R. E. Southern, Inf.
W. L. Burke, QMC	J. Cohen, QMC	L. R. Keener, Inf.	T. F. White, Jr., Cav.	S. A. Moore, AC	W. W. Henderson, CE	H. L. Beckham, TC	A. L. Smith, AC
M. Kladder, FA	F. Doehner, Inf.	S. R. Brown, CAC	H. Kerber, DC	G. C. McCall, CAC	T. M. Farley, SC	R. H. McConnell, Inf.	C. F. Sarman, CMP
F. P. LeVan, MC	J. G. Besch, CAC	T. C. Parker, CAC	W. H. Bridges, MC	P. A. Hahn, DC	F. T. Langford, Inf.	J. A. Rissner, MC	R. K. Keesey, AC
H. E. Fisher, MC	L. S. Coughtry, Inf.	H. M. Doudley, Jr., QMC	M. L. Dwyer, Jr., Inf.	J. A. Rissler, MC	H. W. Wagner, CE	W. J. L. Michon, TC	C. S. Cummings, SC
R. H. Kenney, MAC	C. P. Stubbs, CAC	P. W. Knapp, FA	P. W. Kelley, MC	M. J. Park, DC	R. E. Decker, DC	T. H. Chatman, Jr., Inf.	P. B. Henshaw, Jr., Cav.
A. H. Roth, AC	O. W. Homer, CMP	M. C. Gaines, Jr., CAC	W. E. Crumpler, Jr., MC	R. A. Wise, MC	J. D. Bessley, DC	R. P. Bell, FA	F. F. Nickels, AC
J. G. Ellis, MC	I. O. Kolman, DC	F. W. Kelley, MC	B. H. Bloom, MC	G. W. Moffitt, MAC	J. D. Springer, Inf.	P. R. Mutascio, Inf.	P. C. Hodges, CE
V. E. Heideman, CWS	A. L. Hyde, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	W. England, MC	J. C. Weeks, Jr., MC	J. C. Weeks, Jr., MC	J. B. Gibbs, OD	J. E. Hines, Jr., CMP
P. E. Millen, CMP	W. D. Anthony, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	G. F. Maurin, OD	A. M. Mullin, DC	A. M. Mullin, DC	J. E. Parry, CMP	R. P. Rudnick, QMC
J. R. Keith, CAC	L. G. Foster, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	O. L. Voigt, DC	S. J. Wendenkoff, Sn.	S. J. Wendenkoff, Sn.	F. P. Nadel, MC	R. L. Ennis, QMC
E. A. Corrine, OD	I. B. Edmond, FA	W. E. Kelley, MC	N. P. Clyde, CE	W. L. Feldner, Jr., AGD	G. H. Lair, MAC	L. A. Legault, QMC	G. A. Trotter, CMP
W. I. Cochran, CAC	H. J. Petersen, Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	A. H. Cannon, MC	W. W. Youle, AC	J. T. Young, MAC	L. S. Kaplan, MC	L. Y. Pesko, MC
R. L. Keller, Inf.	H. I. Silvershear, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	C. Y. Lewin, CAC	R. S. West, DC	C. P. Taylor, MAC	A. L. Biller, MC	C. W. Carroll, Inf.
W. M. Schuler, Inf.	H. L. Whitling, Cav.	W. E. Kelley, MC	W. S. Preston, Jr., Inf.	C. T. Tussey, Jr., AC	D. Horton, Jr., CE	P. P. Peyton, SC	R. L. Bradley, MC
K. B. Hudson, DC	A. L. Kilnrockstein, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	E. R. English, CE	A. T. Burke, QMC	I. House, DC	H. M. Jackson, Jr., FA	E. E. Myers, MC
L. L. Titworth, DC	Max Fratin, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. H. Mason, CAC	J. S. Sellman, FD	W. H. Arnett, AUS	M. D. Miro, MC	F. A. Hendrickson, Inf.
C. H. Chantland, CAC	H. Sablin, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. C. Hiles, CAC	V. S. Alletto, Inf.	T. H. Fletcher, Jr., Inf.	J. F. Smith, Inf.	W. K. Quinn, DC
H. W. Fowler, OD	H. Sablin, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. S. Edwards, MAC	W. S. Anderson, DC	C. R. Fuller, AUS	H. A. Smith, OD	J. J. Mayerson, DC
H. S. Watters, DC	D. S. McCallum, Cav.	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. W. Kitchen, Inf.	W. C. Rump, CE	F. E. Milstead, QMC	H. R. Bundschu, Cav.	S. K. Kirk, AGD
G. B. Athy, MC	B. Goodman, TC	W. E. Kelley, MC	E. L. Hutchens, FA	P. B. Salatch, Jr., DC	L. H. Guess, QMC	J. S. Daiek, Cav.	H. J. Aleff, DC
J. R. Foster, Jr., Inf.	Milton Kurim, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	G. E. Rice, CAC	F. A. Ledbetter, Jr., AC	R. A. Tucker, SN	R. L. Cairncross, Jr., CAC	G. D. Gross, MC
V. C. Nash, CE	F. J. Vogt, CMP	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. F. Miller, MC	J. D. Clyde, Ch.	G. C. Bachman, Jr., MAC	J. H. Cudmore, Inf.	J. A. Troxler, Ch.
H. L. Neath, FA	A. C. Davis, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. B. Kelly, Inf.	P. C. Craig, QMC	H. S. Grohosky, DC	C. D. Alfonso, Inf.	C. L. Turner, AC
M. L. Belot, Jr., MC	S. Gerson, Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	F. J. Tesmer, FA	W. B. Reedy, OD	M. Halfant, AC	T. T. Bowling, AUS	S. A. Walker, DC
J. L. Smith, Inf.	I. Aschenbrenner, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	E. T. Cameron, Inf.	R. L. Morley, MAC	J. A. Hayes, CE	J. C. Neigrass, Jr., Inf.	H. W. Hendrickson, MC
P. E. Harper, MC	W. R. Burt, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. W. Bookhamer, MC	J. P. Hooper, FA	W. H. McClelland, Inf.	I. E. Ornat, AC	S. Beamer, OD
G. R. Coe, MC	E. G. Schwartz, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	M. S. Zahn, FA	D. P. Whitworth, Jr., QMC	R. A. Foltz, DC	L. H. Stern, AUS	A. Bishop, AC
H. H. Burdette, DC	M. J. Pokress, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	E. E. Peterson, Ch.	R. P. Belmar, AC	P. C. Butcher, Jr., DC	H. T. Freeland, Inf.	R. L. Eaton, AC
W. J. Hieronymus, DC	F. Cerull, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	C. O. Meier, FA	E. O. DeCamp, Ch.	W. R. Tully, AC	O. G. Caprio, MC	H. W. Opperman, Ch.
E. R. Bryant, DC	M. L. Morris, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	B. P. Kendall, CAC	F. S. Manning, QMC	B. W. Babb, CE	E. H. Albano, MC	H. M. Hannan, WAC
Y. Norwood, DC	R. E. Vorisek, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	N. D. Bassford, CAC	J. K. Conway, Inf.	J. M. Hays, Jr., FD	G. L. Burton, Jr., QMC	P. J. Kearney, CAC
L. L. DiGigila, MC	L. K. Vogel, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	D. F. Hurst, TC	J. L. Browne, Ch.	T. A. Kincaid, Jr., Inf.	C. A. Long, Jr., Cav.	A. E. Hamilton, AC
Jack Hine, CAC	H. P. Cault, Ch.	W. E. Kelley, MC	O. R. Lockhart, Jr., TC	F. C. Cunningham, Inf.	J. D. Cunningham, Inf.	W. Yostlow, MC	I. W. Akers, AC
J. H. Grasty, CAC	A. L. Whinston, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	L. W. Jones, AC	P. N. McCarthy, CAC	C. E. Massey, MAC	F. M. Libby, CMP	J. N. Eustis, AC
J. P. Burton, MC	J. A. Love, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	L. M. Jacks, Inf.	E. F. McClintock, SC	S. P. Morgan, DC	J. M. Mooney, QMC	A. Goldberg, DC
E. S. Koschel, FA	C. E. Allen, AC	W. E. Kelley, MC	B. J. Malloy, AC	A. W. Flohr, Ch.	J. B. Selman, DC	V. J. Cimmino, MC	W. W. Henning, AC
P. A. Vautrain, CMP	R. E. Fogarty, CE	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. T. Casner, AC	W. W. Lindahl, MC	C. C. Wight, OD	F. L. L. Pintauro, MC	W. McC. Davis, AC
D. J. Geraci, MC	B. J. Brady, SC	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. L. Benjamin, AC	R. G. Wehrle, DC	E. C. Wickes, OD	W. Dolgin, MC	M. F. Moore, MC
D. J. Aldridge, Inf.	D. V. Rangert, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	C. L. Martin, AC	P. R. Shober, MAC	F. P. Walhall, AC	G. L. Sussman, DC	R. W. McTurnan, MC
S. G. Sleeper, Jr., CAC	S. H. Sides, Jr., FA	W. E. Kelley, MC	P. W. Nielson, AC	P. J. Broderick, DC	B. O. Sloan, Inf.	J. J. Ford, CE	G. D. Fleck, AC
W. T. Harvey, CAC	W. E. DeBuys, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	L. E. Solomon, FA	M. Rhine, CMP	H. Hertz, Inf.	N. B. Reiter, Inf.	H. P. Fike, MC
G. E. Molloy, CE	N. Snyder, CE	W. E. Kelley, MC	F. H. Bowles, Jr., MC	V. S. Holmes, MC	A. C. Schram, CMP	W. W. Hogan, OD	R. B. Potter, Inf.
N. Snyder, CE	J. E. Starr, CE	W. E. Kelley, MC	H. D. Schneider, DC	J. T. Singley, JAGD	I. B. Ogden, MC	W. J. Naber, Jr., Inf.	J. C. White, AC
J. E. Starr, CE	H. T. Wise, Jr., Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. W. Hensley, AC	F. L. Beard, QMC	F. A. McCauley, Ch.	C. H. Loomis, MC	K. F. Zinn, AC
H. T. Wise, Jr., Inf.	M. T. Riggs, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. E. Vaughn, CAC	J. T. Price, MAC	J. P. Neal, Ch.	V. M. Dunfield, MC	N. Lucia, MC
M. T. Riggs, CAC	J. M. George, Jr., MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	C. W. Feeler, Inf.	E. M. Moore, Jr., MC	B. J. Wheeler, AC	H. W. Luke, Jr., Inf.	S. G. Cayaloff, OD
J. M. George, Jr., MC	W. B. Foley, Ch.	W. E. Kelley, MC	S. J. McPartland, FA	W. A. Roberts, Jr., AC	L. F. Wise, AC	G. M. Pickard, Ch.	J. F. Springer, WAC
S. Z. Kaplan, CE	E. J. Berger, Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	M. L. Tench, Jr., FA	B. M. Moon, AC	W. J. Robertson, Inf.	J. P. McCracken, MC	F. H. Ferri, WAC
E. J. Berger, Inf.	G. R. Hingsley, FA	W. E. Kelley, MC	H. L. Larriss, FA	G. H. Zilligitt, MC	N. E. Elmore, QMC	W. F. Burnett, Inf.	H. Grant, MC
G. R. Hingsley, FA	H. J. Bixby, CE	W. E. Kelley, MC	F. S. Bryan, FA	G. H. Offelt, DC	A. J. Ochsner, MC	W. F. Sheridan, Inf.	A. E. Swatek, MC
H. J. Bixby, CE	H. J. Rome, QMC	W. E. Kelley, MC	C. L. Faulkner, Jr., CE	H. G. Smith, DC	P. D. Wondery, CE	W. W. Tyson, MC	W. Kuras, Cav.
M. P. Sisson, MC	M. P. Sisson, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	A. L. Hamel, Inf.	J. J. Gorman, MAC	H. G. Overly, MC	C. L. Royster, MC	R. O. Maze, SC
M. P. Baronholm, CAC	A. H. Roberts, CWS	W. E. Kelley, MC	D. P. Scarnin, QMC	J. W. Graves, Jr., CE	D. A. Robinson, AC	J. C. Harlan, Inf.	T. B. White, TC
A. H. Roberts, CWS	J. A. O'Connor, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	W. E. Harold, AC	H. R. Hackler, Inf.	W. P. Briggs, Jr., MAC	L. D. Brown, Inf.	C. E. Palmer, CE
A. C. Stine, CAC	G. R. Sweeney, Jr., QMC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. L. Ziolkowski, QMC	J. L. Elliott, MAC	B. E. Rein, DC	T. G. Upchurch, MC	H. E. Montgomery, QMC
G. R. Sweeney, Jr., QMC	M. E. Foley, Jr., QMC	W. E. Kelley, MC	F. Klane, OD	G. G. Vogt, AC	J. A. Crawford, FA	M. Bolus, MC	J. M. Roebuck, QMC
W. H. Nolan, CMP	H. J. Beauchemin, FA	W. E. Kelley, MC	D. G. Collins, Inf.	H. W. Walker, AC	J. M. Butler, DC	R. P. Knight, AC	R. P. Knight, AC
H. J. Beauchemin, FA	J. F. Cleary, Jr., Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	L. D. James, FA	E. W. Campbell, CAC	R. E. Crawford, AUS	C. H. Focht, DC	C. H. Focht, DC
J. F. Cleary, Jr., Inf.	J. F. Horan, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	A. A. Baert, SC	R. L. Shipe, MAC	G. E. Edwards, Jr., DC	J. McC. Gudger, Inf.	N. F. Inciardi, AC
J. F. Horan, DC	W. B. Scudder, FA	W. E. Kelley, MC	A. M. Myers, AC	R. L. Miles, AC	C. C. Jones, SC	C. L. Royster, MC	R. O. Maze, SC
W. B. Scudder, FA	W. J. Kelly, OD	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. H. Searle, AC	L. E. O'Meara, Jr., QMC	D. C. Cade, CAC	J. C. Harlan, Inf.	T. B. White, TC
W. J. Kelly, OD	H. E. Heald, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	N. Bohner, Cav.	E. A. Swartz, Inf.	W. C. Banks, Jr., CAC	L. D. Brown, Inf.	C. E. Palmer, CE
H. E. Heald, MC	T. Levitt, Jr., DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. G. Mowbray, AC	J. L. Francis, DC	W. B. Garretson, CE	T. G. Upchurch, MC	H. E. Montgomery, QMC
T. Levitt, Jr., DC	M. Taylor, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. G. Spiro, Inf.	I. S. Jackson, CE	J. T. Murfee, Inf.	J. P. McCracken, MC	F. H. Ferri, WAC
M. Taylor, DC	C. H. Williams, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. H. Gunnell, FA	R. B. Sweet, MAC	J. D. Graham, Jr., CAC	W. F. Burnett, Inf.	H. Grant, MC
C. H. Williams, CAC	F. C. Watt, Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. E. Shilling, AC	H. D. Bohrer, MC	E. A. Crawford, AUS	W. F. Sheridan, Inf.	A. E. Swatek, MC
F. C. Watt, Inf.	A. H. Winterburn, Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. O. Dunbar, QMC	M. G. Urie, MC	R. E. Crawford, AUS	W. W. Tyson, MC	W. Kuras, Cav.
A. H. Winterburn, Inf.	L. E. Wilson, Jr., CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. L. Wendling, Inf.	F. T. Doob, DC	G. E. Edwards, Jr., DC	J. McC. Gudger, Inf.	N. F. Inciardi, AC
L. E. Wilson, Jr., CAC	H. A. Schroeder, Sn.	W. E. Kelley, MC	K. W. Price, MAC	C. Buell, AC	R. H. Trott, MC	C. L. Royster, MC	R. O. Maze, SC
H. A. Schroeder, Sn.	D. L. Irvine, QMC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. M. Ambrose, DC	W. M. Kuntler, SC	C. C. Jones, SC	J. C. Harlan, Inf.	T. B. White, TC
D. L. Irvine, QMC	D. Kaminsky, Ch.	W. E. Kelley, MC	A. J. Spahn, AC	A. G. Hockstader, FD	D. C. Cade, CAC	L. D. Brown, Inf.	C. E. Palmer, CE
D. Kaminsky, Ch.	A. R. Potter, Ch.	W. E. Kelley, MC	G. E. Montgomery, MC	E. J. Voso, Inf.	W. C. Banks, Jr., CAC	T. G. Upchurch, MC	H. E. Montgomery, QMC
A. R. Potter, Ch.	R. M. Hennon, Ch.	W. E. Kelley, MC	K. T. DeYarman, MC	W. J. Foxenburgh, OD	J. A. Crawford, FA	M. Bolus, MC	J. M. Roebuck, QMC
R. M. Hennon, Ch.	W. O'Neal, Jr., AC	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. A. Dobbin, AC	H. A. Anhalt, Inf.	J. M. Butler, DC	R. P. Knight, AC	R. P. Knight, AC
W. O'Neal, Jr., AC	J. S. Miller, CE	W. E. Kelley, MC	W. A. Spomer, DC	W. P. Adams, Jr., AC	R. E. Crawford, AUS	C. H. Focht, DC	C. H. Focht, DC
J. S. Miller, CE	F. H. Horlock, Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	C. R. Unruh, CAC	J. T. Jones, CE	G. E. Edwards, Jr., DC	J. McC. Gudger, Inf.	N. F. Inciardi, AC
F. H. Horlock, Inf.	C. E. Strahan, Jr., OD	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. T. Alexander, QMC	F. L. Israel, Ch.	R. H. Trott, MC	C. L. Royster, MC	R. O. Maze, SC
C. E. Strahan, Jr., OD	W. E. Thompson, MAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	G. R. Pendergraph, Ch.	J. E. Revis, Inf.	C. C. Jones, SC	J. C. Harlan, Inf.	T. B. White, TC
W. E. Thompson, MAC	D. F. O'Brien, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	C. J. Shetler, Inf.	H. H. Lundin, MAC	D. A. Robinson, AC	L. D. Brown, Inf.	C. E. Palmer, CE
D. F. O'Brien, CAC	K. Hallack, QMC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. J. McDonough, AC	D. L. Greenamyer, AC	W. P. Briggs, Jr., MAC	T. G. Upchurch, MC	H. E. Montgomery, QMC
K. Hallack, QMC	J. E. Trow, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	S. Clark, Inf.	C. C. Henrie, MC	B. E. Rein, DC	J. P. McCracken, MC	F. H. Ferri, WAC
J. E. Trow, MC	D. F. Kraft, FA	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. F. King, AUS	R. D. Berkebile, MC	J. A. Crawford, FA	W. F. Burnett, Inf.	H. Grant, MC
D. F. Kraft, FA	J. H. McNeil, Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	D. C. Neal, QMC	R. E. Fogle, Inf.	J. M. Butler, DC	W. F. Sheridan, Inf.	A. E. Swatek, MC
J. H. McNeil, Inf.	C. T. Eginon, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	C. A. Shumaker, CE	J. H. Emmert, DC	R. E. Crawford, AUS	W. W. Tyson, MC	W. Kuras, Cav.
C. T. Eginon, MC	E. L. Gerber, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	B. J. Gannon, Ch.	J. F. Minnich, DC	G. E. Edwards, Jr., DC	J. McC. Gudger, Inf.	N. F. Inciardi, AC
E. L. Gerber, DC	F. S. Sweeney, CE	W. E. Kelley, MC	A. R. Lawrence, DC	J. H. Vogell, MAC	R. H. Trott, MC	C. L. Royster, MC	R. O. Maze, SC
F. S. Sweeney, CE	T. F. Moline, TC	W. E. Kelley, MC	V. G. Radenich, DC	D. F. Runklin, MAC	C. C. Jones, SC	J. C. Harlan, Inf.	T. B. White, TC
T. F. Moline, TC	F. E. Shogren, FA	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. M. Westly, AC	J. P. Antrim, AC	D. C. Cade, CAC	L. D. Brown, Inf.	C. E. Palmer, CE
F. E. Shogren, FA	A. S. Jensen, Inf.	W. E. Kelley, MC	L. A. Greenside, AC	P. H. Sturtevant, FD	W. C. Banks, Jr., CAC	T. G. Upchurch, MC	H. E. Montgomery, QMC
A. S. Jensen, Inf.	W. G. Smith, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	R. D. Woodhouse, AC	L. M. Burnham, CE	J. A. Crawford, FA	M. Bolus, MC	J. M. Roebuck, QMC
W. G. Smith, CAC	S. Kilger, MC	W. E. Kelley, MC	H. N. Duff, CMP	E. J. Shadid, DC	J. M. Butler, DC	R. P. Knight, AC	R. P. Knight, AC
S. Kilger, MC	M. Salamata, CMP	W. E. Kelley, MC	S. Freehling, AC	J. Orzen, QMC	R. E. Crawford, AUS	C. H. Focht, DC	C. H. Focht, DC
M. Salamata, CMP	Fred Staedler, CMP	W. E. Kelley, MC	T. McC. Billings, AC	H. D. Wolfe, MC	G. E. Edwards, Jr., DC	J. McC. Gudger, Inf.	N. F. Inciardi, AC
Fred Staedler, CMP	S. C. Raye, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	J. R. Neill, Inf.	D. D. Thomas, Inf.	R. H. Trott, MC	C. L. Royster, MC	R. O. Maze, SC
S. C. Raye, DC	H. R. Drange, CAC	W. E. Kelley, MC	W. J. Lach, AC		C. C. Jones, SC	J. C. Harlan, Inf.	T. B. White, TC
H. R. Drange, CAC	A. A. Zander, DC	W. E. Kelley, MC	G. J. Hobbs, CE		D. A. Robinson, AC	L. D. Brown, Inf.	C. E. Palmer, CE
A. A. Zander, DC		W. E. Kelley, MC	A. W. Smith, Jr., CMP		W. P. Briggs, Jr., MAC	T. G. Upchurch, MC	H. E. Montgomery, QMC
		W. E. Kelley, MC	S. S. McNeely, Jr., AC		B. E. Rein, DC	J. P. McCracken, MC	F. H. Ferri, WAC
		W. E. Kelley, MC	C. F. H. Begg, OD		J. A. Crawford, FA	W. F. Burnett, Inf.	H. Grant, MC
		W. E. Kelley, MC	J. Gatling, QMC		J. M. Butler, DC	W. F. Sheridan, Inf.	A. E. Swatek, MC
		W. E. Kelley, MC					

1943

Inf.
Inf.
Inf.
d, Inf.
r, Inf.
es, Inf.
Inf.
MC
CE
Inf.
rd, CE
TC
er, CE
r, Inf.
AC
er, AC
AC
r, Inf.
Inf.
AC
CMP
FA
ee, MC
s, SC
r, Jr.,
AC
CE
n, Inf.
CMP
AC
QMC
CMP
MC
Inf.
MC
MC
sson,
DC
DC
GD
IC
MC
Ch.
AC
DC
dge,
elm, SC
AC
Inf.
AC
AC
AC
Jr., AC
en, DC
AC
r, AC
r, SC
D
C
AC
nan, Ch.
a, WAC
r, CAC
on, AC
MC
AC
FA
DC
DC
ng, AC
MC
MC
nan, MC
AC
C
C
MC
C
OD
r, WAC
WAC
tek, MC
av.
il, AC
SC
TC
CE
emery,
r, MC
OD
on, AC
man, Ch.
n, AC
Inf.
QMC
nan, OD
MC
DC
e, AC
il, AC
n, AC
WAC
helster,
on, AC
s, Ch.
r, MC
Jr., OD
eter, AC
gnino,
a, AC
OD
n, Inf.
CE
y, AC
er, CE
enburgh,
urant,
OD
MC
AC
all, WAC
as, OD
)

nf.
nf.
nf.CE
CE
nf.AC
nf.IP
MC
Cnf.
MP

C

C

C

AC

SC

AC
AC

C

Ch.
AC
AC
AC

AC

MC

AC

MC

C

C
Ch.

OD

C

OD
ACS
gh.

AC

Army Promotions (Continued from Preceding Page)

1st Lts. to Captain—Cont.

J. A. Millin, Jr., AC
J. D. McKnight, Cav.
N. E. Silbert, MC
W. R. Ewing, Jr., AC
C. D. Wickliffe, AC
P. H. Smith, Inf.
R. E. Anderson, TC
E. E. Hinks, Inf.
R. E. Ford, OD
L. T. Molecki, MC
D. E. Ajar, QMC
P. F. Vuchetich, AC
J. R. Hill, MC
D. J. O'Brien, AC
E. H. Mabry, MC
D. W. Austin, Inf.
M. J. Hurst, MC
W. V. Clark, AGD
L. M. Reese, WAC
C. P. Daane, Ch.
E. F. McBride, AC
J. H. Channing, Inf.
A. R. Tedesco, Inf.
P. H. Marks, Inf.
A. M. Pruce, MC
P. Teiger, MC
M. Tepfer, MC
F. Stelo, MC
H. L. Myers, MC
M. J. Magliore, MC
D. F. Bayle, AC
W. V. Morphy, OD
W. H. Bierck, Ch.
R. E. Anderson, MC
T. S. Petersen, AC
E. E. Boles, AC
D. Hoffert, AGD
J. R. Hane, AC
C. J. Pelletier, Inf.
R. R. Cady, AC
H. H. Drellich, QMC
H. F. Stegemann, AC
H. A. L. Gildred, AC
J. V. Coleman, MC
C. E. Turner, AC
R. R. Perlman, FA
E. D. Weatherhead, AC
A. J. Quaranta, DC
J. R. Whiteman, MC
W. Babushkin, DC
H. B. Weiss, DC
N. Karmel, DC
H. Bandell, MC
A. C. Shute, AC
E. E. Harris, MC
W. M. Snyder, AC
J. W. Moore, AC
E. B. Glenn, MC
S. T. Hubbard, III, AC
M. E. Whicker, MC
S. S. Lambeth, MC

J. B. Hawes, MC
C. L. Bittinger, MC
H. F. McManus, Jr., MC
G. R. Wall, MC
L. P. Mitchell, Jr., MC
C. B. Kolton, Inf.
T. W. Miller, Jr., OD
J. B. Cheney, AC
J. A. McCann, AC
R. J. Burke, AGD
D. W. Travis, Inf.
C. J. Hochhausier, MC
M. L. Goodman, MC
E. M. Fetzer, AC
J. E. Harrell, Jr., FA
W. S. Shively, Inf.
D. H. Northrup, MC
J. A. Kelting, AC
N. J. Zambunni, CE
P. M. Reed, WAC
J. M. Morris, AC
L. A. Murphy, AGD
J. M. Dial, AC
H. B. Von Unwerth, OD
E. W. Custer, Inf.
J. H. Warden, AGD
J. Murray, OD
DeW. C. Hamilton, Jr., AC
A. D. Leslie, FA
B. Crookham, WAC
K. A. Seifert, MC
W. C. Stonehouse, FA
W. J. Painter, CAC
H. O. Mengel, Jr., AC
R. R. D'Onofrio, MC
N. G. Greene, CE
H. H. Gardner, Jr., FD
H. L. Downing, Jr., AC
R. E. McFadden, TC
M. W. Kandle, AGD
C. F. Gillingham, TC
E. P. Glenn, AC
W. M. Slater, AC
K. F. Wiand, MAC
C. G. Perkins, MC
H. A. Bourne, Sn.
N. Feigelman, DC
A. E. Crubak, Ch.
W. H. Manning, III, Inf.
H. L. Cobb, AC
J. T. Mitchell, Jr., AC
J. A. Cole, Jr., AC
J. O. Fulenwider, Jr., MC

W. S. Scott, MC
J. W. Erwin, MC
V. D. Oehmig, AC
P. R. Olgiati, OD
L. R. Standifer, Jr., AC
J. E. Scott, AC
J. A. Lohmeyer, OD
T. N. Weems, Jr., AC
H. B. Henning, MC
J. C. Wood, MC
C. H. Putman, FA
J. K. Crawford, MC
F. M. Glenn, AC
V. R. Woodward, AC
J. W. Wagner, AC
B. R. Patton, AC
J. A. Johnston, Inf.
F. J. Altick, MC
C. H. Bergmann, Jr., AC
E. E. Shiner, Jr., Inf.
H. C. Willson, CWS
H. D. Cullum, AC

A. C. Bassett, AC
B. F. Stickney, WAC
D. Yuter, MC
O. H. McClung, Jr., MC
H. E. Etheredge, AC
H. R. Pollard, Jr., CE
J. A. Ryan, AC
L. B. Simmons, Inf.
F. F. Christofferson, VC
J. E. Watson, III, Inf.
C. H. Feller, AC
J. I. Clemens, DC
H. M. Kregel, WAC
E. J. Tornow, AC
G. Sinykin, AC
C. M. Lane, WAC
R. M. Palmer, Inf.
J. W. Scott, OD
R. E. Sedman, AC
J. A. LaDu, AUS
G. G. Scott, OD

W. M. Hyslop, Jr., SC
J. E. Mullen, MAC
P. Robertson, MAC
L. W. Selleck, Inf.
A. A. Ulanowski, CWS
W. R. Walsh, Inf.
R. J. McCarius, AC
R. J. Rhodes, MAC
J. J. Shanahan, AC
F. W. Blunden, QMC
M. T. Payant, MAC
R. H. Ashworth, CWS
H. M. Ducharme, FA
C. K. Stube, Inf.
H. C. Bach, MAC
L. J. Arent, CWS
J. S. Birensweig, AC
G. E. Ling, FA
W. S. Sheets, Inf.
K. A. Lund, FA
W. G. Madsen, AC
J. H. Neal, Jr., FA
R. W. Smart, FA
J. T. Settle, AC
K. E. Thompson, AC

W. N. Cott, FA
H. Greenberg, MAC
G. W. Hendrix, AC
H. J. Peters, AC
C. A. Preston, TC
A. Kwasiborski, AC
J. M. Jones, FA
G. E. Buckwalter, Inf.
H. H. Sperber, AC
K. N. Kripke, AC
C. R. Smith, Inf.
R. M. Goolabay, CE
A. W. Phillips, AC
H. E. Heath, Jr., CWS
T. D. Dallaire, Inf.
M. E. Eastman, Cav.
A. J. Haytmanek, AC
W. C. Kirchoffer, MAC
J. K. Switzer, Inf.
J. C. Stahle, AUS
W. H. Jarecke, Inf.
J. J. Flaska, Jr., AC
N. T. Geeza, AC

J. B. Slater, Cav.
E. A. Payral, AC
R. J. Mauli, QMC
W. J. McDermott, CWS
J. O. Mudd, FA
E. D. Manion, TC
R. I. Marrow, AC
L. K. Johnson, AC
C. A. Cain, CWS
J. A. DePue, CWS
A. S. Finkel, CWS
G. Kaplan, CWS
L. S. Okun, AC
J. R. Croy, AC
W. H. Maier, OD
P. C. Munzell, Inf.
A. Levine, AC
B. L. Jeter, FA
H. E. Carriaga, FA
W. J. Boyle, AC
J. J. Leming, Cav.
J. J. Burpo, Inf.

R. J. Maxwell, OD
R. D. George, CWS
W. C. White, AUS
L. Broude, AC
E. T. Donahue, FA
W. Shaw, AC
W. H. Mueller, AC
J. J. Myers, AC
H. E. Queer, Inf.
L. W. LaChair, AC
J. T. Groff, Inf.
A. J. DeSanto, FA
F. Savicki, AC
J. P. DePre, MAC
R. D. Poole, AC
M. T. Steele, TC
G. C. Paysinger, FA
I. P. Mangum, Jr., Inf.
J. M. Thelen, FA
T. M. Rizal, AC
E. F. Vetter, Inf.
O. O. Miam, CE
H. S. Riddle, SC

(Continued on Next Page)

heat problem:

requirements 135,000,000 B.t.u. . . .

separate buildings all over town . . . heat
this entire plant . . . and quickly . . .

Scattered throughout one of the great industrial centers of America, this group of discarded manufacturing plants was to be revitalized to serve as Defense plants. Dry heat was required to prevent corrosion of sheet metal stock. Floor space was at a premium, making it necessary to plan for future shifting of heaters as space requirements changed. Plant ceilings were high and numerous office sections were involved. The use of a central steam heating plant would involve an excess of critical metal, costly maintenance and installation and too much time to construct.

EXCEL-SO

DELIVERS GASOLINE
99.999% WATER-FREE!*

And when we say 99.999% water-free gasoline we mean just that as actual tests have proven.

Thus we guarantee EXCEL-SO Water Separators to deliver gasoline containing not more than 1/500 of 1% of water (whether free or emulsified), to airplanes, aircraft refueling trucks, pipe lines, mobile equipment, tankers, carriers, tenders and other craft.

The efficiency of water removal obtained by EXCEL-SO cannot be approached by any other type unit. Water free gasoline insures safe take-offs and worry-free water problems while in the air.

Applicable to any present fueling systems. *Literature and engineering data furnished to properly interested inquiries.

WARNER LEWIS COMPANY

710 14th Street N.W., Washington, D. C.

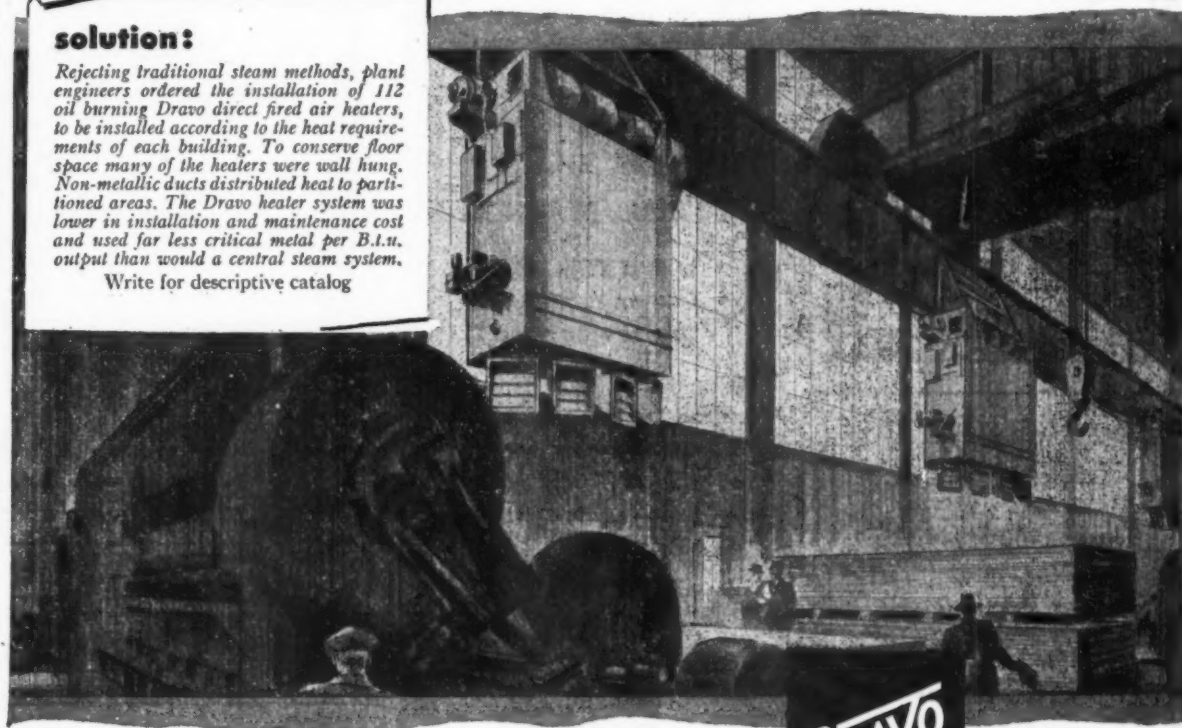
Telephone Metropolitan 5051

THE LEWIS
EXCEL-SO
WATER SEPARATOR

solution:

Rejecting traditional steam methods, plant engineers ordered the installation of 112 oil burning Dravo direct fired air heaters, to be installed according to the heat requirements of each building. To conserve floor space many of the heaters were wall hung. Non-metallic ducts distributed heat to partitioned areas. The Dravo heater system was lower in installation and maintenance cost and used far less critical metal per B.t.u. output than would a central steam system.

Write for descriptive catalog



DRAVO CORPORATION • PITTSBURGH

DRAVO

Heating

Awards and Decorations

Medal of Honor

*Sgt. William G. Fournier and *T5 Lewis Hall, killed in action on Guadalcanal 10 Jan. 1943, after they had driven off a Japanese force and enabled their attacking battalion to drive on and envelope the Japanese flank.

Distinguished Service Medal

Capt. F. B. Stump, USN, presented by Army for service as "Commander of the Combined Operations and Intelligence Center of the Allied American, British, Dutch and Australian Air Command the Joint American, British, Dutch and Australian High Command."

Silver Star

CRM E. J. Blain, CMMM O. B. Heel and ELMic G. C. Pauls, all USN, for outstanding submarine service.

Legion of Merit

Capt. F. J. McKenna, USN, presented by Army, for "outstanding service to the United States Army" as Commandant, NOB, Dutch Harbor, Alaska.

Brig. Gen. De Witt Peck, USMC, for his contributions to success of Solomon Islands campaign.

*Commodore J. A. Logan, USN, as Commandant US NOB, Londonderry, Northern Ireland.

Col. C. H. Wright, Inf., USA, for performance of duties as G-3 and later as deputy director of the Internal Security Division and chief of the Security Planning Branch, Second Service Command.

T.Sgt. R. V. Beeler, QM Sect., 1550th SU, Fort Knox, Ky., inventing a calculating device which not only speeds up the computation of the Army field ration for any given

number of personnel but also provides greater accuracy than the paper-and-pencil method.

Soldier's Medal

1st Lt. P. J. Alfano, FA, Queensland, Australia.

1st Lt. M. B. Noble, New Guinea.

T.Sgt. W. H. Madison, Inf., rescuing woman from drowning in Thames River, Oxford, England.

T4 S. B. Erixon, MD, T4 D. A. Gilberto, CAC, T4 W. W. Jordan, MD, and Cpl. R. B. Hanners, MD, rescuing drowning soldier, Fort Hancock, N. J.

T5 Jack Lyon, CE, heroism at advanced Aleutian outpost, removing flaming can of gasoline from cab of seventy-foot pile driver, carrying it to the open end of cab and hurling it into the water twenty feet away.

T5 H. J. Scherer, SC, assisting in rescue of drowning soldier, Kahuku, Oahu, T. H. Pfc. E. C. Ritzger, MD, rescuing boy from drowning in Nene River, England.

Navy and Marine Corps Medal

Lt. Col. F. G. Dalley, USMC, for heroic conduct as Wing Gunnery Officer and Assistant Wing Operations Officer of Marine Aircraft Wing during operations against enemy forces at Guadalcanal.

CMMM V. E. Burks and QMlc J. Erema, both USN, for outstanding submarine service.

Foreign Awards

Lt. Col. William Little, French Voluntary Military Service Cross, first class, awarded by General Henri Giraud for rapid delivery of equipment destined for French Army.

Lt. Gen. B. K. Yount, Commanding General, USAAFTC, grand officer of the Order of Orange-Nassau with swords, conferred

by Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands.

Brig. Gen. H. A. Johnson, chief of operations of the AFTC, commander of the Order of Orange-Nassau with swords, conferred by Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands.

Col. T. V. Foster, CO, AAB, Jackson, Miss.; Lt. Col. J. E. Quinn, executive officer of the base, and Lt. Col. E. F. Wackwitz, jr., commander of the Order of Orange-Nassau with swords, conferred by Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands.

* Posthumous Award.
† Wounded in action.

Army Promotions

(Continued from Preceding Page)

2nd Lts. to 1st Lt.—Cont.
H. Jacobs, AC
I. P. Lazer, AC
I. K. Marder, AC
L. J. Minato, CWS
H. L. Pachernik, CE
CWS
R. Virag, AC
S. M. Weingart, AC
S. C. Gilfoyle, MAC
W. H. Staats, Cav.
H. E. Bergmann, SC
J. W. Shea, AC
B. Berkowitz, MAC
R. H. Agnew, Inf.
W. R. Smith, AC
L. R. Werner, AC
W. Clarke, AC
M. M. Cohen, FA
W. Ettinger, FA
C. B. Dykes, CWS
G. M. Capers, jr., AC
J. E. Arnold, CWS
G. W. DeArmond, jr., CE
M. R. Cripe, AC
T. A. Cox, jr., AC
F. C. Wilson, CE
F. W. Freese, QMC
R. Laman, AC
F. D. Newell, AC
G. L. Rust, SC
L. E. Miller, MAC
J. A. Kohman, OD
J. P. Jones, jr., FD
H. P. Cridler, OD
C. D. Rhodes, Inf.
B. B. Mackay, jr., Inf.
G. E. Mayeux, AC

R. J. Janer, AC
H. A. Jensen, CE
R. N. Leone, AC
A. A. Linder, OD
D. Plesman, FA
J. A. Waage, AC
R. G. Winburn, MAC
W. H. Kresman, Inf.
H. H. Wright, CWS
C. A. Foley, MAC
L. P. Moran, OD
V. V. Lehtoranto, SC
H. A. Nichols, Inf.
D. W. Gerhardt, AC
B. T. Fleetwood, CWS
E. N. Albu, MAC
W. Serio, MAC
E. N. Seawright, AC
W. C. Washco, AUS
G. F. Harrington, OD
J. H. Stewart, QMC
F. F. Valetich, CWS
J. J. Voland, AUS
J. M. McGrath, CWS
S. Maclo, Inf.
B. E. Staskewitz, QMC
R. E. Greene, jr., AC
G. T. Crammer, jr., Inf.
D. E. West, CAC
M. Kerskosky, Inf.
J. P. Bender, Inf.
J. P. McKeown, QMC
J. V. Meigs, OD
D. Rosen, QMC
W. E. Quel, Inf.
R. M. Gelfin, OD
R. L. Felton, OD
E. F. Churella, QMC
L. W. Haight, AUS
E. S. Walsh, TC
H. H. Jones, AC
R. V. Daspt, jr., Inf.
D. P. Stuart, F.
G. J. Adams, FA
S. Whitney, Inf.
H. F. Bliss, AC
C. C. MacDonald, AC
R. L. Maxwell, MAC
R. J. Yeager, AC
C. E. Young, QMC
R. J. Eldridge, jr., Inf.
C. A. Tetzlaff, MAC
F. H. Welland, OD
S. A. Moran, AC
J. M. Kelley, AUS
C. H. Young, FA
R. F. Seamans, QMC
R. F. Brown, Inf.
W. R. Mach, jr., Inf.
M. Mikovich, Inf.
J. G. Ellicker, AC
T. A. Inteso, Inf.
H. J. Nycum, AC
P. J. Marco, Inf.
J. Faktrow, AC
H. Horowitz, OD
R. J. Liddle, OD
M. F. Robinson, AC
C. Zamecnik, Inf.
R. P. Firestone, Inf.
R. W. Shook, AC
A. M. Marchetti, CWS
H. A. Smith, QMC
E. B. Plummer, jr., QMC
C. F. Rogers, SC
W. K. Shirley, Inf.
J. P. Brickman, AC
S. L. Smith, CE
R. C. Higgins, CE
B. E. Burns, Inf.
C. E. Davis, Inf.
L. B. Stanfield, AC
B. S. Mabry, Inf.

HOTEL DIRECTORY

CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO
HOTEL Stewart
Down town on Geary St., above Powell. With bath \$3.50, \$3. & \$3.50 one person; \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50 & \$5 two persons; 10% discount to Army & Navy.

HOTEL CANTERBURY
700 SUTTER ST. SAN FRANCISCO

*** Right downtown yet quiet and luxurious; 250 rooms, all with bath. Excellent dining room.

SINGLE FROM \$2.50
FAMILY ROOMS FOR FOUR, with bath . . . \$4.00
10% to 25% discount to the Army and Navy.

FLORIDA

Florida
JACKSONVILLE'S LARGEST FINEST
THE ROOSEVELT
A ROBERT H. MEYER HOTEL \$2.50 per night

Hotel Orange Court
Orlando, Florida

"Unofficial" Headquarters
For Officers and Their Families

Hotel Rooms and Apartments
Recreation Facilities
Swimming Pool
Special Rates

WILLIAM ATKINSON, Manager

ILLINOIS

"For a day, a month or a year"
ST. CLAIR
Rooms Studios Apartments
Chicago

NEW YORK

The Roosevelt salutes
...THE ARMY
...THE NAVY
...THE MARINES

with a 25% reduction on room rates to service men!

As for folks in "civies" . . . they'll just have to pay our regular reasonable rates from \$4.50 up. We're sure they won't mind . . . for if they're like us, they'll want to give "the boys" a break.



HOTEL ROOSEVELT
A HILTON HOTEL
Robert P. Willford, General Manager
MADISON AVE. AT 45th ST., NEW YORK

MARYLAND

SOUTHERN HOTEL
Baltimore's Foremost
Centrally Located
Headquarters of ARMY and NAVY Officers
Baltimore Maryland

MASSACHUSETTS

ARMY AND NAVY FAMILIES
Prefer **THE Myles Standish**
Boston's Newest and Largest Apartment Hotel
Luxuriously furnished hotel suites—with completely equipped kitchens—by day, week or month, including Hotel service.
HARLEY H. BOSWELL, Manager
BEACON ST. AT WASHINGTON ST. BOSTON

WASHINGTON, D. C.

HOTEL MARTINIQUE
SIXTEENTH STREET AT M WASHINGTON, D. C.
Easily accessible to new War and Navy Buildings.
25% Room Discount to Officers on Active Duty. Every Room with Bath. Write for Detailed Information.
L. R. Hawkins, Manager

BRIGHTON HOTEL
2123 California St. Washington, D. C.
Modern Fireproof Apartment Hotel. Newly Furnished. Excellent Dining Room.
R. H. FATT, Mgr.

MAXIMUM COMFORT AT MINIMUM COST
650 MODERN ROOMS - 650 BATHS
\$2.50 SINGLE * \$4.00 DOUBLE
Home of the famous "23" Room
Continuous entertainment
No cover—no minimum
★ HOTEL ★
GEORGE WASHINGTON
Around the corner from all transit lines
Lexington Ave., cor. 23rd St., New York City
John Donegan, Mgr.

★
Army and Navy Men and their families
are especially welcome at our state-wide chain of hotels and apartments.
Rates to meet your budget.
SPECIAL DISCOUNTS AT OUR HOTELS
★
San Francisco: Clift Hotel
Plaza Hotel, Alexander Hamilton
Hollywood: Sunset Tower,
Montecito & Hermoyne Apartments
Long Beach: Robinson Hotel
Wilmington: Don Hotel
Santa Barbara: Mar Monte
Santa Monica: Georgian Apartments
★
ALLIED HOTELS and APARTMENTS
For reservations, write or wire:
745 Market Street, San Francisco
666 South LaFayette Park Place, Los Angeles

Army Casualties

(Continued from Page 276)

S. Sgt. H. C. Gleser S. Sgt. T. G. Hauser
1st Sgt. F. H. Buck T. Sgt. W. F. Held-
T. Sgt. C. O. Smith rich
S. Sgt. R. L. Fitz S. Sgt. E. W. Quigley
gerald 1st Sgt. J. T. Mc-
S. Sgt. V. L. Dellin Leroy
S. Sgt. E. P. O'Brien

KILLED IN MIDDLE EASTERN AREA

Officer Personnel

2nd Lt. S. J. Samoski 2nd Lt. E. R. Emer-
son

KILLED IN PACIFIC AREA

Enlisted Personnel

S. Sgt. J. Horvath T. 3 T. J. Dzurzyn-
ski

KILLED IN SOUTHWEST PACIFIC AREA

Officer Personnel

1st Lt. W. T. Galyon 1st Lt. R. L. Hard-
1st Lt. H. H. Thomp- away
son 2nd Lt. I. C. Ide

2nd Lt. R. F. Lang

Enlisted Personnel

S. Sgt. S. A. Sather S. Sgt. E. R. Bram-
S. Sgt. R. Tennyson lett

KILLED IN SOUTHWEST PACIFIC AREA

Officer Personnel

2nd Lt. W. B. Cox 2nd Lt. F. J. Low-
1st Lt. O. J. Rochester rence
WO C. E. Lagana 2nd Lt. F. H. Verhein,
1st Lt. R. F. Violet jr.

FO F. L. Evans

Enlisted Personnel

T. Sgt. J. M. Kesler T. Sgt. R. D. Marsh
S. Sgt. H. E. Kuhn

DIED IN JAPANESE PRISONS

Officer Personnel

1st Lt. J. P. Freeburg 1st Lt. J. T. Furby

Enlisted Personnel

S. Sgt. J. H. Reagan S. Sgt. R. C. Wil-
T. Sgt. W. G. O'Gor- liams
man T. Sgt. J. T. Dagon

S. Sgt. R. D. Meyer S. Sgt. T. S. Dunagan

M. Sgt. A. E. Shatto S. Sgt. E. I. Day

T. Sgt. E. S. Landon S. Sgt. E. C. Meares

S. Sgt. V. C. O' S. Sgt. C. Taylor

Rourke S. Sgt. H. F. Huff-
manS. Sgt. S. L. West- S. Sgt. W. G. Bol-
brook liger

WOUNDED IN EUROPEAN AREA

2nd Lt. G. D. Brandt 2nd Lt. A. E. Broat

2nd Lt. C. F. Henry 2nd Lt. J. C. Moore-
son head, jr.

1st Lt. P. J. William- Capt. R. Dauphin

1st Lt. P. G. Haglund 2nd Lt. J. F. Corcock

1st Lt. J. F. Krepley

WOUNDED IN MEDITERRANEAN AREA

1st Lt. F. E. Richter 2nd Lt. J. P. Silla, jr.

2nd Lt. M. Timmer- 2nd Lt. C. H. Knisely,
man jr.

MISSING IN ASIATIC AREA
1st Lt. H. I. Wood 1st Lt. W. T. McCoy
MISSING IN EUROPEAN AREA
1st Lt. E. G. Patter- 2nd Lt. A. S. Poole
son 1st Lt. F. S. Tippet
2nd Lt. E. E. Mims Capt. D. Lishon
2nd Lt. W. L. Martin 2nd Lt. F. D. Olson
FO W. O. Morris 2nd Lt. W. P. Bour-
2nd Lt. R. F. Berg- land
holz 2nd Lt. R. D. Wing
2nd Lt. C. H. Long, Capt. A. E. Zimmer-
jr. ton
2nd Lt. F. E. Tomlin 1st Lt. R. W. Eberts
1st Lt. K. K. Kline 2nd Lt. J. W. Cud-
2nd Lt. R. E. Step- worth
hens 1st Lt. J. G. Nelson 2nd Lt. W. R. Kelster
Capt. E. R. Man- 2nd Lt. M. B. Kvor-
chester, jr. jak
2nd Lt. J. C. Jerome 2nd Lt. J. W. Sul-
1st Lt. R. C. Mitchell, livan
jr. 2nd Lt. N. P. Murphy

1st Lt. K. D. Moore 2nd Lt. F. O. Rolfe
2nd Lt. P. C. Natale 2nd Lt. G. C. Standi-
2nd Lt. P. E. Atkins ard
2nd Lt. J. G. Irvine, 1st Lt. H. G. Roberts
jr. 2nd Lt. R. F. Hull
2nd Lt. D. G. Camp- 1st Lt. B. Rice
bell 2nd Lt. J. W. Kend-
1st Lt. T. W. Reed, all
jr. 2nd Lt. G. McClintic,
1st Lt. A. A. Feld- jr.
stein 2nd Lt. D. D. Wilson
2nd Lt. E. J. Pull- 2nd Lt. L. A. Leon-
man ard
2nd Lt. R. F. Picker- 2nd Lt. W. C. Peter-
ing son
2nd Lt. W. H. Gred- 1st Lt. P. E. Higdon
vig 2nd Lt. R. S. Cos-
2nd Lt. R. E. Pierce grove
2nd Lt. A. M. Larson 1st Lt. M. L. Haskin
2nd Lt. F. T. Maas 1st Lt. C. C. Struble
2nd Lt. F. H. Standi- 2nd Lt. N. C. Eat-
ard inger

1st Lt. E. Wilcox, jr. 2nd Lt. E. D. Norton
1st Lt. D. Lee 2nd Lt. D. F. Phelps
2nd Lt. J. M. Perritt 1st Lt. J. J. Karp
2nd Lt. V. C. Thoendel 2nd Lt. S. I. Posner
2nd Lt. E. V. Hill 2nd Lt. J. H. White
2nd Lt. J. V. Lilly 2nd Lt. W. G. Peg-
2nd Lt. L. H. Nemits ram
2nd Lt. A. T. Worn- 2nd Lt. J. F. Digman
son 1st Lt. R. M. Sch-
2nd Lt. G. M. Ash weltzer
1st Lt. C. A. Reese 2nd Lt. J. D. Sowry
Capt. H. B. Rodgers FO L. F. Bower
2nd Lt. S. E. Cooper FO A. Drabnis
2nd Lt. E. F. Nelson 2nd Lt. C. B. Fisher
jr. 2nd Lt. W. F. Mc-
1st Lt. R. F. Lewis Kenna
Capt. N. C. MacKay
MISSING IN MEDITERRANEAN AREA
1st Lt. W. R. Gray 2nd Lt. C. L. Harris
1st Lt. L. W. Spence FO R. H. Mulla
Capt. J. F. Sprague 2nd Lt. A. G. Liggett
2nd Lt. J. Thornton 1st Lt. R. E. Thomas



U. S. Army Signal Corps Photo

The Truck that Beat the Boats to Sicily

A typical example of B. F. Goodrich leadership in truck tires

HEADED for the shores of the Sicilian coast that gray July morning was a strange group of craft. Leading the invasion fleet, they hit the beach — and kept right on going! For these were the army's new amphibious trucks — at home on land or sea.

Christened "Ducks" by soldiers, these new vehicles are actually 2½-ton trucks, propeller-driven in the water, with six-wheel drives which carry them at high speeds on land. They are particularly well suited to landing men and supplies on ordinarily inaccessible spots.

For these strange vehicles tires were a problem. Tires had to be light in weight, provide traction in sand, resist bruising and cutting, and withstand all the usual rigors of army

service. Ordinary truck tires wouldn't do. Regular military tires failed on the job. Then they thought of a special tire built originally by B. F. Goodrich for desert use. Broad of tread, flexible and light in weight, it provided traction in the deepest desert sand. Because of its flexibility and shallow tread, it withstood the impact of sharp rocks and beach boulders. Here was the ideal tire for the "Duck." With no modifications at all this desert tire went to sea, has proved itself from Sicily to the South Pacific.

Here is another example of the truck tire

developments which have made Silvertown Truck Tires first choice for tough jobs. Even the regular Silvertowns are designed for extreme service — have wear to spare for everyday operations. The B. F. Goodrich Company, National Sales and Service Division, Akron, Ohio.



Packing list covers for foreign shipments as specified by the armed forces

If you are a procurement official, or a supplier of items which you have to pack for foreign shipment you know two packing lists have to be attached to the outside of every shipping case, even if the first destination is not abroad.

Recently the Army has issued a directive to all branches of the service requiring that at least one of these lists must be covered with a 3/16" plywood or .080 weatherproof fibre cover.

Prior to the use of such covers many packing lists were torn off in transit and precious time lost forwarding to foreign depots.

We make these covers as army specifies from .080 weatherproof fibre board, in several sizes. Center is concave-dished, to allow room for lists underneath. The words "packing list" are deeply indented on all covers and cannot wear off. Prices are uniform throughout the country whether obtained from the undersigned or your nearest paper goods jobber.

WESTERN PAPER GOODS CO.
1224 West Eighth St. Cincinnati, Ohio

Eastern Distributors:
Samuel Cupples Envelope Co., 360 Furman St., Brooklyn

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—Besides confirming Soviet purpose to make no separate peace with Germany, and providing for the erection of the framework of an international structure of war and post-war collaboration, the Moscow agreements call for intimate coordination of the military operations the Big Three will conduct in the future against their European enemy. Heretofore there has been a limited form of cooperation, limited largely because of Anglo-American delay in inaugurating the second front, and unwillingness of the Soviet General Staff to supply the United States and Britain with information concerning Russian strength, plans and operations. From now on, there are to be united decisions and coordinate execution thereof. This means among other things that no secrets will be withheld by one ally from another and that they will simultaneously deliver their blows in the several areas where their forces are gathered. This gratifying feature of the understandings reached is clearly exposed by the communiqué's language. It speaks of "even closer collaboration" and states that advantage was taken of the presence of military advisers representing the respective Chiefs of Staff to discuss definite military operations with regard to which decisions had been taken, and which are already being prepared in order to create a basis for the closest military cooperation in the future between the three countries.

Further as showing the importance attached to the presence of these advisers, it was announced that they participated in the conference of the Foreign Ministers at which measures were adopted to shorten the war against Germany. Representing the United States was Maj. Gen. John R. Deane, Great Britain, Lt. Gen. Sir Hastings Ismay, and Russia, Maj. Gen. A. A. Gryzlov. General Deane was the choice of General Marshall for the Moscow assignment. He had been Secretary of our General Staff, and subsequently American Secretary of the Combined Chiefs of Staff. Therefore, he was fully informed of General Marshall's strategic views, and was in a position to express them in the drafting of joint plans. Lt. Gen. Ismay served in Washington as a member of the Combined Chiefs of Staff and had been attached to the British General Staff. Consequently he was in a position to present the ideas of his military authorities, which naturally were identical with our own as a result of the studies made by the combined Chiefs of Staff. General Gryzlov, an outstanding member of the Russian General Staff, spoke for Marshal Stalin. All three officers knew as did Marshal Stalin, that General Marshall is to be the Anglo-American Commander-in-Chief with headquarters in London, and that to achieve mutual aims he would be the natural point of contact with the Russian as well as the British High Command. The agreements set up a European advisory commission to sit in London, the duty of which will be to insure closest cooperation in the examination of European questions arising as the war develops. This Commission will be wholly political, but its work besides composing United Nations differences, will have military connection, and, therefore, it will concern General Marshall's activities and policies. But of more direct military value will be his consultations with Russian officers, who may be assigned to his staff or who may constitute a military mission such as we have established under General Deane in Moscow. Because the Soviet Union is not at war with Japan, Marshal Stalin feels it cannot be represented upon the Combined Chiefs of Staff, and for the same reason cannot accept General Marshall as Commander-in-Chief as Britain has done. But through the channels provided by the military missions in London and Moscow, exchanges of views will continue to occur and in this way operations will be constantly coordinated. The importance of this arrangement will appear as there develops the execution of the plan for the second front.

There were other agreements reached by our wise Secretary of State which will have momentous bearing not only upon the prosecution of the war but upon the security and welfare of the post-war world. Gone now is any chance of the division of the United Nations, an aim of Hitler and the Japanese. If German generals planned as reported, to overthrow Hitler and extirpate Nazism and establish a military Government to negotiate peace with the United Nations, they will get no comfort from the incorporation in the agreements of the solemn warning of the President, Prime Minister Churchill and Marshal Stalin that at the time of the granting of the armistice to any German Government, German officers and members of the Nazi Party who have had any connection with atrocities and executions in conquered countries, will be handed over to those countries for punishment in conformity with their laws. It may be objected this warning will influence the German and Nazi leaders to fight the harder, but in fact, it is an important bit of psychological warfare; for it indicates to the German people that if they get rid of their criminals an armistice will be made with any government they set up. Psychology also was used in the case of Austria, which was pledged her independence, although she was informed that account would be taken of her efforts to effect her own liberation. As a result of this declaration, it is expected the Austrian people will slow down their work in factories producing planes and weapons for their conquerors, and engage in sabotage and all the activities which mark the underground in other enslaved lands. Italy, too, figured in the agreements, and an Advisory Committee was formed to deal with questions relating to her situation. Besides the United States, Britain and Russia, the French Committee of National Liberation, Yugo-Slavia and Greece were granted membership upon it. The inclusion of the French Committee means that the United States has joined Russia and Great Britain in the matter of its recognition, and the representation accorded to the two Balkan States is justified by their special interests arising out of the aggressions of Italy upon them. In connection with the latter, it is significant that Russia agreed that its Government should be made democratic and that freedom of speech, of religious worship, of political belief, of press and of public meeting should be restored to the people. Thus by international agreement Marshal Stalin has expressed his adherence to principles in which the United States and Britain believe.

Under the agreements the Allies must act together in all matters relating to the surrender and disarmament of the enemy, and take common measures to provide against any violation of the terms of the armistice. More than this, the Allies pledge themselves not to employ military forces within the territory of other states except for the purpose of maintaining order. It would appear from this provision that Russia would refrain from occupying Finland, except by common consent, and this might bind her hands also as to the Baltic States and Poland, although probably this is too much to expect. In any case, there are to be full and frank discussions in this matter, and as the statesmen reached agreements at Moscow, there is ground for hope they will do so in the future.

The post-war plans upon which the three nations are agreed, and which China as a signatory of all the pacts approves, call for the continuance of the close collaboration and cooperation in the war into the period following the end of hostilities. This accords with the recent suggestion of Prime Minister Churchill which appeals to the President that the Combined Chiefs of Staff extend their authority beyond the armistice. Since the proposed international organization for the maintenance of peace envisions the use of force to oppose aggression, although this is not specifically stated, and the Big Four intend to employ it to preserve order in the interregnum between the cessation of hostilities and the signature of the Treaty of Peace, it would seem that this Staff would be essential. But the four nations will not dominate the proposed international organization. Membership in it is to be enjoyed by all countries, great and small, and it is to be assumed they will have representation in the power created to enforce the organization's will. It is further noted that the agreements call

not for disarmament, but for the "regulation" of armaments, and this would indicate that the United States as well as Russia and Britain feel they must continue to have establishments able to protect their interests.

It is noteworthy that the language of the agreement regarding post war plans is substantially that of the Connally resolution which the Senate is debating. Because of his long experience in Congress, Secretary Hull was aware of Senate jealousy of its constitutional power, and he carefully guarded it in the pact he negotiated. Indeed, running through all of the agreements is the policy he has repeatedly expressed, and which has enjoyed the full support of the President. That what Mr. Hull has done has received general approval by our people was made evident when the Senate attached to the Connally resolution the clause of the agreement recognizing the necessity of there being established at the earliest practical date the general international organization for the maintenance of international peace and security. Neutrals, too, have welcomed this project. The only nations which have criticized the agreements are our enemies. In the case especially of Japan this is not surprising in view of the close relations which Russia now will have with her American and British enemies. It is an historical accomplishment Secretary Hull made in Moscow and deservedly he is receiving public acclaim for it.

Army Air Forces—Maj. Gen. Clayton L. Bissell, former commanding general of the 10th Air Force in India, has been appointed Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, AAF, the War Department announced 1 Nov. He succeeds Brig. Gen. Edgar P. Sorenson, who has been given an unannounced assignment. General Bissell served as commanding general the Tenth Air Force from 18 Aug. 1942 until 19 Aug. 1943, and commanded all Air Force troops in the Asiatic theater of operations from 18 Aug. 1942 to 1 Dec. 1942.

The Commanding General, AAF, as well as commanding generals of service commands and departments, is through a recent change to AR 605-250 charged with making timely recommendations to the Secretary of War for orders convening boards and detailing suitable, necessary personnel for the boards within his jurisdiction.

Maj. Frank H. Poehlman has assumed the position of executive officer at the Greenwood Army Air Field, Greenwood, Miss. Lt. Col. Price C. McLemore has taken over the duties of station air inspector.

October was a record month for the number of German planes destroyed, the total being over 600. During the month our loss of heavy bombers totaled 174. In reviewing the operations covering these figures it is well to note the greatly expanded scope of the 8th Air Force and also the fact that included are our losses on the Schweinfurt.

Thirty Negro navigation cadets arrived recently at Hondo Army Air Field, Hondo, Texas, to enroll as aerial navigation students in the AAF Central Flying Training Command. The first Negro unit to be enrolled, many of the new cadets have had primary or flight training at Tuskegee, Ala.

In a recent mission against a German target an 8th Air Force Flying Fortress, the "Short Stride," made a 15,000-foot vertical dive and managed to pull out of it despite damaged controls. The formation was returning home when it was attacked by swarms of enemy fighters. A 20mm. shell tore into the "Short Stride's" life raft hatch mechanism, the raft smashing the right stabilizer and jamming it. At that time the plane was still 30 miles inside Germany. The bomber went out of control, nosed straight up 300 feet above the formation, then started down with the pilot, 1st Lt. Eldridge G. Shelton, Jr., struggling desperately to bring it under control.

Lieutenant Shelton and FO Robert W. Collett, the co-pilot, cut the motors and pulled the stick with all the strength they could muster. Finally the plane leveled off. During the dive, the pilot and co-pilot were suspended vertically upside down, while other crew members, shells, clothing, ammunition boxes, instruments and other equipment pitched in a whirling jumble inside the plane. Just before the plane leveled off the bombardier and three gunners bailed out. The entire bomb bay was wrecked as the plane pulled out of the dive. The bomb bay doors, with bomb shackles torn loose, fell into the sea.

As they drew within sight of the field in England the remaining members of the crew decided to take the chance of landing. As the plane taxied up the runway, the propeller of number two engine, which had been feathered, came loose and fell off, slashing a four-foot rent in the bombardier's compartment which had been vacated just before the landing.

Recent reports to the War Department tell of an 8th Air Force aerial photographer who climbed outside his B-17 and balanced straddle fashion on top the fuselage during one of the fiercest air battles over Europe to secure target and fighter photographs of great value. This hazardous operation was performed by T. Sgt. Charlton K. Browning on the way to the bombing of Regensburg during the shuttle mission of the 8th Air Force 17 Aug. Besides photographing enemy fighter action, Sergeant Browning took four pictures of the target in Germany.

AIR ENGINEERS—Air bases hacked out of the New Guinea jungle are enabling the 5th Air Force bombers and fighters to strike heavy blows against Rabaul, Madang and other Japanese bases in the Southwest Pacific.

Lt. Col. John F. Rand, executive officer in the Office of the Engineer of the 5th Air Force, while in Washington on temporary duty described how the airfields are built under the very noses of the enemy. "On one occasion we sent an officer from one of our forward bases to find a spot for a new airfield," Colonel Rand said. "The officer walked for three days in the jungle with native guides, found a site and then signaled its location with panels to our planes. Native labor was used to cut out the first small runway to enable small planes to land. Airborne equipment was flown in. Within a few months a complete air base for all kinds of planes was constructed and used in the recent campaign against the Japanese bases."

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery—The Surgeon General, Rear Adm. Ross T. McIntire (MC) USN, has authorized conferences in the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery for property and accounting officers of the various naval hospitals. The first group of five officers reported to the bureau, 26 Oct. The officers received intensive instruction in budget preparation, appropriation control, purchase requisitions, priorities, and procurement of technical materials; in logistic and operational standards required for preparation of budgets. In addition, stock levels and maintenance of reserve and working stocks were stressed.

On 28 Oct. Admiral McIntire discussed general matters pertaining to estimates and expenditures with the group. Rear Adm. Luther Sheldon, Jr., assistant chief of the bureau, discussed preparation of estimates, stock levels and routine of handling budgets when received in the bureau, and spoke on the duties of property and accounting officers.

Capt. Robert S. Davis (DC) USN, on 2 Nov. began an inspection tour of dental activities in the central and west coast naval establishments.

Capt. E. W. Brown (MC) USN-Ret., as liaison officer of the bureau, is attending the meetings of the applied psychology panel of the National Defense Research Committee being held at the Naval Training School, Ft. Lauderdale, Fla., and the Southern Signal Corps School, Camp Murphy, Fla. The meetings are being held in connection with selection and training of service technical personnel.

Comdr. T. J. Carter (MC) USN, on 4 Nov. attended the meeting of the Indiana Safety and Health Conference, held in Indianapolis, Ind.

Army Ground Forces—**HEADQUARTERS**—Another step in the thorough presentation of the importance of conservation to American soldiers in training has been an-

nounced by Lt. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, commanding general, Army Ground Forces, who recently directed AGF commanders to cooperate fully with the Army Conservation Program in its new plan for the posting of a series of dramatic posters on avoidance of wastage.

"Every effort will be made by Army Ground Force commanders to insure that instructions issued are properly executed," General McNair said.

The posters will be distributed periodically to AGF commanders by post commanders on the basis of six per company or similar unit, except in the case of troops "under canvas or in hutsments." The latter will receive only one per unit. First two posters in the series are titled "Stamp Out Waste" and "You're Got What It Takes, Soldier."

ANTIAIRCRAFT COMMAND—Col. Evans R. Crowell, CAC, who has returned to the United States from overseas, where he commanded an antiaircraft artillery regiment, visited Headquarters of the Antiaircraft Command recently. He reported on antiaircraft operations in the area to which he had been assigned to Maj. Gen. Joseph A. Green, commanding general of the Antiaircraft Command. Colonel Crowell has been assigned to command an antiaircraft unit in training at the Antiaircraft Artillery Training Center, Camp Haan, Calif.

Compilation of the historical record of the Antiaircraft Command is presently underway with Maj. W. N. Gowan, AGD, directing, and 1st Lt. Kenneth W. Hechler, AUS, now on temporary duty from Headquarters, AGF, acting as assistant. Lieutenant Hechler, who recently completed the history of the Armored Command, was formerly instructor in history and government at Columbia College and Barnard College, New York.

General Green and Lt. Col. H. C. Donnelly, GSC, Deputy Chief of Staff, Antiaircraft Command, recently returned from a visit to the Army Air Forces School of Applied Tactics at Orlando, Fla.

Representatives of the commanding generals of all Antiaircraft Artillery Training Centers attended a conference recently at Headquarters of the Antiaircraft Command to consider the varied problems of preparation of antiaircraft artillery units for overseas movement. The conference was held under the supervision of General Green.

Lt. Col. Charles H. Scott, CAC, of the Antiaircraft Artillery School, while a visitor to Headquarters of the Antiaircraft Command, reported on recent west coast demonstrations of the First Composite Antiaircraft Demonstration Battery, British Royal Artillery, which is rounding out its scheduled tour of War Department installations throughout the United States.

Recent assignments of officers to Antiaircraft Command Headquarters include Lt. Col. Ernest A. Merkle, CAC, in the Operations and Training Section; Lt. Col. Donald V. Webber, CAC, as head of the Automatic Weapons Inspection team; Lt. Col. W. Bruce Logan, CAC, in the Supply Section; Capt. William L. Treu, CAC, Special Service Officer, and 1st Lt. Lee O. Stafford, CAC, as commanding officer of Headquarters Battery, Antiaircraft Command.

ARMORED COMMAND—Within a week three important groups have visited Armored Command Headquarters at Ft. Knox, Ky., to consider varied war problems. On 25 Oct., 45 members of the Inter-American Defense Board, representing 17 nations of North, Central and South America, viewed modern armored equipment and a fire-power exercise. On 25 and 26 Oct., William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, and 17 leaders of A. F. of L. unions studied the problem of pre-induction training for men about to enter the service. On 28 and 29 Oct., 400 representatives of industry, labor, press and government assembled for a War Department conference to receive a confidential report on the progress of the war from high-ranking Army officers and War Department officials.

Battling a wind-swept forest fire along a four mile front, a detail of 200 fire fighters of the 5th Armored Division was credited recently with saving the village of Plessis, N. Y., when the men halted the flames within a mile of the town. The soldiers were called in from Pine Camp, 35 miles away, when 150 civilian volunteers were unable to halt the progress of the blaze.

At Ft. Knox, Col. Richard G. Prather has taken over the duties of assistant commandant of the Armored School, succeeding Col. Charles S. Johnson, who goes to Ft. Lewis, Wash., as commander of a tank group. For the past four years, Colonel Prather was assistant commandant of the United States Military Academy.

In a ceremony at Ft. Knox, Capt. Grosvenor W. Fish, of the Armored School Tactics Department, was awarded the Silver Star for gallantry in action after suffering a wound in the assault upon Oran. The award was presented by Maj. Gen. Alvan C. Gillem, Jr., commanding general of the Armored Command.

Bureau of Ships—Navy recruiting officers have been instructed to enroll, in non-restricted manpower areas, skilled craftsmen for service with ship repair units at sea or advanced bases. The effort to get such workmen coincides with the ending of recruiting 31 Oct. of such skilled workers for service with Construction Battalions, the Seabees, who build and maintain advanced bases.

A wide variety of skills is represented in the personnel of ship repair units. In general, qualifications for these units, whether for enlistment or for voluntary induction of men of draft age, are similar to those required of Seabees, and include metal workers of many kinds, as well as machinists, electricians, riggers, welders and carpenters.

Enrollees in ship repair units are sent to a Naval Training Station for four weeks indoctrination in Naval history, tradition, and regulations, and in military drill. Thereafter these men are assigned to one of the big Naval stations for specialized training, such as the Section Base at Staten Island, the Naval Station at New Orleans, the Destroyer Base at San Diego, or the Navy Yards at Boston, Mare Island, California, or Philadelphia. There the men are moulded into smooth operating teams varying in size from 10 to 480 men, each a complete unit, fully equipped to handle the type of repair job to which it may be assigned. The men go overseas in these teams.

Most ship repair unit men qualify for petty officer ratings. Physical requirements have been modified. Even men who have once been rejected by the Navy for some

minor physical defect may be eligible to join the ship repair units. The emphasis is on craftsmanship. Men between 18 and 38 years of age who have had the necessary trade experience and who have not been called for induction can join the ship repair units through a voluntary induction plan, the details of which will be explained by any Navy recruiting officer.

The Navy's Seabees already have more than 100,000 men overseas, and are rapidly approaching their authorized strength of approximately 255,000.

The troopship General William Mitchell was launched 31 Oct. at the Kearny, N. J., yards of the Federal Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co. Honoring the aviation pioneer, the ship was christened by his widow, now Mrs. Thomas H. Byrd.

The Electric Boat Co., Groton, Conn., launched another submarine, the 19th to go down their ways in 36 weeks, 31 Oct. The vessel was christened Sea Lion by Mrs. Mary S. Land, wife of Rear Adm. Emory S. Land, Maritime Commission chairman.

The destroyer Monssen was launched at the Bethlehem Steel and Shipbuilding Co. yard at Mariners Harbor, Staten Island, N. Y., 30 Oct. Mrs. Mons Monssen, widow of the lieutenant for whom the vessel is named, was the sponsor. The Price, destroyer escort christened in honor of the late Lt. (jg) Edward Max Price, was launched 30 Oct. at the Orange, Texas, yard of the Consolidated Steel Corp., with Mrs. Ray P. Reynolds, mother of Lieutenant Price, as sponsor.

The following launchings in California have been announced by the office of the 12th Naval District: At Mare Island Navy Yard, the submarine Tilefish on 25 Oct., sponsored by Mrs. Wilson D. Leggett. The fleet minesweeper Rebel, at the yard of the General Engineering and Drydock Co., Alameda. Sponsored by Mrs. C. E. Guisness. On the same day, the Tawakoni, fleet tug, at the United Engineering Co. yard, Alameda. The sponsor was Mrs. R. F. Parker. The destroyer escort Bowers, at the Bethlehem Steel yard, San Francisco, 31 Oct. The ship was christened in honor of the late Ens. Robert K. Bowers, USNR, by his mother, Mrs. E. Bowers.

Research and Development—The War Department has established a New Developments Division as a special staff division, whose duties will be the development and application of new weapons and devices. It will also investigate new techniques of military value. The new division will not supplant existing facilities but will co-operate with such activities to expedite programs of importance.

The Office of Scientific Research and Development proposes to establish an office in Australia because of the probability that there will be a swing of attention on their part to the west, hearings before the House Appropriations Committee have revealed. In London, where such an office is already established, experts are working closely with the British on special weapons.

Also at a hearing of the House appropriations Committee, Dr. Jerome C. Hunsaker, chairman of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, stressed the importance of research in the aeronautical field. He emphasized the fact that Germany has facilities at least as extensive as ours although our machines are superior in nearly all categories.

New Weapons of Warfare—Col. Harry R. Lebkicher, who heads the 6th Service Command's Chemical Warfare Service, recently commended workers at the Bell Machine Co., Oshkosh, Wis., on the new 4.2-inch mortar which they are producing.

"The manner in which these mortars—America's secret weapon—are performing," said Col. Lebkicher, "should be the pride of every American citizen."

He revealed that the mortar can be carried by its crew to an advanced position where it can be assembled by them in three minutes. It can fire every two seconds, a shell comparable to the 155-mm., he said. The rifled, muzzle-loading weapon was developed by the Chemical Warfare Service.

Brig. Gen. Burton O. Lewis, commanding the Boston Ordnance District, announced 1 Nov. that new antiaircraft half-tracks are expected to play an important part against Axis air power.

Maj. Gen. Levin H. Campbell, Jr., Chief of Ordnance, described this week a new 120-mm. gun which is able to fire about 12 miles into the air. This is about twice the present ceiling of bombers. He described the weapon as much better than the German 88-mm.

The first German Messerschmitt 410 was brought down 31 Oct. during an air raid on London. The fast fighter-bomber has been considered by the Germans as their answer to the British Mosquito.

Corps of Engineers—Maj. Gen. T. M. Robins, deputy Chief of Engineers and former head of the Construction Division Office Chief of Engineers, received on behalf of the corps the distinguished service award for safety, presented by the National Safety Council during the Army Hour broadcast, 31 Oct. In the greatest construction program in history, civilian contractors of the Corps of Engineers reduced their accident frequency rate from 30.23 in 1936-37 to 17.20 in 1941-42. With the number of persons employed multiplied many times, the Safety Council estimated that more than a thousand lives had been saved, more than 34,000 lost-time accidents averted and savings in wages of more than \$46,000,000 effected by the Engineers' excellent safety program.

The following changes in the office Chief of Engineers have been reported: Maj. Gen. Thomas H. Robins, formerly Chief of Construction, is now Deputy Chief of Engineers; Col. Louis A. Pick, formerly division engineer of the Missouri River Division, has gone overseas on an engineering mission; Col. Miles Reber succeeds Colonel Pick as head of the Missouri River Division.

ORDER THANKSGIVING AND CHRISTMAS FLOWERS DELIVERED IN ADVANCE.

Your beautiful gift of flowers will bring added enjoyment if delivered in advance. You will help wartime deliveries and save on telegraphic costs if you place your order now.

1212 F Street, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.



Phone
National 4276

in any
event...

WIRE
FLOWERS

IN STOCK - - "OVERSEAS OAK" DAY ROOM • SERVICE CLUB • LIBRARY FURNITURE STRENGTH • WARRANTY • DESIGN

Comparable to Our Military Standard *Metal Furniture

EASY CHAIRS
READING CHAIRS
LOUNGE CHAIRS
SETTEES
SOFAS



MAFCO Inc.
335 THROOP AVENUE
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK
MAIN 2-3558

CIGARETTE PROOF TOPS
CARD TABLES
WRITING DESKS
MAGAZINE RACKS
NEWSPAPER RACKS

FRANK SOBEL, President

ENGAGED WITHIN ONE ACTIVITY

MANUFACTURING FOR AND SELLING ONLY TO THE ARMED FORCES.

*Out for the duration.

Spartan simplicity

Signal Corps—A midjet microphone, worn on the upper lip, which eliminates outside noises and leaves the hands free, has been adopted for use by the Army Ground Forces and is now in production under the supervision of the Signal Corps. Sustained in position by bands around the ears, the "lip mike" fits easily under helmets and gas masks and gives clear reproduction. Intensive tests under the supervision of the Armored Command have demonstrated that the instrument is capable of superior performance in high noise levels. Designed particularly for use in tanks and under conditions where free use of hands is important, the new microphone is more rugged than similar apparatus commonly found in broadcasting stations or in commercial telephones.

A midjet combination—the lip microphone and the earphone headset recently adopted by the Signal Corps—now assures American soldiers of maximum protection and dependable performance. The earphone headset, which has proved itself in combat, is worn under the helmet. Earphones fit into the outer ears by means of a small, soft plug which is effective against outside noises.

Lt. Col. Edwin A. Redding has been named chief of the newly-established Publications Branch, Personnel and Training Service, Office of the Chief Signal Officer. The broad functions of the new unit will include the determination of general policy with respect to Signal Corps publications, films, and blank forms and general direction of the Publications Field Agencies. Colonel Redding's recent duties have included service with the Aircraft Warning Service at Panama and as officer in charge, Training Literature Section, Military Training Branch, OCSO.

Maj. Gen. Harry C. Ingles, Chief Signal Officer, was awarded the Citation of Merit for distinguished services by the Poor Richard Club at a luncheon ceremony in Philadelphia on 4 Nov. The presentation was made by Peter L. Schauble, vice-president of the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania and president of the Poor Richard Club, one of the country's leading advertising organizations. Among other notables who have received the award is Maj. Gen. Dawson Olmstead, former Chief Signal Officer.

Lt. Col. Dee Berry, who has been serving as signal officer of the Northwest Service Command, has been appointed executive officer of the Central Signal Corps School at Camp Crowder, Mo., succeeding Capt. Bernard Ladon, who has been acting in that capacity and now becomes assistant executive officer.

Lt. Col. Charles J. McIntyre, chief, Special Activities Branch, OCSO, recently made the presentation speech awarding the Army-Navy "E" pennant to the employees of the Ampex Electronics Products Company of Brooklyn, N. Y., manufacturers of radio tubes.

Prepare for West Point—Three colleges participating in the Army Specialized Training Program are now serving as Military Academy preparatory units. These schools function in somewhat the same manner as the preparatory school which the Navy has for some years maintained for the Naval Academy. To Amherst the Army is sending those enlisted men who are designated to fill the 180 vacancies at West Point allotted to the Army of the United States. To Lafayette and Cornell are being sent those men in the armed forces who have received Congressional or Presidential appointments and who have been found physically qualified for appointment.

Dental Corps—A new edition of A R40-1010, "Dental Reports, Returns and Records," has just been published by the War Department. The edition, dated 16 Oct. 1943, supersedes the edition of 1 April 1943. The regulation covers the type of reports to be rendered, the maintenance of a register of patients and of other records, and prescribes standard terms for diagnosis and abbreviations employed by dental officers.

2000 dead horses is no joke!



As you well know, it's no joke when enemy planes are due overhead in seconds and you're racing for your plane to get in the air, ready for action. What a relief to be able to flip the starter switch and feel that dead motor roar back to life with all its 2000 horses raring to go! Zip—you're up there fighting!

Today Easy is building starters for aviation engines—starters with a split-second precision. Concentrating on various war materials, we have stopped production of Easy Washers and Ironers until Victory is assured.

Many Easy Washers have been sent to different naval stations, bases and ships.

If your outfit is lucky enough to have an Easy, you may have occasion to get acquainted with it. Though not originally made for fighting a war, it has made an interesting contribution toward the war effort. As a naval officer recently pointed out to us, cleanliness is a tradition of the Navy. Perhaps there's an Easy Washer on your own ship helping your men uphold that tradition.

After the war is won, we'll resume the manufacture of the Easy Home Laundry Equipment which your own family may enjoy. But meanwhile our 24 hour a day war work continues in a further effort to do our part. Easy Washing Machine Corporation, Syracuse, N. Y.

EASY

America's Leading **WASHER**

ORDNANCE TODAY
WASHERS TOMORROW

Marine Corps—Members of the 37th Candidates' Class for commission were appointed second lieutenants in the Marine Corps Reserve at graduation exercises on Wednesday, 3 Nov., at the Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va. At the same exercises, student officers of the 35th Reserve Officers' Class completed their period of instruction and were assigned to active duty at Marine Corps posts and stations.

Speaker at the graduation exercises was Assistant Secretary of the Navy Ralph A. Bard whose son, 2nd Lt. Ralph A. Bard, Jr., was one of the graduates.

Marine Corps air crew members meeting certain qualifications will be entitled to wear the new air crew insignia which has been adopted by the Marine Corps. The insignia is a pair of silver wings supporting a silver shield which has a gold anchor medallion on its surface. Above the shield is a silver scroll which bears gold stars indicating various types of combat action. Beneath the shield are the words "air crew."

The air crew insignia will be worn on the left breast above other decorations. This insignia is intended primarily for the enlisted personnel in flight crews of naval aircraft. As it is the intent that only one pair of wings may be worn by any officer or enlisted man, naval aviators, naval aviation observers and naval aviation pilots are not eligible for the award.

To be eligible for the award of this insignia, a Marine must (1) have served at least three months as a regularly assigned member of the air crew of a combatant aircraft since December 7, 1941, or (2) have suffered injuries or other physical impairment while engaged in combatant operations since 7 Dec., 1941, as a regularly assigned member of a combatant aircraft which precludes the possibility of fulfillment of time requirements as stated above. He must also be recommended by the commanding officer of the unit in which injury or physical impairment was received.

A complete directory service for all Marines serving in the Pacific and Alaska having been established at the Fleet Post Office, San Francisco, Calif., it has been ordered that a duplicate copy of each muster roll, change sheet, or correction thereto, be forwarded to the officer-in-charge, (Marine Branch), Fleet Post Office, San Francisco, California, by all organizations serving within the limits of the Department of Pacific, and all Fleet Marine Force units serving within such area; all organizations serving west of the continental limits of the United States and in Alaska; and all Marine Detachments aboard ship served by the Fleet Post Office, San Francisco. One copy of each embarkation and debarkation roster, or correction thereto, affecting Marine Corps personnel enroute to or returning from duty in the Pacific will also be forwarded to the Officer-in-Charge, (Marine Branch), Fleet Post Office, San Francisco.

Effective 19 Oct., 1943, the wearing of winter service chevrons on combat or field jackets has been discontinued. The chevrons authorized for combat or field jackets shall be summer service only.

The 1943-44 series of symphony concerts by the United States Navy Band Symphony Orchestra will be held each Friday evening at eight-thirty beginning 6 Nov. at the departmental auditorium, Constitution Avenue between 12th and 14th Streets Northwest in Washington. No concerts will be given on 24 Dec. and 31 Dec. All military personnel and civilian employees of the U. S. Marine Corps are invited to attend. The concerts are free.

Maj. Russell B. Wayne, USMC, has been ordered from duty in the field and to duty in the Office of the Quartermaster, at Headquarters Marine Corps.

Medical Department—Another large class of officers of the Medical Department was graduated 4 Nov. from the Field Service School, Carlisle Barracks, Pa., to become qualified for field duty with troops. Brig. Gen. Addison D. Davis, commandant, presented the diplomas to the officers.

Mrs. Roosevelt recently toured the Forest Glen Annex to Walter Reed General Hospital, bringing with her a message from the President. The President expressed to the soldiers there, through his wife, the greatest admiration for what they have done on the world battlefronts. Accompanied by Maj. Gen. Shelly U. Marietta, commanding general of the hospital, Mrs. Roosevelt visited the entire installation.

Word has come from Naples of eight doctors at a field hospital operating on a United States Air Force pilot. Severely injured in the head, abdomen and leg, the patient was immediately placed on an operating table of the Ninth Evacuation Hospital, commanded by Col. Lee R. Pierce. Eight doctors were quickly giving the patient surgical treatment at the same time, with two nurses in constant attendance. After six hours had passed the man had more than an even chance of recovering.

The course in aviation medicine for aviation medical examiners is now given in its entirety at the School of Aviation Medicine at Randolph Field, Tex., of which Brig. Gen. Eugen G. Reinartz, USA, is commandant. This change in schedule started with the class beginning 26 Aug. 1943.

The first class to complete this changed program graduated on 27 Oct. 1943. Exercises were conducted by Col. V. A. Byrnes, assistant commandant. The principal speaker was Col. Walter C. White, AC, the commanding officer of Randolph Field. Diplomas were presented by the executive officer, Maj. George Mayorga, MAC.

Quartermaster Corps—Cosmetics for camouflage, for preventing skin chapping and sunburn, and for other similar purposes are reaching overseas theaters of operation in large quantities, the War Department announced this week. When cosmetics are used for camouflage, the basic objective is to eliminate the bright reflection quality of the white skin and to obscure the pattern of the face by putting the paint on in irregular patterns. Cosmetics are used by virtually all combat elements including certain ground echelons of the Army Air Forces.

Soldiers in desert areas, as well as in extreme cold climates, are supplied with chap sticks since it has been discovered that in dry desert climates lips will crack badly even in temperatures of 110 degrees. Other important aids for the soldier are insect repellents and creams to prevent sunburn.

Col. George F. Spann, commanding officer of the Jersey City Quartermaster Depot, has stated that the Army needs of canned foods will be substantially less than that of last year. Frozen foods and fresh produce are used within the continental United States, and this fact, together with the careful planning of menus and rigid conservation measures, accounts for the saving.

The guard force of the Philadelphia Quartermaster Depot, which has been rated higher than any other guard force in the district and all categories considered, was presented with a special MP guidon 2 Nov. in recognition of efficient performance of duty.

Transportation Corps—The new troop transports have been designed for one specific purpose—to get as many soldiers overseas as possible and to get them there quickly and safely. Their high speed is provided by steam power plants and their medical and hospital facilities are the best obtainable. Portholes, which might betray the position of the vessels to submarines, have been eliminated, fresh air being provided by modern ventilating systems.

Included in equipment are lifeboats carrying 135 men and a smaller type carrying 70. Life floats capable of supporting 25 are also used. In addition the new vessels are equipped to cope with attacking bombers and submarines.

An order has been placed for 1,200 new triple-deck Pullman sleepers for Army use. The all-steel cars will accommodate thirty persons. The Pullman-Standard Car Manufacturing Co. plant at Michigan City, Ind., plans to turn out 12 to 18 of the sleepers a day.

Senator Walsh Discusses Navy

The activities of the Navy in both the Atlantic and Pacific theaters during World War II were described by Chairman David I. Walsh of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee in a Navy Day address on the Senate floor.

Senator Walsh related how the Navy "in the very midst of this war" has had "a phenomenal growth" in ships, planes, facilities and personnel.

Text of Senator Walsh's speech follows:

"Today the people of the United States are observing Navy Day. Navy Day is appropriately fixed on the birthday of a great supporter and friend of the Navy, ex-President Theodore Roosevelt. Indeed, the Roosevelt name has, and will always, occupy a high place in the history of the Navy. Our present Commander in Chief, Franklin D. Roosevelt, has been from the very outset of his public service intensely naval-minded and has rendered, since he became President of the United States, among his many other services to the country, an outstanding contribution in the development of our impregnable Navy.

"I have said Americans are observing rather than celebrating Navy Day for a special reason. In the midst of war—with the security of the Nation and the very lives of our fellow citizens at stake—it is not seemly to observe this day in a carnival mood. It is much more appropriate that we observe Navy Day this year in solemnity, reviewing what has transpired and recognizing the sacrifices which, particularly our fighting forces, must endure before certain victory is attained.

"It should be said at the very outset of our observance of this day that the Members of the Congress and the people of the United States have supreme confidence in the ability of our Navy to triumph over whatever trials and difficulties the future may unfold. This confidence has been strengthened by the way in which our naval forces have already overcome in great measure the handicap resulting from the Pearl Harbor disaster.

Let us look back to Navy Day a year ago. "The United States Navy, operating in conjunction with the fleets of the United Nations, had only then begun to take the offensive against the enemy. Even the victory of the Battle of Midway, during which the Japanese lost over 1,800 killed or drowned, compared to American losses of 307, was not an offensive action. But, by October 27, 1942, we had successfully concluded the Battle of Santa Cruz Island—an offensive action from beginning to end. Since that day we have never lost the initiative.

"Less than 2 weeks after Navy Day, 1942,

the United States Navy took part in the Allied landing on North Africa. On the success of that action depended the entire North African campaign. Nor did the activities of our Navy become less after the eventful day in November. Great convoys of merchant vessels, escorted by ships of the United States Navy, carried supplies across the South Atlantic. Other convoys, carrying supplies to our comrades-in-arms, swarmed across the North Atlantic to Murmansk and Liverpool under the protecting guns and planes of our Navy.

The immensity of the convoy-protection problem can be better understood when one realizes that, for months after the North African landing, our supply routes were never less than 1,400 miles in length, and often many thousands of miles long. In those days, the enemy had a water route of between 100 and 150 miles to their front, and they could fly their planes directly to bases immediately behind their lines.

"After Navy Day, 1942, the United States Navy participated in offensive operations throughout the Mediterranean area. American warships, together with warships of France, Greece, Canada, Poland, Great Britain, and the Netherlands, brought the battle to the enemy from the eastern Mediterranean to Sardinia, and from the islands formerly occupied by the enemy off the Tunisian coast to action along the shores of the Italian mainland.

"Units of the United States Navy took part in the landing on Sicily and in the support of ground troops after that landing. Units of the United States Navy took part in the landing at Salerno, and they are even now working in the closest coordination with our advancing land forces.

"The offensive action of the United States Navy in the Atlantic and in the Mediterranean has had an equally great counterpart in the offensive action of the United States Navy in the Pacific.

"The battle of Santa Cruz Island was followed by the successful battle of Guadalcanal. From that day forward, the story of the naval operations in that area has been one of unbroken victories.

"Not the least of the attainments of the United States Navy during the past year has been the heroic role it played in driving the Japanese from their last foothold in the Western Hemisphere—the Aleutians. Assisted by units of the Canadian Navy, the United States Navy took part in the landing on Attu. Its ships and its planes blasted Kiska until the Japanese were forced to abandon it without a fight.

"Everywhere along the outer defense zone of Japan, the United States Navy has attacked. Twice they have struck at Marcus and Wake Islands. Their blows have fallen at Malakal, Makin Island, and on the Gilbert Islands. Japanese merchant shipping to the extent of over 2,500,000 tons has been sunk—75 per cent of this tonnage by submarines of the United States Navy.

"In the very midst of this war, our Navy has undergone a phenomenal growth. Three years ago, there were 1,076 vessels; today there are over 14,000. Three years ago, the Navy had 1,744 planes of various types; on July 31, 1943, 18,269 planes. In the month of September alone, 2,000 more were added to our fleet of aircraft. Today the Navy has more than 29,000 pilots, more than 24 times its pilot personnel of pre-war days, and more than double this number will be ready for action by next year.

"The immense tonnage of the fighting ships of the United States Navy has been augmented during 1942-43 by the acquisition of large portions of the French and Italian Fleets. Thus, on Navy Day, 1943, the United Nations face the enemy with a naval strength many times greater than that of their foes.

"In reviewing the activities of the past year, we should extend credit to the cooperation between the United States Navy and the fleets of our allies that has helped us our road to victory. The close coordination of land, sea, and air forces of our own armed services and the spur to action in the Far East which emerged from the Quebec Conference have been of incalculable value.

"Officers and men of the United States Navy have always before them the dauntless example of the great naval heroes of the past, and in this very war the example of Admirals Norman B. Scott and Daniel J. Callaghan, who died in action on the bridges of their triumphant cruisers, and of thousands of other noble souls who have gone down to honored graves in submarines, surface craft, and airplanes.

"The future holds much in achievement and yet, in sacrifice, for the United States Navy. We can expect augmented naval action in the Atlantic. We can expect—with the release of units of our fleet from Mediterranean operations—smashing blows against the enemy in the Pacific. To paraphrase the great American naval hero, John Paul Jones, 'We have not yet begun to fight.'

"The observance of Navy Day should embrace more than an expression of our pride in the size of our Naval Establishment, in the workmanship that has produced such powerful and varied types of fighting craft—on the sea, in the air, and under the sea.

"On this Navy Day, more than ever before, our thoughts turn to the personnel of the Navy.

"Wars are not won by steel and ammunition alone. In the last analysis, manpower wins battles. As chairman of your Committee on Naval Affairs, I am pleased to bear testimony of the fact that there is no group of naval officers and men superior to ours in courage, in knowledge of naval warfare, in the spirit of self-sacrifice, and in devotion to and pride in the Navy. Man for man, ship for ship, on the sea, under the sea, and in the air, we have the most efficient Navy in the world.

"It is, therefore, the officers and enlisted men of the Navy, which of course, includes the Marines, the Coast Guard, the devoted women of the WAVES, SPARS, and MARINES, whom we especially felicitate on this occasion.

"Those of us who have been privileged to have personal knowledge of the training and the caliber of the personnel of our Navy find

it difficult adequately to express our admiration for them. They are representative of the very best type of Americans—in character, in physical and mental alertness, and in patriotism. Our Navy officers fear no danger; their personal comforts are inconsequential; they perform their duties without regard to danger, wholeheartedly and with a grim determination to face death calmly and heroically.

"No tribute to the Navy would be adequate without particularly emphasizing the contribution being made by the enlisted men. They are the backbone of the Navy; they are recruited from the fiber of the average American home throughout the length and breadth of our land; they represent every color, class, and creed of our complex population; they know no set hours of work, they work all day and all night cheerfully when there is work to do, and if need be, they will fight all day and all night for their homeland and its ideals.

"Today we salute the gallant and brave men of the Navy. Today from this Capitol, the temple of our Government of laws and not of men, the Representatives of the sovereign States of this great Republic extend to each and all of them our profound gratitude. We humbly thank the God of Nations for giving to our country in this great crisis such strong and noble defenders. May their efforts be rewarded with a complete and lasting victory, and may they soon return to us from all the seas of the world to receive publicly our plaudits and to enjoy with their loved ones and their fellow citizens the blessings of peace which through their unflinching efforts we soon will enjoy.

"To the men of the Navy, in every part of this war-stricken world, we cry out, 'We shall not forget—we shall not forget.'"

U. S. War Communiques

GENERAL MACARTHUR'S HQ. SOUTHWEST PACIFIC

23 October

Northwestern Sector: Celebes: Our heavy bombers, in a daylight raid, attacked the enemy nickel mining center at Pomelaa, causing damage and a fire in the plant area. One of ten intercepting fighters was shot down and one damaged. We lost two planes.

Arvi Islands: Our medium units and long-range fighters bombed and strafed enemy-occupied villages on Trangsan Island, starting fires.

Northeastern Sector: New Ireland: Kavieng: Our medium units bombed airdrome dispersal areas at night, causing explosions and fires.

New Britain: Rabaul: Continuing our attacks on the enemy's accumulating air reinforcements, our escorted heavy bombers concentrated 151 tons of explosives on Lakunai airdrome, causing extensive damage. Twenty-one parked aircraft were destroyed on the ground and twenty-three damaged, with fires burning throughout the target area. Thirty-seven out of seventy interceptors were shot down, with twenty more damaged. Many of our planes sustained damage, but only one was unable to return to base.

Vitu Islands: Our heavy reconnaissance units bombed anti-aircraft positions and buildings at Peter Harbor on Garove Island and attacked a village on Tolokiva Island, in Vitu Strait.

Trobriand Islands: Kiriwina: Enemy planes raided before dawn, causing minor damage and casualties.

Solomons (South Pacific Forces): Bougainville: Buka: One of our night reconnaissance units scored a direct hit on an enemy destroyer. The night patrol bombed the airdrome after dark.

Buin: Our escorted heavy medium bombers, torpedo planes and dive-bombers executed three attacks on Kahili airdrome without air opposition. Hits were scored on runway dispersal areas, gun positions and among five parked aircraft, starting fires. All of our planes returned.

Shortland Islands: Ballale: Our escorted torpedo planes and dive-bombers attacked the airdrome, scoring heavily on the runway and dispersal points. One enemy bomber and one fighter were destroyed on the ground and three anti-aircraft positions were wrecked. No interception was encountered. Our medium units bombed a village on Treasury Island.

Choiseul: Our medium units bombed and strafed enemy installations at Choiseul Bay and Kakasa.

29 October

Northwest Sector: Reconnaissance activity only.

Northeastern Sector: New Ireland: Kavieng: Our medium units bombed the airdrome at night, causing fires, and scored near misses on an enemy destroyer off East Cape.

New Britain: Ubi: Our heavy units at night bombed and scored a direct hit on a destroyer, setting it on fire. Near misses were made on another destroyer. Our long-range fighters sank a coastal vessel and damaged a barge in the area.

Gasmata: Our medium units by night, and attack planes by day, bombed the airdrome and supply dump areas and damaged a small cargo vessel. A heavy reconnaissance unit at minimum altitude strafed villages and three barges along the coast.

New Guinea: Finschhafen: Our fighter patrols intercepted an escorted enemy bomber force, probably attempting to drop supplies to its ground forces or attack shipping in the area, and shot down six bombers and six fighters, with six additional probables. One of our fighters was shot down and others were damaged.

Solomons (South Pacific Forces): Buka Area: Our reconnaissance units attacked three small enemy cargo ships at Green Island, leaving two in flames and the third beached.

Bougainville: Our forces landed on Treasury (Mono) Island during the night against minor opposition.

30 October

Northwestern Sector: Tenimber Islands: Our medium reconnaissance units bombed an enemy merchant vessel off Selaroe Island.

(Continued on Next Page)

The Record of our

SECOND YEAR IN WORLD WAR II

"THE UNITED STATES AT WAR"

December 7, 1942 to
December 7, 1943

will be published by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL next month. Contributing to the second volume of this documentary history of global war will be more than 100 leaders in the struggle—Generals and Flag Officers of the fighting fronts, leaders of our associates in the United Nations, members of our Cabinet, and the military, naval and civilian leaders contributing to our war effort.

The first volume of "United States at War," issued last December, told of the struggle of that first difficult year following the attack on Pearl Harbor, of our defenses and our work in building up material and training men. The second volume carries forward the story through the successful campaigns in North Africa and Italy, our battering ram drives in the South and Southwest Pacific, and the wresting of our Aleutian islands from the enemy.

The price of the volume is:
Paper bound . . \$3.00
Buckram bound \$5.00

Subscribers whose subscriptions have not expired on November 27, will receive a paper bound copy free, and may send such a copy to their families and friends at the reduced price of \$2.50 each, and a buckram bound copy to them at the price of \$4.50.

Because of paper restrictions our press run will be limited strictly to only orders received before November 27, 1943.

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL,
1711 Connecticut Avenue, Northwest,
Washington 9, D. C.

Please reserve, for shipment to me
copies of "The United States at War," volume 2.

I enclose \$3.00 per copy (paper) ☐ or \$5.00 per copy (buckram bound) ☐.

Signed

Address

(Checks or money orders payable to Army and Navy Journal, Inc., must accompany orders.)

ARMY UNIFORM DIRECTORY

The War Department has officially designated the following as authorized dealers in uniforms for Army officers and warrant officers. They stock the Regulation two-piece uniform (coat and matching trousers); drab wool trousers (light shade); dark wool trousers; long wool overcoat; short wool overcoat; wool service cap; and wool garrison cap. Each garment carries the "Regulation Army Officers' Uniform Label."

MINNESOTA

JUSTER BROS.

37 So. Sixth Street
Minneapolis, Minnesota

OHIO

THE HALL BROS. CO.

1228 Euclid Avenue
Cleveland, Ohio

PENNSYLVANIA

STRAWBRIDGE and CLOTHIER

Philadelphia, Penna.

U. S. War Communiques

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Northeastern Sector: New Ireland: Kavieng: Our medium units on night patrol bombed the airdrome, causing explosions and fires.

New Britain: Our reconnaissance patrol units bombed and strafed three barges at Tiwongo Island, destroying two and damaging the other. We bombed the airfield at Cape Hoskins, raided Gasmata, starting fires in the supply area, and bombed Garove and Mundua Islands and an enemy-held village on Unea Island.

Solomons: (South Pacific Forces): Buka: Our medium units with fighter escort attacked the airdrome from treetop height, destroying seven planes caught on the ground and damaging four others. Fires were started, an auxiliary vessel was sunk and an estimated 200 Japanese working on the Bonis runway were killed.

Bougainville: Bulu: Our bombers of all categories with fighter escort again heavily hit Kahili and Kara airdromes. Many fires were started, anti-aircraft positions were hit and all runways were left unserviceable. There was no interception.

Ballale: Our fighters strafed the airfield. **Treasury Island (Mono):** Our ground forces have driven the enemy toward the northeastern end of the island. In support, our medium units carried out bombing and strafing attacks.

Choleul: Our parachute troops made a successful, unopposed landing on the southwest coast. The enemy is withdrawing toward the north end.

31 October

Northwestern Sector: Celebes: Rescued survivors of one of our heavy bombers missing from a recent attack on Pomelaa now report bombing and setting fire to a 4,000-ton freight-

er-transport off the coast and shooting down ten enemy fighters during a one-hour running battle before being shot down into the sea.

Ceram: Our heavy units attacked and destroyed a 1,000-ton enemy cargo ship in Waru Bay, with two direct hits on the stern.

Tenimber Islands: Our heavy and medium units and long-range fighters attacked Selaru airdrome, nearby villages and supply dumps, causing explosions and fires. A small enemy cargo vessel off Lalibohar Island was attacked and left enveloped in flames.

Northeastern Sector: New Ireland: Kavieng: Our medium units bombed the airdrome and dispersal areas at night, causing explosions and fires visible for thirty miles. Our reconnaissance units bombed an enemy light cruiser off Cape Matanalem and attacked two cargo vessels off Cape St. George.

New Britain: Our attack planes and long-range fighters wrecked five enemy barges in a coastal sweep from Gavutu to Cape Deschamps. Our medium and heavy units bombed Gasmata and Talasea and Garove Island in the Vitu group. Our fighters strafed enemy staging areas at Talasea and Cape Hoskins, destroying three barges and swept the coast from Cape Gloucester to Cape Bushing, strafing enemy-held villages.

New Guinea: Hansa Bay: One of our fighter patrols sank an enemy barge and damaged nine other harbor craft.

Sio: Our fighters executed a low-level coastal sweep to Fortification Point, starting fires at Sio, Salum and Nuzen and destroying four barges along the coast. A heavy reconnaissance unit bombed Sio and Nambariwa village.

Buna: Four enemy bombers raided during the night, causing no damage or casualties.

Solomons: (South Pacific Forces): Bougainville: Buka: Our reconnaissance units destroyed an enemy troop-laden coastal vessel at Green Island and attacked a small cargo ship off Numa Numa.

Bulu: Our heavy units attacked Kahili and Kara airdromes, scoring heavily on the run-

ways. There was no interception. Later, our fighter patrol shot down three enemy fighters.

Treasury Islands: The enemy is continuing his withdrawal toward Malak. Our fighter patrol intercepted twenty-five enemy dive-bombers, shooting down twelve. Enemy aircraft ineffectively attacked our shipping and ground positions during the night.

Choleul: Our night patrol units strafed eleven enemy small craft off the coast. A single enemy aircraft attacked our light naval vessels without effect. Our ground troops are consolidating their positions.

Guadalcanal: Six enemy planes raided after dark without damage or casualties.

1 November

Northwestern Sector: There was reconnaissance activity only.

Northeastern Sector: New Ireland: Kavieng: Our medium units at night bombed the airdrome and dispersal areas, causing numerous fires and explosions.

New Britain: Rabaul: Our heavy bombers, with strong fighter escort, attacked Vunakanau airdrome at midday with 115 tons of explosives, destroying twenty parked aircraft, with five more probably destroyed, and demolishing a large ammunition dump and starting many fires in the area. Twenty-five out of forty intercepting fighters were shot down and thirteen others were probably destroyed. We lost four planes. At night our medium bombers raided the Tobera airdrome, dispersal and supply dump areas.

Gasmata: Our medium units bombed enemy installations at Brown Island and Gasmata and strafed and damaged several barges on the beach at Rein Bay. One plane was shot down.

Vitu Islands: Mundua Island: One of our heavy reconnaissance units at night tracked an enemy cruiser and two destroyers into Planet Harbor and attacked them at low altitude with 1,000-pound bombs. Two direct hits and a near miss probably sank one of the de-

stroyers and damaged the other.

New Guinea: Madang: Our medium units executed a low-altitude coastal sweep from Jomba Island to the Gogol River, bombing and strafing enemy-occupied villages, causing numerous fires.

Finschhafen Area: Our light naval craft on night patrol sank a large enemy barge and escorting vessel off Blucher Point.

Solomon Islands: (South Pacific Forces): Choleul: Our forces, advancing southeast along the coast, have encountered enemy opposition between Vagaru and Vosa.

Bougainville: Bulu: Our escorted torpedo and dive-bombers, followed by heavy units, attacked the Kara airdrome, runway and dispersal areas, scoring direct hits on anti-aircraft positions. There was no interception. Our fighters carried out a surprise strafing raid on Tonole Harbor in the late afternoon, destroying four small troop-laden vessels and four barges and damaging many other craft.

Shortland Islands: Ballale: Our torpedo and dive bombers, with fighter escort, bombed and strafed runway revetments and gun positions, starting fires. Several of our planes were damaged by anti-aircraft fire, but all returned.

2 November

Northwestern Sector: Activity was limited to reconnaissance.

Northeastern Sector: New Ireland: Kavieng: Our medium units at night bombed Kavieng and Panapel airdromes, causing explosions and numerous large fires visible for thirty-five miles. One of our heavy reconnaissance units bombed a 2,000-ton cargo vessel off Cape Siemens.

New Britain: Our fighter patrols sank an enemy barge at Jacquinot Bay, destroyed a medium bomber near Cape Orford and shot down an enemy reconnaissance plane north of Kiriwina. Our heavy reconnaissance units bombed and silenced anti-aircraft positions at Cape Gloucester, damaged a coastal vessel at Long Island and attacked a village near Sio on the New Guinea coast.

New Guinea: Finschhafen: Our ground forces enveloped and destroyed an enemy strong point near Ziweaning. Our dive-bombers attacked enemy supply points.

Solomon Islands: (South Pacific Forces): Bougainville: Exploiting to the full our recent comprehensive air sweeps at Rabaul and in the Solomons our right wing, under Admiral Halsey, was thrown forward approximately 200 miles into central Bougainville on the morning of 1 November. In a combined ground, water and air movement our forces seized and occupied the Empress Augusta Bay on the western coast. The movement was unopposed by the enemy and there was little opposition. We are now in the rear of the enemy's position at Bulu and in the Shortlands and are thwarting his line of supply to that area.

Buka: Our escorted heavy and medium units made four attacks on the airdrome area, thoroughly covering runways, revetments and ground installations. One enemy bomber was destroyed and seven others were damaged on the ground. There was no interception. Medium units bombed the airdrome after dark.

Kieta: Our torpedo and dive-bombers, with fighter escort attacked the airdrome, scoring hits on the runway, buildings and bivouac areas.

Treasury Islands: Our ground forces captured an enemy mortar and gun position. Our anti-aircraft defenses shot down a lone enemy raider at night.

Choleul: Our ground forces, advancing from their beachhead, drove the enemy back toward Sangail.

3 November

Northwestern Sector: Celebes: Our heavy bombers again attacked enemy nickel mining centers at Manliang Island and Pomelaa with over twenty-seven tons of explosives, causing large explosions and flames 2,000 feet in the jetty area and heavy damage in the bleaching plant area.

Northeastern Sector: New Ireland: Kavieng: Our medium units bombed the airdrome at night causing numerous explosions and fires visible for fifty miles. Our reconnaissance units sank an 8,000-ton transport west of Cape Matanalem and scored a direct hit on the stern of a 4,000-ton enemy cargo ship southeast of Lorengau.

Solomon Islands: (South Pacific Forces): Preparatory to our landing at Empress Augusta Bay our naval and air forces effectively neutralized all enemy airdromes in Bougainville and the Shortlands. At Buka a successful naval bombardment started large fires at both airdromes visible for sixty miles. Enemy fire from shore batteries was ineffective.

At dawn two successive naval air strikes started additional fires, with planes seen burning in dispersal areas. Very heavy damage was caused to installations. One large three-deck transport vessel was left in flames. Two of our planes were lost.

At Kieta two attacks by escorted medium bombers left the runway unserviceable. Three small cargo vessels in Arawa Bay were destroyed, and another cargo vessel and two barges were damaged. We lost three planes, two of the pilots being saved.

At Bulu our medium, heavy, torpedo and dive-bombers with fighter escort executed four attacks on Kara airdrome, causing explosions and fires and leaving the field unserviceable.

A strong fighter force twice strafed enemy shipping at Tonole Harbor, sinking a small cargo vessel and two barges and damaging five other barges. Anti-aircraft positions around the harbor also were strafed. Our naval units bombarded the Shortlands-Ballale area, silencing enemy shore batteries. We sustained only minor damage and casualties.

During the night the enemy made a sortie with his light naval forces down the west coast of Bougainville. Our covering naval force intercepted and the enemy dispersed and withdrew toward the northwest. Later an air attack on our naval covering force was

(Continued on Next Page)

SCHOOL and CAMP DIRECTORY

The Schools listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and recreational needs of the children of members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an enthusiastic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory address them directly, or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal Department of Education, 1711 Conn. Ave., Washington 9, D. C.

CALIFORNIA

LA LOMA FELIZ SCHOOL

SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA

A Country Day and Boarding School for boys and girls from 6 to 17

John A. Robinson, Headmaster



ANNAPOLIS, WEST POINT, COAST GUARD, FLYING FIELD
Brilliant success in exams. 31 yrs. U. S. ARMY GENERAL: "I chose your school for my son."

since at both Annapolis and West Point your boys stood out."

* Make up shortages, including new-required lab. chemistry while tutoring for exams.

2901 CALIFORNIA STREET San Francisco

NAVAL ACADEMY, WEST POINT AND COAST GUARD ACADEMY CANDIDATES

Thorough preparation for Annapolis, West Point and Coast Guard Academy Entrance Examinations. Fall term opens on September 20.

Write for information and references

RUTHERFORD PREPARATORY SCHOOL

Long Beach, Calif.

ST. CATHERINE'S MILITARY SCHOOL

Anaheim, California
30 miles from Los Angeles
Boarding School for Boys 5-16
Over Fifty Years
Rates to the Service

CONNECTICUT

1904 — LITCHFIELD — 1943

A pleasant school home in the country, where young boys up to high school age are given a sound training in elementary subjects, and in habits of right thinking and conduct. Elevation 1200 ft. Fine health record. Special rates to boys from Service families.

Headmaster—Earle Everett Sorensen
West Point 1918 Litchfield, Conn.

These Schools

Invite request for catalogues and information. In writing, kindly mention The Journal.

GEORGIA

GEORGIA MILITARY ACADEMY

8 miles from Atlanta—Fine, equable climate. Many cultural advantages—Accredited.

Courses of study, College and West Point—Annapolis Prep. Jr. College, 2-yr. course in Bus. Adm. for high school grads. Post Grad. course to strengthen foundation for college. Junior school. A separate department for young boys. Athletics. Expert coaches develop teams in major sports. Home Life. Cadets live in small groups with their teachers.

For catalog address: Col. W. P. Brewster, College Park, Ga.

The Bryan School

Annapolis, Md.

Lieutenant Arthur W. Bryan, Principal, U.S.N.A., 1923, has been engaged in preparing candidates for ANNAPOLIS, WEST POINT, and the COAST GUARD ACADEMY for past 17 years.

For further information write "P. O. Box 524-J"

NEW YORK

SCHOOLS & COLLEGES

Catalogs, ratings, advice on Private Schools, Colleges, Camps in U.S. Established 30 years. AMERICAN SCHOOLS & COLLEGE ASSOC.
Room 3483, R.G.A. Bldg., N. Y. City
621 Marshall Field Annex, Chicago

★ MANLIUS ★

Accredited college preparatory with military training. Graduates now doing successful work in 63 colleges and universities. Recruit Officers Training Corps. Aviation ground course. All sports. Famous for skiing, platoon drill on skis, swimming, golf. 125-acre campus. Special rates to sons of Army and Navy Officers. Catalog. Director of Admissions, Box N, The Manlius School, Manlius, N. Y.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

EMERSON

Sound scholastic training. Healthful sports program stresses physical fitness. Small classes. Security in homelike atmosphere for boys of parents in services. 50 miles by train from Boston.
Edward E. Emerson, Headmaster, Box 775, Exeter, N. H.

PENNSYLVANIA

CARSON LONG

★ BOYS' MILITARY SCHOOL ★

Educates the whole boy—physically, mentally, morally. How to learn, how to labor, how to live. Preparation for college or business. Character building supreme.

Rates \$550.00 Extras about \$200.00
BOX 49, NEW BLOOMFIELD, PA.

VIRGINIA

VIRGINIA EPISCOPAL SCHOOL

Lynchburg, Virginia

THE FULL STATURE OF MANHOOD
A preparatory school for boys in the foothills of the Blue Ridge. High scholastic standards. Insure adequate preparation for college. Full athletic program including teams for younger boys. The School aims to develop fully the best in every boy. For catalogue address:
George L. Burton, Jr., Ph. D., Headmaster

WASHINGTON, D. C.

COAST GUARD PREPARATORY SCHOOL

The only school preparing exclusively for the U. S. Coast Guard Academy. Outstanding record. Students eligible for Selective Service deferment.

LEONARD O. HILDER, 1310 Twentieth St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

SULLIVAN SCHOOL

ANNAPOLIS—WEST POINT PREP

Offers an accelerated plan designed to save one year in the preparation of boy for Annapolis or West Point. Information on request.
Lieutenant G. J. Sullivan, Retired
Box 1, 2187 Wyoming Ave., Washington, D. C.

LANDON SCHOOL

Rigorous college preparation. Small study groups. Experienced teachers. Limited enrollment. Campus overlooking city. Separate lower school. Sports for all. Riding, golf. Catalog. ALBERT E. ROGERS, A.M.
Box 1, Bradley Lane, Edgemoor, Washington, D. C.

STUDY FOR THE NEW WORLD WHERE IT IS BEING PLANNED—IN THE NATION'S CAPITAL

The AMERICAN UNIVERSITY

Ideal for service-connected students. 30 acre wooded campus. 2 and 4 year degree courses: Arts, Sciences, Humanities, Secretarial Science, Administration. Catalog.
4844 Mass. Ave., Washington 20, D. C.



1943

units
from
mbing
nausing

craft on
re and
forces):
theast
oppo-

orpedo
units,
nd dis-
ti-air-
reption.
raffing
rnoon,
is and
craft.
do and
ed and
itions,
were
ill re-

limited

Kavi-
Kavi-
explo-
r thrir-
nnals-
vessel

nk an
oyed a
d shot
orth of
units
ons at
ssel at
ar Slo

round
enemy
dive-

nces):
recent
nd in
dmiral
nately
n the
bined
forces
gusta
ot was
o was
ear of
Short-
ply to

units
thor-
s and
omber
dam-
ercep-
drome

, with
coring
vounac

s cap-
a. Our
ne en-

ancing
back

heavy
aining
with
using
in the
ching

Kavi-
drome
s and
nnals-
west
ct hit
ship

nces):
s Au-
tively
gain-
ccess-
res at
En-
ective.

trikes
burn-
mage
three-
Two

edlum
Three
e de-
two
lames,

o and
four
osions
ble.

enemy
small
aging
itions
Our
s-Bal-
s. We
alties.

sortie
west
naval
ressed
Later
a was

its
om
ng
on
nd
):
st
po-
edo
ita,
lla-
alr-
on.
ing
on,
and
aft.
and
one,
ere
re-

ited
avi-
avi-
bir-
als-
seel

an
ed a
shot
h of
nita
as at
el at
Sio

ound
emy
dive-

ces):
ecent
ld is
niral
ately
the
lined
proce
crusta
was
ar of
hort-
ly to

units
thor-
and
mber
dam-
recep-
rome

with
oring
vouse
cap-
a. Our
e en-
ncing
back

heavy
ining
a with
ains
in the
aching

Kavi-
drome
s and
nnals
west
et hit
o ship

orcos):
ss As-
ectively
ugaina-
uccess-
ires at
Ea-
fective.
strokes
a bura-
damage
three-
s. Two

medium
Three
ere de-
nd two
planes.

edo and
ted four
pions
eable.
enemy
a small
amaging
ositions
d. Our
nds-Bal-
rice. We
analities.
a sortie
he west
g naval
lspared
Later
orce was

U. S. War Communiques

(Continued from Preceding Page)

successfully repulsed with minor damage. Treasury Island: Our troops have advanced to Malsi on the northeast coast. A minor enemy counter-attack at night was repulsed. Forty-four enemy dead were counted.

Chiosel: Our ground forces with close bomber-fighter support attacked and defeated the enemy at Sangigal. Seventy-two enemy dead were abandoned. Remnants fled to the southeast.

GENERAL EISENHOWER'S HQ. NORTH AFRICA

27 October

Both the Fifth and Eighth Armies continue to make progress. In some sectors enemy withdrawals have been reported, but in others he is holding strongly to key points.

Medium bombers of the Northwest African Air Forces, with long-range fighter escort, yesterday attacked enemy airfields near Salomika.

Medium and light bombers and fighter-bombers attacked railway targets, motor transport, road junctions, supply dumps and enemy positions at various points north of the battle areas. Fighters maintained patrols. None of our aircraft is missing.

28 October

Army: Troops of the Eighth Army are fighting their way forward through difficult country. Enemy positions strongly held cover all main approaches and have to be dealt with in detail. Our progress is satisfactory. Torrella has been captured after stiff fighting and Castelmauro is clear of the enemy. Mafalda is in our hands.

The Fifth Army has gained additional important high ground. Riardo has been taken.

Air: Operations of the Northwest African Air Forces were greatly restricted yesterday by bad weather. Fighter-bombers and fighters attacked gun positions at Gaeta. Patrols were flown over the battle areas.

From these operations none of our aircraft is missing.

29 October

Navy: Enemy shore positions in the Minturno area were bombarded by a United States cruiser and destroyers operating in the Gulf of Gaeta Wednesday night.

Army: Further progress has been made on the Fifth Army front, where another important height has been captured.

Fighting continues on the Eighth Army front and additional short advances have been made by British and Canadian troops. Montefalcone has been captured.

Heavy rain has fallen in most operational sectors.

Air: Fighter-bombers and fighters of the Northwest African Air Forces yesterday attacked road junctions, trains, bridges and enemy positions over the battle area. Landing

fields near Orvieto, Littoria and Foligno were attacked by fighter-bombers. In these operations two enemy aircraft were destroyed. None of our aircraft is missing.

30 October

Heavy rains in most operational sectors hampered movement and added to the difficulties of fighting in the broken and mountainous terrain. Advances have been made on both flanks of the Fifth Army front in spite of heavy artillery fire. Pietravallano has been captured and Mondragone has been occupied.

Active patrolling was carried out in the Eighth Army sector.

In certain parts of the front strong enemy positions have been encountered.

Heavy bombers and long-range fighters of the Twelfth United States Air Force attacked the marshalling yards at Genoa yesterday. Light bombers attacked gun positions and troop concentrations at Macchlagodena. Fighter-bombers attacked bridges and motor transports in the Mignano area. Two merchant vessels were successfully attacked off Giulanova.

During these operations six enemy aircraft were destroyed. Two of our aircraft are missing.

Royal Air Force night bombers attacked the marshalling yards at Grosseto last night.

31 October

Army: Bad weather has again hampered ground operations.

The Fifth Army has continued to make progress and has secured several important areas of high ground which give good observation to the west.

Widespread patrol activity has been continued on the Eighth Army front. Limited advances have also been made through difficult country in some sectors.

Navy: E-boats which attacked the Bay of Naples on the night of 25-26 October were engaged and driven off by Allied patrols before causing any damage. On the night of 26-27 October E-boats which appeared off Bastia were driven off by PT-boats of the United States Navy.

Roads, a railway and a tunnel in the Scari area at the north end of the Gulf of Gaeta have been successfully bombarded by daylight by units of the United States Navy.

Air: Heavy bombers of the Northwest African Air Forces, escorted by long-range fighters, attacked the iron and steel works at Savona, the freight yards at Genoa, Imperia and Porto Maurizio yesterday.

Medium bombers attacked railroad yards at Frosinone. Light bombers and fighter-bombers were over the battle area attacking gun positions, bridges, troop concentrations and motor transports. Night bombers attacked the airfield at Perugia last night.

During all these operations no enemy aircraft was encountered. Three of our aircraft are missing.

1 November

Bad weather in the northern sector of the Eighth Army front. Elsewhere our forces pushed forward to capture the village of Cantalupo and the important high ground near it. Enemy artillery was active in this sector.

Enemy resistance in certain sectors of the Fifth Army front was strong, but further progress was made by our troops. The important road center of Teano was captured, and elsewhere on the front more ground offering good observation was taken.

The recent heavy rains are making movement very difficult in the coastal sector.

Heavy bombers of the Northwest African Air Forces attacked the Antheor railroad viaduct, near Cannes, in southeastern France, yesterday.

Medium bombers attacked the Italian harbors at Civitavecchia and Anzio, scoring direct hits on warehouses, oil-storage tanks, railways and quays.

Long-range fighters attacked the airfield at Tirana, Albania.

During these operations two enemy aircraft were destroyed. None of our aircraft is missing.

2 November

On the Fifth Army front further advances were made. The enemy was driven from important positions.

Pressure was maintained on the Eighth Army front and some further ground was gained in the southern portion.

Medium bombers escorted by long-range fighters of the Northwest African Air Forces attacked the marshalling yards at Rimini and the Ancona harbor yesterday. A direct hit was scored on a merchant ship and a large explosion was observed in the shipbuilding yards at Ancona.

Heavy bombers attacked La Spezia harbor and a bridge northeast of La Spezia.

Light bombers attacked rail communications near Anzio and road junctions northwest of Venafrò.

Fighters and fighter-bombers were over the battle area attacking motor transport, road junctions and bridges. Last night the marshalling yards at Via Regio were attacked by night bombers.

Enemy aircraft attacked the Naples area last night. No damage was done and two of the attacking aircraft were shot down.

In all these operations four enemy aircraft were destroyed. Two of our aircraft are missing.

TENTH USAF HQ, NEW DELHI

27 October

Merchant shipping has been added to the many targets blasted by the Tenth USAAF within the last week as our aircraft continue to step up the pace of heavy attacks on Burma.

Liberators struck Rangoon Tuesday, with merchant shipping and the central railroad station receiving the burden of the attack. Direct hits and many near misses were scored

on a 250-foot freighter anchored between Mowra Point and the Ahlone docks. When last observed, it appeared to be sinking rapidly. Numerous hits were made in the station area, but results were not observed.

Approximately twenty Japanese fighters intercepted our formation as it was leaving the target, and three interceptors possibly were destroyed and several more damaged, but clouds prevented confirmation of victories.

On Monday, Mitchells attacked Pakokku with excellent results. Enemy-occupied buildings were demolished and incendiary clusters started several large fires, some of them visible for eighty miles. Storage buildings were destroyed and a direct hit on one resulted in a large explosion. Smoke from an oil fire rose 11,000 feet.

Delayed reports of operations tell of additional attacks in northern Burma on Sunday. Fighter-bombers and medium bombers com-

(Please turn to Page 295)

AUTHORIZED METAL CAP DEVICES FOR NAVAL OFFICERS



Neither time nor expense has been spared in the creation of this device. We feel well repaid for our effort in the design and craftsmanship achieved. Product is Sterling Silver and 14 Karat Gold Filled. Mounted on finest Mohair braid fitted to cap size and ready to wear.

Price, \$7.50 each.

HENRY V. ALLIEN & CO.

(Makers of equipment for officers of our armed services since 1815)

227 Lexington Ave. at 34th Street
New York City

This Shipbuilding Company is one of the first three to be awarded the M pennant for meritorious production. The pennant was presented by the Maritime Commission Award Board, March 27, 1943.

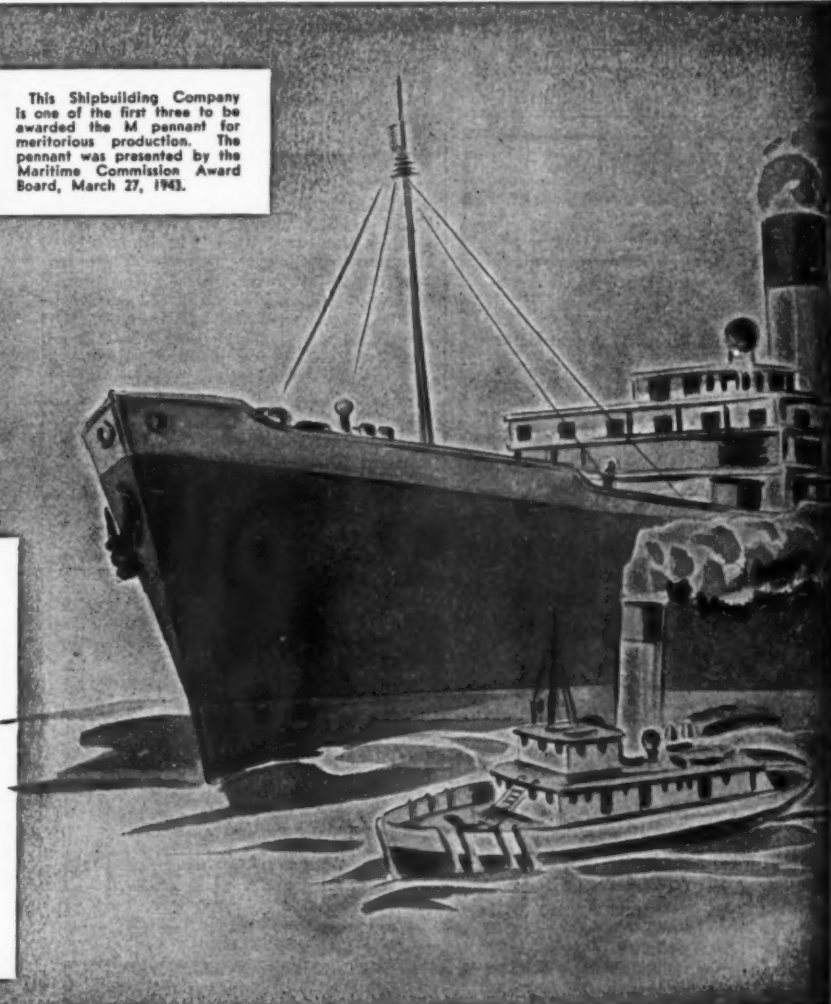
*Greetings: To our
6000 former employees now in the Army,
Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard.*

A new flag now flies with Old Glory above our Headquarters Building. It bears the "M" for meritorious achievement for our Maritime service.

This award is evidence that our pledge to you and to the Nation is being kept.

**THE SUN SHIPBUILDING & DRYDOCK CO.
CHESTER, PA.**

We'll See It Through



THIS is the night of the Junior Naval Officers' Ball to be held at the Sulgrave Club from nine till one o'clock under distinguished sponsorship. Patrons for this gala annual event are Adm. and Mrs. Ernest J. King, Vice Admiral Robert Wilson, Rear Adm. and Mrs. F. L. Reichmuth, Rear Adm. and Mrs. Thomas Gatch, Capt. and Mrs. James B. Sykes, and Capt. and Mrs. John R. Perry.

Miss Florence King, daughter of Admiral and Mrs. King, is chairman of the Junior Women's Committee, which includes Senorita Michels, daughter of the Chilean Ambassador; Mile. Denise Fenard, and the Misses Eleanor Flood, Mary Jane Jacobs, Ann Wilkinson, Jean David, Emily Myers, Ruth Parker Dove and Christine Gawne.

Lt. Comdr. John J. White, USNR, is the general chairman of tonight's dance. Proceeds from the dance will go towards the District Auxiliary Navy Relief Society. The Junior officers last year contributed \$450.

Mrs. Jack Thompson, wife of Brigadier General Thompson, is making her home at Staunton, Va., for the duration. She was hostess last week to Miss Nancy Hawkins, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Hamilton Hawkins, of Washington, for whom she gave several informal affairs.

The Army Daughters have changed the day of the week for their monthly meetings to Friday in lieu of Monday, and yesterday they gathered at the Washington Club for luncheon which was followed by a talk. The speaker was M. André Visson, who spoke on "Internal Problems of the United Nations." He is Russian born and has a wide personal knowledge of European affairs.

Col. and Mrs. Robert J. Fleming celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last week, and home for the event were their sons, Lt. Col. Robert J. Fleming, jr., USA, and Mr. George Fleming, of Hartford, Conn., and also their daughter, Mrs. Leslie Carter, who is making Washington her home town for the duration, all being present at the twilight fete held at the Army and Navy Club.

ESSEX HOUSE
On the park

Headquarters in New York for officers in service. Comfort, convenience and relaxation assured.

Moderate Transient Rates
Special rates for Members of United Nations Forces

CASINO-ON-THE-PARK
for dining and dancing

OSCAR WINTRAB
Managing Director

160 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, NEW YORK CITY
1 BLOCK FROM SUBWAY STATIONS

SAFER SERVICE FOR SERVICE MEN

LILY-TULIP
Cups and Containers
A VITAL HEALTH PROTECTION SERVICE

122 EAST 42nd STREET NEW YORK 17, N. Y. 1325 ST. LOUIS AVENUE KANSAS CITY 7, MO. 3050 EAST 11th STREET LOS ANGELES 23, CALIF.

SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Another festivity of last week was the party given by Miss Barbara Vickery, daughter of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Howard L. Vickery, for her young friend, Miss Olga Cooke, whose marriage to Lt. Howard Lyons Stone, jr., USA, is to take place Monday evening at the Sulgrave Club, and at which Miss Vickery will be a bridesmaid.

Maj. Gen. Howard K. Loughry and his daughter, Madeline, are now settled in their new quarters at the Kennedy-Warren in Washington, the General serving as Chief of Finance, USA.

New arrivals in the Service set in the Capital are Capt. C. D. Emory, USN, and Mrs. Emory, who are domiciled at Rixey Mansion, adjoining the Virginia Country Club.

Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox attended the opening night of "Sons of Fun" Monday evening, and inadvertently took part in the show, for some one in the cast evidently was tipped off to the fact that the date marked a birthday anniversary of the Secretary. A lighted birthday cake was passed down to Mr. Knox, which he accepted in high good humor, and entered into the spirit of the occasion by blowing out the flames of the candles at the suggestion of some one in the audience.

Admiral William H. Standley, former U. S. Ambassador to Soviet Russia, and Mrs. Standley were among the dinner guests of Mrs. Edward Beale McLean Sunday night, when she entertained almost two hundred. Some others were Maj. Gen. J. A. Ulio, Rear Adm. and Mrs. Howard Vickery, Gen. S. Leroy Irwin, Col. John Lowry, Capt. and Mrs. Peter Dewey, Lt. Edward McLean Cummings, Capt. Edward McCauley, Col. Douglas Parmentier, and Lt. Thurman Arnold, Jr.

The Army and Navy Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will hold its regular monthly meeting at the Chapter House, 1732 Massachusetts Avenue, on Monday, 8 Nov., at 2:00 p. m., to be followed by an informal tea.

Miss Margaret Hagan, director of Red Cross at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, will address the chapter on "Psychiatric Social Work of the American Red Cross in Wartime." Mrs. Arthur C. Houghton, chairman of the National Defense Committee, D. C., D. A. R., will promote the Buddy Bag Project and have on sale material, cut to size, for the Buddy Bags.

Com. Edwin W. Holden, USNR, has just sold his house, "Dunsallin," in Baldwin, Long Island, and has taken an apartment in Wesley Manor, Port Chester, N. Y. Comdr. and Mrs. Holden will be at home to their friends at this address after November 15, 1943.

Comdr. Holden is presently on duty at the Navy Yard, New York.

VITAL INFORMATION is in every issue of the Army and Navy Journal. Prompt renewal of your subscription will insure you against missing copies.



MRS. EDWARD McBRIDE, JR.
formerly, Miss Simone Safford,
daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs.
Hermon F. Safford of Chevy Chase,
Md.

Weddings and Engagements

THE historic Presidio of San Francisco Officers' Club was the setting chosen by Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Emil Charles Kiel, of the Fourth Air Force for a recent gala occasion.

On Monday evening, 1 Nov., a reception was held celebrating their twenty-fourth wedding anniversary and announcing the engagement and approaching marriage of their elder daughter, Elizabeth Frances (Betty), to Lt. Robert William Canny, SC, AUS.

Betty will be remembered by her friends and associates at the various posts where General Kiel has served during his Army career. She graduated from George Washington High School in San Francisco and later completed a course with the American Institute of Banking. For a time she was with the San Francisco Bank, but for the past year has been with United Airlines in the main office in San Francisco. Betty is a member of the Washington, D. C., chapter of "Daughters of the United States Army."

Lieutenant Canny is the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Paul Canny, of Binghamton, N. Y. He entered the Service in June, 1942, after attending Princeton.

Before the high altar of St. Matthew's Roman Catholic Cathedral in Washington, Miss Kathleen Doud, of San Francisco, became the bride of Comdr. William Henry Watson, jr., USN, Tuesday, 2nd Nov., at half after seven in the evening, the Rev. John B. Argaud officiating before a distinguished group of friends and acquaintances of the young couple.

After the ceremony there was a reception held at the Shoreham Hotel, followed by a supper.

The bride, who is the daughter of Mrs. Thomas Doud and the late Mr. Doud, is a granddaughter of the late Francis Doud, distinguished pioneer citizen of California, and landed proprietor of the Monterey Peninsula. She was lovely in a diaphanous wedding gown of white tulle over taffeta, with which she wore a finger-length veil of tulle held by a slender wreath of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of gardenias and stephanotis.

Her sister, Miss Anita Doud came on from San Francisco to be her maid of honor.

Capt. T. Ross Cooley, USN, gave the bride's hand in marriage, and Commander Watson had as his best man, his brother, Maj. James Watson, USA, who with Mrs. Watson, came up from Charlottesville,

Va., for the event. Ushers were Comdr. E. E. Berthold, Comdr. J. W. Waterhouse, Comdr. W. C. Thomas and Lt. J. J. McNery, all of the United States Navy.

Commander Watson, a graduate of the 1929 class of the Naval Academy, at Annapolis, was a White House aide from 1936 to 1938. He saw service at Pearl Harbor and later distinguished himself in the South Pacific. He is now in the Bureau of Naval Personnel. His parents are Mr. and Mrs. William Henry Watson, of Pensacola, Fla., who came on for the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Burner, 4110 49th street, N. W., Washington, D. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Betty Burner, to Lt. Eugene Taylor MacDonald, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Earl MacDonald, of Everett, Wash. The wedding will take place at an early date in Berkeley, Calif.

Capt. Milton O. Carlson, USN, and Mrs. Carlson announce the engagement of their daughter, Janet, to S. Sgt. Irving Brinton Holley, jr., Army Air Force, son of Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brinton Holley, of Farrington, Conn.

Mrs. Rita Horton Sowers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Horton, of Groton, Conn., and New York, and widow of Mr. Joseph Hance Sowers, was married to Ens. Thomas Henry Quinn, USNR, son of Col. Patrick Henry Quinn and Mrs. Quinn, of West Warwick, R. I., the marriage taking place Saturday, 30 Oct., at the St. Regis Hotel in New York, with a reception following.

Dr. and Mrs. Wayne W. Woolley, of Glen Cove, L. I., announce the marriage of their daughter, Mary Jeanne, to Lt. Paul William Gaillard, USNR, on 23 Oct.

Lt. and Mrs. Gaillard will reside in Annapolis, Md., where Lieutenant Gaillard is a student at the Post Graduate School of the United States Naval Academy.

Friends of Miriam Richmond will be saddened to learn of the death of her fiancé, Captain Richard Van Divort, Air Corps, who was killed in a recent airplane crash. The announcement of the engagement of Miriam was made in these columns several weeks ago by her parents, Col. and Mrs. Leon H. Richmond, SC, USA.

Assume New Posts

Carlisle Barracks, 1 Nov.—Capt. Carl R. Schneck, special service officer at Carlisle Barracks for more than two years, left yesterday for Harrisburg for duty as Army Emergency Relief Administrator for the central Pennsylvania area. He has been replaced by Captain Gordon L. Nereim, of Chicago, Ill., former Assistant Special Service Officer.

DECKLE EDGE "JUMBO" PRINTS
Bigger, better, very realistic, every print an enlargement, yet so low priced, only 25c roll (developing included). You'll like these original "Jumbos." SIXTEEN regular deckle-edge prints & roll devel., 25c or 16 reprints 25c. Good service too. Try an order **JUMBO PHOTO SERVICE, Box 808N, Minneapolis**

★ "When It's Over Over There"★

Come and make your home in St. Petersburg, Florida, the Sunshine City. This community likes the men of the Service—and Service men like St. Petersburg. Many officers and men have already made their retirement homes in this pleasant city. For booklets write H. J. Davenport, Manager, Chamber of Commerce, St. Petersburg, Florida.

★

Posts and Stations

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

1 November 1943

Mrs. King, wife of Admiral Ernest King, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Oliver Van den Berg, at her home on Franklin St.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. S. Morrow Decker, have arrived here to spend part of the winter with Mrs. Decker's sister, Mrs. Hamilton Gale, at her home on Cheston Ave.

Mrs. Middleton Semmes Guesf, widow of Comdr. Guesf, USN, entertained at a tea last week in honor of Mrs. Randall Dees, wife of Captain Dees, USN. Mrs. Dees who has been living in Newport, R. I., where her husband was stationed, came here to spend a short time as the guest of Mrs. Guesf.

Mrs. Gardner Anderson, of Brookline, Mass., is visiting Mrs. William McClintic, wife of Capt. McClintic, USN, at her home on King George St.

Lt. William F. Flood, Jr., has returned to Fort Bragg after spending a short vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Flood.

Pvt. William H. Doyle, Jr., USMCR, has returned to the University of North Carolina, after spending a week's leave with his parents, Capt. and Mrs. William H. Doyle, of St. Margaret's.

Lt. Roger W. Hall, son of Captain Wolcott E. Hall, USN, formerly of Annapolis, has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Thomas Stone.

Lt. William C. Godfrey, USN, is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Arthur E. Owens, widow of Major Owens, USMC, at her apartment on Hanover St.

Mrs. Dierdorff, wife of Capt. Ross A. Dierdorff, USN, entertained last Monday in honor of Mrs. Holt, wife of Capt. Walter Holt, USN, and Mrs. C. E. Richards.

NORFOLK, VA.

4 November 1943

Lt. Douglas Handy (DC) USN, who will leave shortly for other duty, was guest of honor Thursday night at Halloween party given by a group of friends. The party was given at the home of Chief Specialist Freeman Cook, Edgewater, and the guests numbered twenty-five.

Lt. and Mrs. S. C. Hooper were guests of honor Monday at a dinner party in the Downtown Officers' Club, by fellow-officers of the Coast Guard Station and their wives, and officers of the RAF Transport Command. Lieutenant Hooper, who has served here for two and one-half years, will now be stationed in Washington, D. C., where he will be technical advisor for aircraft radio and communications at Coast Guard Headquarters.

Lt. Paul N. Bacalla, USA, entertained Saturday night at a buffet supper given at his home, Langley View, Hampton, in honor of Mrs. Bacalla. In addition to a group of Hampton friends, there was a group of Norfolk invited guests numbering seven.

Capt. and Mrs. W. M. Thompson have as their guests at their quarters in the Navy Yard, their sons, William Thompson, of the

University of South Carolina, and Anebler Thompson, of Renaissance Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y.

The Searchlight

(Army—Address: The Searchlight, U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.)

SEARCHLIGHT, the Navy wives' address file, has received a number of donations from interested friends in recent weeks, they are much appreciated. Although we ask that return postage be sent with each address inquiry, a number of people forget, and these donations are used to cover our expenses.

We need the addresses of these Navy wives:

Austin, Mrs. M. H., wife of Lt. C., USN, '35; Baker, Mrs. Wilcox, wife of Capt., USN; Beary, Mrs. D. B., wife of R. Adm., USN; Bird, Mrs. Robert, wife of Ensign, USN, '44; Brown, Mrs. Chas. R., wife of Capt., USN, '31; Camera, Mrs. Robert S., wife of Lt. C., USN, '33; Carlson, Mrs. Harry F., wife of Comdr., USN; Cater, Mrs. Chas. J., wife of Comdr., USN, '22; Cobb, Mrs. D. B., wife of Major, USMCR; Davis, Mrs. Wm. V., wife of Capt., USN, '24; Dimberg, Mrs. Paul, wife of Lt., USN; Dingwell, Mrs. John E., wife of Capt., USN; Eusey, Mrs. C. J., wife of Capt., USMCR; Gass, Mrs. J. P., wife of 2nd Lt., USMCR; Hastings, Mrs. Warren R., wife of Comdr., USN; Hughes, Mrs. James, wife of Lt., USNR (SC); Jones, Mrs. G. F., wife of Capt., USMCR; Kinert, Mrs. J. O., wife of Comdr., USN, '30; Kilroy, Mrs. John P., wife of Lt. C., USN, '35; Kriner, Mrs. Geo. C., wife of Capt., USN, '33; Lee, Mrs. Arthur A., wife of Comdr., USN (SC); Leighton, Mrs. Frank, wife of R. Adm., USN; Manchester, Mrs. R. R., wife of Capt., USMCR; Maxson, Mrs. Willis, wife of Lt. (1g), USN, '42; Mayfield, Mrs. I. H., wife of Capt., USN; Miller, Mrs. Wm. L., wife of Lt. (1g), USNR; Mills, Mrs. Schuyler, wife of Capt., USN; Mitchell, Mrs. W. E., wife of Capt., USMCR; Montagna, Mrs. W., wife of Capt., USMCR; Moosbrugger, Mrs. F. C., wife of Comdr., USN, '23; McDaniel, Mrs. Irving, wife of Comdr., USN; McGoughran, Mrs. J. C., wife of Lt. C., USN, '33; Neill, Mrs. W. G., wife of Capt., USN (SC); Pratt, Mrs. Richard, wife of Comdr., USN, '28; Roberts, Mrs. M. C., wife of Comdr., USN (SC); Rowe, Mrs. Gordon, wife of Capt., USN, '18; Satterlee, Mrs. R., wife of Comdr., USN (MC); Schneider, Mrs. E. C., wife of Lt. C., USN, '33; Sherman, Mrs. F. C., wife of R. Adm., USN; Solter, Mrs. Robert H., wife of Lt., USNR; Sutliff, Mrs. R. C., wife of Capt., SN, '24; Walter, Mrs. Wilfred Aven, wife of Comdr., USN, '30; Walsh, Mrs. Wm. E., wife of Comdr., USN (MC); Wheeler, Mrs. Homer B., wife of Comdr., USN, '24; Zimny, Mrs. Stanley Michael, wife of Lt. C., USN, '37.

The Locators

(Army—Address: The Locators, P. O. Box 537, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.)

IT is the desire of the The Locators to have on file the addresses of every Army officer's wife in order to expedite our services to you and in order to shorten our locate lists.

Our thanks to the women whose husbands are in the Army Air Forces for having done a wonderful job of sending in their names for our files. You are to be commended for your grand work.

Now you girls, whose husbands are in other branches of the Service, see if you can do as well by bombarding us with your names and the following information: Husband's name, rank and branch; your given name and duration address (an address through which you can always be reached.)

The Locators are looking for the addresses of the following officers' wives. If you know where any of them are, please send addresses to Box 537, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas:

Mrs. Edward R. Allbright (Lt.); Mrs. Wendel L. Bevan (Ann) (Col. FA.); Mrs. Philip L. Blackmore (Gladys) (Col. Ord.); Mrs. W. O. Darby (Natalie) (Lt. Col. FA.); Mrs. R. A. Edmonston (Lt. Col. MC); Mrs. John Francis Fiske (Col. FA.); Mrs. M. H. H. (Bobby) (Capt., deceased, AC); Mrs. John Hargreaves (Hardie) (Col. MC); Mrs. Allan Jones (Marian) (Maj. Inf.); Mrs. Clyde W. Lyon (Clara) (Maj. FA.); Mrs. Harry Mikkelsen (Janie) (Capt. Ord.); Mrs. Harold T. Molloy (Ruth) (Lt. Col. FA.); Mrs. William J. Moroney (Francine) (Col. Inf.); Mrs. Collins R. Perry (Mabel) (Maj. Inf.); Mrs. Ramsey (Elva) (Col. Inf.); Mrs. Wellington A. Samouel (Lillian) (Lt. Col. FA.); Mrs. Walter Wm. Stiern (AlysJune) (Capt., VC); Mrs. Robert Strong (Virginia) (Capt., AC); Mrs. William E. Trostad (Martha Bowler) (1st Lt.); Mrs. John L. Vallantyne (Col. 4th Armored Div.); Mrs. Harry T. Yates (Ann) (Lt.).

U. S. War Communiques

(Continued from Page 293)

bined to bomb and strafe a storage dump north of the Myitkyina landing ground and substantial fires were started in the area. Strating left another large fire burning at Mogaung, with rolling stock riddled at Mogaung and Namti. A direct hit and several near misses were made at the approaches to the Namti win railroad bridge, forty miles southwest of Mogaung, and installations along the tracks were thoroughly strafed.

Sharaw Ga, Taihpa Ga and Kantau were attacked for the second successive day by fighter-bombers. Four fires were started in storage dumps. Buildings were in flames over most of the storage area south of Kamaing as the result of a bombing and strafing attack.

From these several operations one of our aircraft is missing.

28 October

Additional details have been reported on the attack on merchant shipping and the central railroad station at Rangoon on Tuesday by Liberators of the Tenth USAF. Several direct hits were scored on a 350-foot freighter mentioned in yesterday's communique and the vessel was on fire when last observed. Three large fires with a heavy volume of smoke were started in enemy installations south of central station.

In the battle that followed the interception of our formation by Japanese fighters, seven enemy interceptors were confirmed destroyed, five were probably destroyed and one was damaged.

The aircraft reported missing yesterday was lost in this engagement. Members of the crew were seen to bail out and were machine-gunned by Japanese fighters after their parachutes had opened.

On the same day Mitchells pounded the Mu River Canal railroad bridge west of Mandalay with excellent results. Both approaches were battered and considerable trackage destroyed. Delayed reports of operations on Monday tell of additional attacks by fighter-bombers and medium bombers in northern Burma.

Demolition bombs and incendiary clusters were showered on an ammunition dump at Sahmaw, twenty-five miles southwest of Mogaung, resulting in violent explosions. The dump area was left in flames, as well as nearby enemy-occupied buildings. Rolling stock was strafed on railroad sidings and several anti-aircraft positions were silenced.

A Namkwin railroad bridge forty miles southwest of Mogaung was attacked for the second day with considerable destruction of trackage and rolling stock on both approaches.

Storage buildings were bombed and strafed at Lachangra in Hukawng Valley and a large fire was left burning.

Five fires were started at Nanyasak, twenty miles north of Kamaing, two at Taro and three at Namtung, 125 miles north of Mandalay.

With the exception of plane mentioned above, which had previously been reported, none of our aircraft is missing from these several operations.

29 October

The Tenth USAF continued its methodical destruction of railway and communications facilities in Burma Wednesday and Thursday, but varied the attack with occasional descents on barracks and storage areas.

Thursday the Liberators pounded Toungoo with excellent results. More than fifty-five

tons of bombs were dropped. Japanese headquarters received nearly half of this weight and several fires as well as two large explosions resulted. The remainder was distributed over the railway yards, station and storage areas.

The same day Mitchells struck at Japanese installations at Pakokku with all their bombs landing in the target area, causing considerable damage.

Wednesday the Mitchells concentrated on railway lines running north from Shwebo. One formation damaged tracks between Tangu and Kin-U, another attacked between Kin-U and a grade-crossing just north of Shwebo and on a group of warehouses.

One of our aircraft failed to return from these operations.

Confirmation has been received that a 3,500-ton enemy freighter hit on Tuesday's raid at Rangoon was definitely sunk.

31 October

Medium and fighter-bombers of the Tenth USAF have been active over central and northern Burma in the past few days, delivering heavy blows, against Japanese communications, airbases and supply points.

Myitkyina received the brunt of the attack. On four successive days ending 30 October landing guns, headquarters buildings and storage areas were pounded by fighter-bombers. Runways, revetments and landing grounds were repeatedly hit by bombs and adjacent buildings were left aflame. Anti-aircraft positions on the field were silenced by strafing.

Roof-top attacks were made on headquarters buildings, with all bombs hitting the target, but damage could not be ascertained because of the altitude and speed of the planes. The barracks area was heavily damaged. Storage buildings were leveled at Wangmaw, across the river from Myitkyina, and eleven fires were observed.

Other formations bombed and strafed Lonkin and Hantung, forty miles west of Kamaing, starting fires in supply areas.

On 29 October Mitchells leveled two warehouses and left another burning at Myitgyan. A large explosion was observed in the center of a supply dump. Fighter-bombers bombed and strafed Taro and Kolum-ga, north of Kamaing. Four buildings were demolished and many fires were left burning in Kamaing.

(Continued on Next Page)

BALTUGO INVESTMENT CO.

Round Rock

In the Heart of Texas

POOLING OF OBLIGATIONS—OUR SPECIALTY

for

Officers of the Regular Services

25% Discount

FOR ALL BRANCHES OF THE MILITARY AND NAVAL SERVICES

• Members of all branches of the armed forces will receive this discount on regular rate room accommodations. Minimum rates for service men (not subject to discount) are:

Single room . . \$3.00
Double room . . 4.50
Double room . . 5.00
(twin beds)

HOTEL NEW YORKER

2500 Rooms from \$3.85

Private tunnel from Penn Station. B&O Bus connections. Each room has bath and shower, Servidor, radio and sanitary Protecto-Ray Bathroom!

FREE—GUIDE BOOK! Write for 28 page illustrated folder "Highlights of New York". Full details about points of interest and all transit facilities.

ROSENFELD UNIFORM CO.

Since 1902

15 School St.

Boston, Mass.

"LEADING MILITARY OUTFITTERS IN NEW ENGLAND"

the Palmer House

Is highly appreciative of the honor bestowed upon it by the vast majority of Officers and their families who choose this outstanding hotel as their Chicago home while they are in the city.



"CHICAGO'S BEST LOCATED HOTEL"

THE PALMER HOUSE

STATE STREET AT MONROE

Edward J. Lawless

VICE-PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER

U. S. War Communiques

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Fighter-bombers on 28 October scored direct hits on the highway bridge between Mogaung and Manywet. Mogaung was strafed and four buildings were set afire at Manywet. Smoke prevented observation of the results of the bombing attack on the Lollaw River bridge.

From these operations none of our aircraft is missing.

1 November

Planes of the Tenth USAF dealt heavy blows to airdromes, raided bridges and other targets in Burma over the week-end.

Mitchells and fighter-bombers further damaged the vital Meza River bridge in another successful attack 31 October and a railroad bridge south of Zigon (near Tabin) was made unserviceable.

Fighter-bombers shot up a train between Mawhuan and Mohnyin on the road from Katha to Mogaung. Rolling stock and a locomotive were thoroughly strafed on a siding at Mawhuan. At Mogaung another formation scored several direct hits, destroying buildings and starting fires. Large buildings at Nantib, ten miles northeast of Mogaung, were left in flames. A camp at Pagoda Hill was strafed and several fires started in Lonkin.

On 30 October Mitchells showered incendiaries on barracks in the Melkita cantonment area, seventy miles south of Mandalay, with excellent results.

Liberators pounded the Lashio airdrome and pelted barracks with demolition bombs. Clouds prevented observation of actual hits in the cantonment area but smoke rose from a number of barracks.

The landing ground at Onbank, ten miles west of Shwebo, sustained considerable damage when bombs plowed up runways and taxi strips.

FOURTEENTH USAF HQ, CHUNGKING

27 October

Mitchell bombers of the Fourteenth USAF on a shipping sweep off the west coast of Hainan Island 25 October attacked and sank a 150-foot tanker. They also severely damaged and probably sank a 250-foot Japanese freighter, which was sinking at the stern and listing badly when last observed.

28 October

Fighter and bomber aircraft of the Fourteenth USAF carried out successful operations against Japanese installations in French Indo-China and western Yunnan Province Tuesday.

Liberators with fighter escort successfully bombed railroad marshalling yards at Halphong. Fifty-five tons of bombs were dropped covering the target area and scoring many direct hits on rolling stock, warehouses and the yards themselves. Direct hits also were scored on a highway bridge. Heavy anti-aircraft fire was encountered, but there was no fighter interception.

Other B-24's bombed the village of Tengchung, in western Yunnan Province, encountering no opposition.

B-25 bombers carried out a successful attack on enemy shipping off Hainan Island. They attacked and sank one 300-foot transport and two 250-foot tankers, one of which exploded. They also bombed a 150-foot freighter, which was left listing.

Returning in the afternoon the B-25's scored a near miss on a 200-foot freighter. They also observed twelve Zeros on the ground at Kungshan and one I-45, which was shot down. They destroyed one Zero on the ground.

Continuing on their mission, they attacked dock installations and an eighty-foot tender with unobserved results. Intense anti-aircraft fire was encountered over the harbor.

29 October

Heavy bombers of the Fourteenth AF on 27 October successfully bombed Lungling, Japanese-held city on the Burma road in western Yunnan Province. All bombs landed in the city proper, starting many fires.

On leaving, our planes met eight Japanese fighter aircraft. In a fifty-minute fight our gunners shot down three confirmed and one probable.

Later, returning to base, they were attacked by eight more Zeros. Within thirty minutes the bombers had confirmed the destruction of five Zeros, scored one probable and damaged the remainder of the attacking aircraft. Supplementary reports on Tuesday's action by the Fourteenth Air Force, Mitchell bombers indicate an additional 200-foot freighter was attacked and left sinking and one Zero destroyed.

This places the total for that day at one 300-foot transport, two 200-foot tankers, one 200-foot freighter, one 150-foot freighter and one 100-foot freighter sunk and three enemy fighters confirmed.

30 October

Fighters and bombers of the Fourteenth USAF were active on all fronts on 28 October. B-25's, on a shipping sweep off Kwangchow-an Peninsula, attacked two 150-foot freighters, sinking one and probably sinking the other. The vessel was left listing and down at the stern.

Other B-25's made a surprise attack on Japanese barracks near Fort Bayard, inflicting many casualties. Our fighter escort destroyed one Japanese fighter plane on the ground.

In central China, fighters made a low-level attack on the Yochow airdrome and warehouses. Fighters also attacked a factory and two buildings at Kienli, which were left burning.

On the Salween front, Liberators bombed the Japanese-occupied town of Manshih. Four tons of bombs were dropped with unobserved results.

Eight Japanese aircraft bombed an Allied airdrome in southwest China, inflicting minor damage.

31 October

B-24's of the Fourteenth AF, with fighter escort, on 29 October attacked a large zinc smelting plant at Kwangyen, near Halphong, Indo-China. Forty tons of demolition bombs

were dropped. All main buildings were hit, including power and pumping stations. The entire plant is believed out of commission. B-25's attacked jetties, shore installations and an airdrome at Fort Bayard, destroying the airdrome administration building.

In Central China fighter aircraft on offensive reconnaissance attacked a 200-foot steamer in the Yangtze River near Klukiang. They also conducted a low-level attack on warehouses and hangars at an airdrome and destroyed one locomotive and train south of Klukiang.

All our aircraft returned safely.

2 November

B-25's of the Fourteenth USAF, in support of Chinese troops fighting in central China, bombed a motor park and barracks at Shayang. Eighty per cent of the bombs fell in the target area. No enemy aircraft were encountered.

Twin-engined P-35's dive-bombed shipping and docks at Klukiang on the Yangtze River. Large fires were caused by hits on the warehouses and docks.

Our fighters were attacked by ten to fifteen Zeros. Two of the Zeros were shot down.

FIFTEENTH USAF HQ, MEDITERANEAN THEATER

2 November

Heavy bombers of the Fifteenth USAF bombed the Messerschmitt assembly plant at Wiener Neustadt, in Austria, shortly after noon today. A large number of B-17 Flying Fortresses and B-24 Liberators were in the attacking force. They encountered clear weather over the target and bombs were seen to explode on the target.

Preliminary reports indicate the attack was highly successful.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

No. 478, 29 October

Pacific and Far East: 1. U. S. submarines have reported the sinking of ten enemy vessels and the damaging of four others in operations against the enemy in waters of these areas, as follows:

- Sunk:
 - 1 Large Freighter
 - 1 Large Tanker
 - 1 Large Transport
 - 5 Medium Freighters
 - 2 Small Freighters

Damaged:

- 1 Large Freighter
- 2 Medium Freighters
- 1 Small Freighter

2. These actions have not been announced in any previous Navy Department communication.

No. 479, 30 October

South Pacific (East Longitude date) 1. A number of enemy planes ineffectively dropped bombs on Guadalcanal during the night of 28 October, 1943.

No. 480, 4 Nov.

Pacific and Far East: 1. U. S. submarines have reported the sinking of ten enemy vessels and the damaging of three others in operations against the enemy in waters of these areas, as follows:

- Sunk:
 - 1 Large Tanker
 - 1 Medium Tanker
 - 1 Patrol Craft
 - 4 Medium Freighters
 - 1 Large Freighter
 - 1 Small Freighter
 - 1 Large Cargo Transport

Damaged:

- 1 Medium Tanker
- 1 Small Freighter
- 1 Large Freighter

2. These actions have not been announced in any previous Navy Department communication.

South Pacific: 3. On the early afternoon of 2 November 1943, (East Longitude date) a reconnaissance plane, operating under the command of Admiral Halsey, attacked and sank a 1,000-ton enemy freighter 30 miles southwest of Ocean Island. The plane was damaged, apparently by anti-aircraft fire, and a number of personnel were wounded.

MOOW Nominates Officers

The Military Order of the World War has been holding its 23rd Convention in Cincinnati, Ohio. The Committee on Nominations recommended the election of the following to the General Staff of the Order:

Commander-in-Chief—Brig. Gen. Albert L. Cox.

Vice Commanders-in-Chief—Col. Charles F. H. Johnson, Admiral William H. Standley.

Regional Commanders—Maj. Fordham B. Kimball, Capt. William E. Myers, Maj. Omer W. Clark, Capt. P. M. Feltham, Lt. Col. Cameron H. Sanders, Col. C. J. Otjen, Maj. Gen. E. M. Stayton, Lt. Asa G. Sawyer, Capt. Oscar Kaufer.

Regional Commanders-at-Large—Adm. Ernest J. King, Rear Adm. Wat T. Cluverius.

Treasurer-General—Lt. Col. Edwin S. Bettelheim, Jr.

Judge Advocate-General—Col. Andrew J. Copp, Jr.

Surgeon-General—Maj. Cornelius O. Bailey.

Chaplain-General—Lt. Comdr. Gilbert A. Darlington.

Historian-General—Rear Adm. Adolphus Stalon.

Members of General Staff—Lt. Col. Sydney L. Smith, Col. Herbert A. Gidney, Maj. Emerson Richards, Col. Arthur N. Payne, Lt. Comdr. David Sholtz, Capt. Robert C. Bunge, Col. Lester J. Williams, Ens. Robert McCormick Adams, Rear Adm. Luther E. Gregory, Maj. Thomas H. Griest.

VITAL INFORMATION is in every issue of the Army and Navy Journal. Prompt renewal of your subscription will insure you against missing copies.

Army General Officers

(Continued from First Page)

standing combat duty in an overseas theater of operations.

"At the present time there are 15 generals on active duty who are under the age of 40. Of the 1,114 generals now on duty (excluding those who were on the retired list and recalled to duty) the average age is 51 years 0 months, while on 11 Nov. 1918, the date of the Armistice in the World War, the average age of generals (appointed from line branches of the Regular Army only) was 51 years 1 month.

"However, the age of division commanders overseas is lower in this war than in the World War. The average age of division commanders at this time is 52 years, while it was 55 years during the World War.

"Of the general officers now on duty, 971 came from the Regular Army Promotion List, while the balance came from the Reserve Corps, the National Guard or were appointed to the Army of the United States."

Reserve Officer Generals

Among reserve officers serving as general officers are:

Maj. Gen. James H. Doolittle, Commanding General of the Northwest Africa Air Forces, who led the raid on Tokyo; Maj. Gen. Arthur H. Carter, Fiscal Director, Army Service Forces; Maj. Gen. Frederick H. Osborn, Director for Moral Services, Army Service Forces (his original Commission upon assuming active duty was as brigadier general of reserves); Brig. Gen. Julius O. Adler, Brig. Gen. Hanford MacNider and Brig. Gen. Edward P. Curtis, all serving overseas.

Appointed in AUS

Among those appointed in the Army of the United States are:

Lieutenant General William S. Knudsen, Director of Production; Maj. Gen. W. H. Harrison, Deputy Chief Signal Officer; Brig. Gen. C. R. Smith, Air Transport Command, Brig. Gen. Hugh J. Morgan, Office of the Surgeon General; Brig. Gen. Thomas B. Wilson, Chief of Transportation in an overseas theater; and Brig. Gen. John M. Franklin, Water Division, Office Chief of Transportation.

National Guard Generals

More than a score of National Guard general officers are now serving in important assignments in the United States or in overseas theaters. These include:

Maj. Gen. Miller G. White, Maj. Gen. William S. Key, Maj. Gen. Robert S. Beightler, Maj. Gen. John C. Persons, Maj. Gen. Charles C. Hafner, Jr., Maj. Gen. Harry H. Johnson, Maj. Gen. Leonard F. Wing, Brig. Gen. Kenneth E. Crauer, Brig. Gen. Ralph C. Tobin, Brig. Gen. Alexander G. Paxton, Brig. Gen. Albert E. Coburn, Brig. Gen. Kenneth Buchanan, Brig. Gen. Ralph W. Coane, Brig. Gen. Redmond F. Kernan, Jr., Brig. Gen. Roy W. Easley, Brig. Gen. Leo M. Kreber, Brig. Gen. Richard E. Mittelstaedt, Brig. Gen. William H. Sands, Brig. Gen. Harold R. Barker, Brig. Gen. Harcourt Hervey, Brig. Gen. William I. Rose, Brig. Gen. Ogden J. Ross, Brig. Gen. Raymond S. McLean.

"Of the general officers appointed from the Regular Army," the Department said, "437 or approximately 45 per cent are graduates of the United States Military Academy while about 15 per cent of the total number of general officers are graduates of the United States Naval Academy."

"Although there has been an increase of more than 1,000 general officers since June, 1940, the rate of increase is far below the overall expansion of the Army."

"As of 30 June 1940, there were 104 general officers and 266,000 officers and enlisted men, giving a ratio of 1 to 2,558, while at the present time there are 1,114 general officers and approximately 7,300,000 officers and enlisted men, a ratio of 1 to 6,636."

VOC Officer Candidates

Taking cognizance of the effect of the lengthened replacement training center course on volunteer officer candidates who, under paragraph 23b(2), AR 625-5, are given four months in which to apply for relief from active duty if not selected by that time to attend a specific officer candidate school class, the War Department has by Circular No. 206, extended the four month period to five months.

The extension of time from 4 months to 5 months in which a volunteer officer candidate must be notified of his selection or nonselection to attend a specific class at a candidate school and be given his option for relief from active duty if rejected or not selected does not apply to those who have undergone or who are receiving training under the former 13-week training cycle.

American Industry in War

The value of the engineering and management ability of American industry in the waging of war was stressed by Mr. Charles F. Kettering, Vice President of General Motors in Charge of Research, in a radio address 17 Oct.

"At the time of Pearl Harbor, our enemies thought we were completely unprepared," declared Mr. Kettering. "They knew that we had large industries, great factories and assembly lines turning out automobiles, radios, refrigerators and other things by the thousands. But that was in their favor—or so they thought. Industries so highly specialized and tuned to producing specific articles, they were sure, couldn't be converted over in time to be a serious threat to their plans."

Mr. Kettering reminded that the enemy for years before the war had built up a large inventory of munitions, and declared

"They didn't seem to appreciate that a country that knew how to produce an entirely new model automobile, refrigerator, tractor or vacuum cleaner every year could, by the same process, adapt that know-how to the production of tanks, guns and airplanes. When the war terminates, I believe everyone will agree that this intangible inventory, made up of craftsmanship, engineering ingenuity and the organizing ability of management, is a more valuable asset, for either peace or war, than a huge inventory of guns, tanks, and airplanes. But the most striking thing, if we are to believe the news, is that this obvious American principle has turned out to be, to our enemies, our most powerful secret weapon."

The mechanization of this war requires far more in machinery and equipment than was needed in World War I, the research director indicated.

"In the first World War," he stated, "an infantry division took about 3,500 mechanical horsepower to keep it going, but today an armored division has over 400,000 horsepower—more than one hundred times as much."

"This increase in horsepower is, in a way, a measure of similar demands for technical materials in every line of war endeavor: transportation, communications, medicine, foods, chemicals and metals. Many other things, such as the sulphur drug, synthetic rubber, high octane fuel, radar and the better part of radio and aviation, are all new since World War I."

Army Nurse Corps Personnel

The following appointments, promotions and separations occurred in the Army Nurse Corps during the month of October:

Reserve Nurses appointed: 472.
Promotions: 77. Assistant superintendents with the relative rank of Major: Kathryn L. Ruhan, Camp Maxey, Tex.; Florence L. Lee, Bushnell General Hospital, Utah. Promoted to the grade of assistant superintendent with the relative rank of captain: Margaret R. Higgins, Vera F. Shaw, Ella V. Shorney, Wilma M. Gross, Elizabeth N. Johnson, Edna Traeger, Edna W. Scott, Dorothy M. Rhodenizer, Irene Bukky. Promoted to the grade of chief nurse with the relative rank of first lieutenant: Doris V. Murchison, Mary G. Pollard, Irene Howard, Mary C. Kin, Edith I. Blennerhassett, Iola Marguerite Perry, Mary A. Sullivan, Ruth Barthel, Nanette Berkewitz, Edna Jean Young, Mildred L. Langwack, Caroline M. Backmann, Charlotte E. Niemeyer, Lillian May H. DeTurck, Inga E. Kivela, Edna L. Hicks, Louise Barth, Mary Boyd, Ethel A. Gundry, Helen E. King, Helen A. Dooley, Hildegarde Mary E. Myers, Wilma York, Esther E. E. Windscheffel, Alda M. Emery, Marian Hampton, Violet I. Price, Frances A. Williams, Bessie R. Stevens, Elizabeth M. Majanek, Catherine L. Paul, Juliette A. Perre, Cora Pike, Frances Bennett, Ruth Rouse Keenan, Dixie Diefenderfer, Emily M. Marcoullier, Helen E. Natzke, Anne L. Paterson, Louise C. Rosasco, Louise M. Tardiff, Fannie S. Mattson, Cherry DeWitt, Ruth A. Mueck, Josephine A. Cherry, Iola A. McQuinn, Mabel Luella Kime, Ruth E. Ponkow, Cecilia Teresa Novak, Merion M. Weaver, Elizabeth M. Conaway, Myrtle A. Peterson, C. Pauline Murphy, Margaret K. Mershon, Gertrude A. Wilson, Sarah E. Wallis, Clyde R. Strange, Emma M. Woods, Lois S. Hines, Agnes M. McClung, Catherine L. Varner, Alma M. Stone, Mary R. Knight, Dorothy E. J. Holt, Yvonne A. Charpentier, Blanche M. Merrick.

Discharges: 67.
Retirements: 11.
Died—2nd Lt. Decima E. McLaughlin, 93rd Evacuation Hospital; 2nd Lt. Winnie M. Blankenship, McCloskey General Hospital, Temple, Tex.; 2nd Lt. Harriet Q. Beckman, 12th Evacuation Hospital.

Keep UP-TO-DATE by reading the Army and Navy Journal. Renew your subscription promptly and keep up-to-date.

Military Surgeons' Meeting

Over 2,000 Army, Navy, and Air Corps surgeons present at the annual meeting of the Association of Military Surgeons, held at Philadelphia, Pa., 21-23 Oct., provided a background for announcing some of the medical progress made and expected to be made in connection with the present war.

One development, credited to Col. John L. Gallagher, is a pad-dressing to take the place of tourniquets in controlling surface hemorrhages caused by wounds. Gangrene, often following the use of tourniquets, will not be induced by the new dressing.

The Navy Medical Corps demonstrated a coverall that will protect the wearer against four types of casualties; against undersea blast injuries, drowning, flash burns from explosions that cause 30 per cent of naval casualties, and against small fragments and splinters.

The Navy also demonstrated a newly discovered protective cream that will guard the body against burns from flashes of 1,000 degrees centigrade. Another revelation of the Navy was a chemical, said to be the most efficient devised for changing sea water into palatable drinking water.

Rear Adm. William L. Mann, President of the association, described a hospital ship of the future which, by the use of air-conditioning, will be able to produce different kinds of weather, each limited to a special ward, for the treatment of varying types of disease or wounds.

Among the speakers were the Surgeon General of the Army, Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk; Surg. Gen. Thomas Parran, of the Public Health Service, and Dr. O. H. Perry Pepper, president of the Philadelphia College of Surgeons. The fighting forces of many of the United Nations were represented in the attendance.

The principal speaker on Army Night, 21 Oct., was Lt. Gen. Sir Alexander Hood, Director General of the Army Medical Service of Great Britain.

In his address, General Hood said, among other things:

"One of the successes of this war has been the use of air transport to carry medical units and equipment to areas where they are urgently needed, to enable medical personnel and their equipment to drop with paratroops or to land with glider-borne forces, and to evacuate casualties to base hospitals in comfort in hours instead of days in first-class condition."

General Kirk read a letter from Lt. Gen. Mark W. Clark in which the latter expressed "the highest commendation for the wonderfully fine work performed by the medical units of the Fifth Army."

Directs 1st Bomber Command

Brig. Gen. Caleb V. Haynes, who organized the India Air Task Force and the Assam American Air Base Command, has been assigned as commander of the 1st Bomber Command with headquarters at Mitchel Field, N. Y.

General Haynes will direct training and operations involving the type of heavy aircraft he commanded in Burma and India.

Newspaper for Prisoners

The first two issues of *The Red Cross News*, September and October, a news letter published by the American Red Cross, have been sent to prison camps in Germany and the Far East for distribution among Americans who are prisoners of war.

The War Department and the Office of Censorship in the United States have passed these issues, but they have still to pass the censorship of the enemy countries. Available transportation facilities will determine the regularity with which the plan can be carried on.

As Germany has asked for a reciprocal arrangement so that a German Red Cross letter may be sent to Germans who are prisoners in the United States, it is believed that that nation will agree to distribute letters originating here. The American government has acceded to the reciprocal plan.

Subjects not related to the war will fill these bulletins. Appropriate news of life here will be included; sporting events will have their share of space; each issue will contain one or more items of news about every state represented by the prisoners.

The first issue of 2,000 copies, contained seven pages; the November issue will have 12 pages. Not enough copies can be sent to enable each prisoner to have one, but a sufficient number will be sent to assure full circulation in each camp. One thousand copies of the first issue were sent to Geneva for distribution in Europe, and another thousand to Japan.

Parachutists' Physical Tests

A revision of AR 40-100, contained in Change 6, modifies the standards of physical examination for parachute duty.

The regulation states that volunteers for parachute duty "must be alert, active, supple, with firm muscles and sound limbs; capable of development into an aggressive individual fighter with great endurance."

Enlisted applicants must be between ages of 18 and 32, inclusive; company grade officers must not be over 32 years of age; majors must not be over 37 years.

Disqualifying defects include: Weight in excess of 185 pounds, or under 130 pounds, or disproportionate to height; height of over 72 inches or less than 62 inches; color blindness; distant uncorrected vision less than 20/40 in either eye. Other specific defects are listed in the change.

Army Stock Control

The War Department has issued a new regulation, AR 705-5, "Stock Control," emphasizing the importance of that function.

The mission of stock control, the department states, is to insure that all units will have adequate supplies at the proper time and place; no units will have unauthorized amounts of supplies at any time; depots and supply points will be able to fill immediately all requisitions made upon them for items for which they are responsible, and that the Army as a whole will have sufficient supplies at the proper place and time without overstocking in any echelon of supply.

MP's Active in London

Maj. Graham Dougherty, U. S. Provost Marshal of the London area, has inaugurated a campaign by military police to improve the conduct, military courtesy and personal appearance of the thousands of men and women of the U. S. land and naval forces on duty in London or sightseeing in the British metropolis.

"My office is not attempting to inaugurate a program of reform or conduct a Sunday school for men in town after months of work in the field or on aerial combat duty," Major Dougherty said, "but there is the matter of military rules and ordinary decency which every American soldier is bound to observe out of respect for the uniform he wears."

"Men who have been here for a year know how much bad booze there is around, how prevalent venereal disease has become since the outbreak of the war, and how easily a soldier can be 'rolled' in the blackout when he isn't able to defend himself. We want to educate the new men to these facts."

Offenses which most frequently occur, Major Dougherty stated, include drunkenness, association with women of questionable character, failure to observe uniform regulations including both untidiness and wearing of unauthorized insignia decorations, failure to render proper military courtesies, unauthorized use or the misuse of government vehicles, failure to have identification cards and tags, being in London with passes for other leave areas and violation of blackouts.

Stresses Proper Care of Tires

Pointing out that, starting immediately, only a limited number of new truck tires will be available for issue to the Army in the zone of the interior, the Maintenance Division, Army Service Forces, has ordered every command to take the best care possible of all tires.

There is sufficient synthetic rubber on hand for recapping tires, the Maintenance Division states, but there is a shortage of truck tire casings, a shortage amplified by heavily increasing demands for tires from the combat zones.

The following conservation tips were announced by the division:

Over inflation will cause a tire casing to blow out upon contact with obstructions. Over inflation must be avoided.

Under inflation will cause a tire casing to flex excessively to overheat and to be destroyed. Under inflation must be avoided.

Careless driving—biting rocks, stumps, ruts and curbs will break and ruin tire casings. Drivers must be careful.

Inspections must be thorough. Tires must be removed and recapped before the tread design is worn off in the center. Tires must not be worn down to a point where the breaker or cord is showing. Small cuts and breaks must be watched and repaired as required. Tire casings must not be destroyed through neglect.

Tire casings must be saved. Every ruined tire casing is one less tire for the army. The casings cannot be replaced. They can be repaired and returned to service only if not destroyed.

The instructions in TM 31-200, Maintenance and Care of Pneumatic Tires and Rubber Treads, must be emphasized, studied and applied.

Close supervision by officers—the willing cooperation of every enlisted man—careful driving—and the diligent application of preventive maintenance procedures are required to cope with the tire emergency.

Tire casings must not be destroyed.

Service Academy Sports

Last week-end was a gloomy one for the cadets of the service academies as the heretofore unbeaten, untied Army eleven was held to a draw by Pennsylvania, the equally victorious Navy squad bowed to Notre Dame, and Coast Guard, after two weeks of wins, dropped a Sunday affray to Tufts College.

Pennsylvania, a pre-game underdog, tied Army, 13-13 at Philadelphia with a 71-yard pass-and-run play early in the fourth quarter that was pretty football.

Today, 6 Nov., Army meets Notre Dame at New York. A good comparison of the relative strengths of the two academy teams will be possible after that date, for Navy, also unbeaten, bowed to the Irish at Cleveland, 33-6. Navy plays Pennsylvania today.

Another upset was the defeat of the Coast Guard Academy, 20-7, by little Tufts College. Today Coast Guard meets Worcester Tech.

Reimburse for Property Loss

The President has signed H. R. 3223, the bill that authorizes reimbursement of personnel of the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard for loss, damage or destruction of private personal property. The law is retroactive to 7 Dec. 1941, and the loss must have occurred through no fault or negligence of the claimant.

Only the following circumstances will make a claim valid: (1) when the operations of war, shipwreck, or other marine disaster, or the wreck of an aircraft or other disaster thereto, have caused the loss, damage, or destruction; (2) when due to having given attention to saving the life of someone or the property of the United States; (3) when the property was shipped on board an unseaworthy vessel, under competent orders, and (4) when the personal property is furnished to persons in immediate and urgent distress, at the direction of competent authority.

Develop Aviation Fuel

Development of Dynafuel, a super aviation fuel concentrate made entirely from petroleum and especially processed in order to produce the greatest possible power, was announced this week by J. Howard Pew, president of Sun Oil Company.

Mr. Pew stated that this new super aviation fuel concentrate is 50 per cent more powerful than United States standard 100-octane test fuel. Dynafuel is the product of a process devised by Sun Oil Company engineers, the details of which cannot be revealed at this time.

Dynafuel is never used undiluted but is blended with gasoline produced by other methods in order to step up their quality as aviation fuel. Thus Dynafuel makes possible the production of greater quantities of aviation fuel made to highest military specifications. One advantage of the new Sun Oil Company process is that it utilizes those portions of crude oil which formerly went only into low grade fuels.

Officer Candidate Physicals

Candidates ordered to officer candidate school whose physical examination is such that after the 17 week course more than six months will have elapsed since the examination are given a final type physical examination prior to leaving for the school. This is done where facilities are available.



KEEPS 'EM BRIGHT

For bright, sparkling teeth, there's nothing quite like Revelation Tooth Powder. It does a real cleaning job, and fast. You'll enjoy its pleasant after taste. A National favorite for 36 years; recommended by dentists generally.



New metal-saving package. No change in basic formula.

REVELATION TOOTH POWDER

FUMIGATE BARRACKS WITH ZYKLON DISCIDS FOR VERMIN and INSECT PESTS

ZYKLON Discoids contain hydrocyanic acid (HCN) in concentrated and ready-to-use form packed in convenient sized cans. ESPECIALLY SUITABLE FOR FUMIGATION OF BARRACKS. Regularly used by many army and navy posts to keep barracks free of bedbugs, cockroaches, lice, rats, and other vermin. The following quotations from authoritative sources leave no doubt concerning the suitability of HCN fumigation as a means of military sanitation:

BASIC FIELD MANUAL, FM 21-10, states "Fumigation is the most effective bedbug control measure, provided gas is used which will penetrate into the depths of the cracks and crevices on the floors, walls and furniture. Hydrocyanic acid gas is penetrating and, when properly used as a fumigant, will destroy all forms of the bedbug."

IN MILITARY PREVENTIVE MEDICINE, Brig. General Geo. C. Dunham,

Medical Corps, U. S. A., says, "Hydrocyanic acid gas is extremely toxic for all animal life and is the most effective and cheapest fumigant for the destruction of rats...It is extremely difficult to eradicate all bedbugs and eggs from a room or building with one treatment by any control measure, except fumigation with hydrocyanic acid gas."

From **PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS**, Vol. 46, No. 18, May 1, 1931: "Hydrocyanic acid gas is our nearest approach to the ideal fumigant...The simplicity of use of HCN discoids and ZYKLON is quite apparent. One merely takes his fumigant, in cans of convenient size, into the building, opens them, spreads the contents and goes out, closing the door behind him. After fumigation, residue is swept up and with the empty cans thrown into the trash. What could be simpler?"



EXPERIENCED PERSONNEL AVAILABLE FOR DEMONSTRATION *Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.



Write for Fumigation Manual
American Cyanamid & Chemical Corporation
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK, N. Y.

3rd Service Command

Maj. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, commanding general of the Third Service Command, has announced that Col. Hugh B. Keen has succeeded Col. Harry H. Pritchett as inspector general of that command.

Col. Frank B. Lammons has assumed command at Camp Pickett, Va., succeeding Col. D. John Markey, retired for age.

CLASSIFIED

Rate: 7 cents per word; minimum \$1.00. Forms close 5 p.m. Wednesday. Payment must be made before publication. Phone Hobart 6477.

ATTENTION: COMMANDING & SPECIAL OFFICERS

ORGANIZATIONS everywhere are purchasing INSIGNIA STATIONERY from THE FUND, on OUR SPECIAL SERVICE OFFER for the writing needs of the MEMBERS OF THEIR ORGANIZATION. WE MAKE AND PRINT ANY DESIGN TO YOUR SPECIFICATION. WRITE TODAY for letterhead samples and full particulars. NO OBLIGATION! SCOTT CHESHIRE, MILITARY STATIONER, Box 847, San Antonio 6, Texas.

WANTED

Property custodian to take charge of property, transportation, so forth. Permanent position. Applicant must be well recommended. Send application and letters of recommendation to F. A. Clark, Lieut., Assistant Quartermaster, The Citadel, Charleston, S. C.

COUNTRY HOMES FOR SALE

Patuxent River farm, 45 miles Washington, 10 miles Cedar Point Naval Station; Colonial brick and frame residence (1783, modernized 1930), located on high ridge with superb view, 12 rooms, 5 baths, porch and terrace, oil burner heat. Electricity, telephone, large fireplace, artesian well; studio guest cottage with bath and heat, 4 car garage; beautifully landscaped; farmers' houses, excellent farm buildings. Buildings insured \$51,800. Sand beach, harbor, outstanding water sports, excellent neighborhood, 143 acres rolling land well fenced, 90 acres cultivated, soil produces highest grade tobacco and general crops. Complete farm equipment included. Farmer will remain. \$48,000. Farm list on request. Leonard Snider, La Plata, Maryland.

MILITARY PRINTING

108 Name Collection Form; 25—\$4.00, returnable. Thanksgiving Menu. Eagle Press, Portland 6, Maine.

REAL ESTATE

"UTOPIA" Stuart, Florida, near "CAMP MURPHY," inviting Army and Navy families to join us. Write Dehon & Son, for colorful map.

ATTENTION: COMMANDING & SPECIAL OFFICERS

MORNING REPORT (For Form 1), SICK REPORT, and DUTY ROSTER BINDERS, all three, \$5.55; PUNISHMENT RECORD BINDER (A.R. 345-125) with 300 forms \$6.00; UNIVERSAL TWIN-LOCKS MAGAZINE BINDERS, any size \$2.75; (Name and Organization stamped on above binders in 22 Karat Gold); CHARGE OF QUARTERS BOOK, 375 sheets in post binder \$8.00; SERVICE RECORD COVERS (A.R. 345-125) 200 for \$8.00; SIGN OUT BOOK, 375 sheets in post binder \$5.50. SATISFIED Service customers everywhere. ORDER TODAY! SCOTT CHESHIRE, Box 847, San Antonio 6, Texas.

FOR SALE

Naval Officer's heavy blue overcoat, Size 40 & 11", 170 pounds. Like new. 32 Denwood Avenue, Takoma Park, Maryland. Shepard 8864.

CHANBOURNE—Ancestral estate containing about fifty acres, mostly wooded. The residence is situated in a beautiful grove of hardwood trees. It is of frame construction, quaint, but not showy. It is in excellent condition. The property contains the famous Paeonian Springs, for which the village was named. First floor has living room 24 x 17, library 15 x 13, dining room 23 x 14, music room 19 x 15, china closet 8 x 6, kitchen 15 x 11, with hand-hewn ceiling beams in kitchen. Cellar has cemented furnace room, fruit and vegetable storage and laundry. Wide porches on two sides of house. Second floor has four bedrooms, bath and maid's room. Electricity, telephone, heat. Large two-story garage, suitable for servants' quarters overhead. Some of the truly lovely antiques with which the house is furnished may become available at private sale after the real estate is purchased. Located in Loudoun County, Virginia, 2 and 1/2 miles from Leesburg, and 38 miles from Washington. Priced to sell at \$25,000. Shown by appointment only. Write or telephone C. H. T. Ewing, Phone 131 R, or V. T. Bly, Phone 92, Leesburg, Virginia.

Marine Units in Solomons

Following are the units which comprised the 1st Marine Division, FMF, (Reinforced), in the Solomon Islands area from 7 Aug. to 9 Dec., 1942, the period for which the Presidential unit citation has been awarded:

First Marines (H&SCo; WpnsCo; 1st, 2nd, 3rd Bns.)
Fifth Marines (H&SCo; WpnsCo; 1st, 2nd, 3rd Bns.)
Seventh Marines (H&SCo; WpnsCo; 1st, 2nd, 3rd Bns.)
Eleventh Marines (H&SBtry; Spl Wpns Btry; 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th Bns.)
Second Battalion, Seventeenth Marines.
First Engineer Battalion.
Division Headquarters Battalion (HqCo; 1st Sig Co; 1st WpCo.)
First Service Battalion (HqCo; Serv&Sup Co; "A" & "B" (Trans.))
First Medical Battalion (H&SCo; A, B, C, E, Cos.)
First Amphibian Tractor Battalion.
First Special Weapons Battalion (H&SBtry; A, C, D, E Btrys.)
First Tank Battalion.
Battery "L" 155mm Howitzer Battalion.
Second Marines (H&SCo; WpnsCo; 1st, 2nd, 3rd Bns.)
Eighth Marines (H&SCo; WpnsCo; 1st, 2nd, 3rd Bns.)
Tenth Marines (1st & 3rd Bns.)
Eighteenth Marines (B & D Cos.)
Second Medical Battalion (B-C-D Cos.)
Second Tank Battalion (B-C Co's.)
Company "A," Second Engineer Battalion.
Company "A," Second Amphibian Tractor Battalion.
Second Service Battalion (Cos. A & C (Trans.))
First Parachute Battalion.
First Marine Raider Battalion.
Second Marine Raider Battalion.
First Aviation Engineer Battalion.
Third Barrage Balloon Squadron.
Third Defense Battalion (H&SBtry; 155 mm Arty Group; Spl Wpns Group; 90 mm Group.)
Fourteenth Defense Battalion (H&SBtry; 155 mm Group.)
Anti-Aircraft Group, Detachment "B," Fifth Defense Battalion.
Marine Corps Unit No. 290-A.
Sixth U. S. Naval Construction Battalion.
First Marine Aircraft Wing.
First Marine Aircraft Wing and Attached Army and Navy Units.
Btry "B," 250th CA Bn. (H.D.), U. S. Army.
Motor Torpedo Squadron Three.
American Division, U. S. Army.

Urges Curbing of Profanity

Lt. Gen. Thomas Holcomb, Commandant of the Marine Corps, has issued the following order to the corps:

"1. The attention of the commandant has been directed to the increasing use of profane and obscene language by Marines.
"2. The use of profane and obscene language is objectionable at all times. It is particularly objectionable on the part of noncommissioned officers at recruit depots and service schools, who come into immediate contact with impressionable young men whose characters are in a formative stage, and who are peculiarly subject to the influence of their seniors.
"3. The commandant desires that commanding officers take immediate and continuing steps, by disciplinary action if necessary, toward the elimination of the use of profane and obscene language on the part of members of their commands."

Improperly Fitted Clothing

Pointing out that the number and condition of soldiers arriving at staging areas with clothing which is improperly fitted indicates that misfits are issued intentionally in order to fill authorized allowances at stations where proper sizes are not available, the War Department states that this wastes clothing since the misfit garments become class B stock when replaced, and requires extra work at staging areas and ports of embarkation.

Send Birth Announcements

Birth announcements may be sent to servicemen through the facilities of the American Red Cross home service, where regular expeditionary force (EFM) message service is not available, Red Cross announced 1 Nov.

If commercial channels for communication are open through EFM service but a family is unable to pay the cost of the message, local Red Cross chapters are authorized to assume the expense.

Authorized Decorations

All commanding officers of the Army have been instructed by the War Department to assure themselves that only authorized decorations, service ribbons, battle stars, chevrons, etc., are worn by members of their commands. This applies also to the wound chevrons and war service chevrons authorized for wear by those entitled to them for service in the first World War only.

New Uses Possible for Phosphors

Development of new and highly efficient luminescent materials by scientists in RCA Laboratories holds great promise of opening new fields of activity in the post-war era, according to H. W. Leverenz, chemico-physicist, reporting in the October issue of *Radio Age*, published by Radio Corporation of America.

The war, according to Mr. Leverenz, has tremendously accelerated research in the field of phosphors, which are tiny crystals that convert invisible radiations to visible light. He explained that electrical energy applied to phosphor crystals creates light by changing the atomic structure of the crystals.

"When this war ends and our fighting men return, they will have an opportunity to help achieve a resplendent new electronic era," said Mr. Leverenz. "Phosphor crystals in fluorescent lamps will inexpensively illuminate workplaces and homes or gaily brighten the streets of our cities with vari-colored sign-tubing. Other phosphor crystals will display news and entertainment on the screens of our television sets which may be tuned by the light from phosphors in 'Magic Eye' tuning indicators. Kindred phosphors in the screens of microscopes will aid in fathoming the mysteries of bacteria and molecules in order to insure a healthier and happier life for all.

"Other possible uses for phosphors include intense light sources for sound recording and theater projection; indirect illumination wherein the very walls, ceilings, and murals luminesce to illuminate as well as decorate the room; luminescent plastics in thousands of forms to make night-time safer and more colorful; and phosphors emitting specific radiations for controlled treatments of living tissues and organisms."

Air Training Has Priority

The War Department has ordered that enlisted men qualified and eligible for the Army Specialized Training Program who have applied for aviation cadet training will not be reported as available for the ASTP until final determination is made of their acceptability for aviation cadet training.

Meanwhile, ASTP trainees now in STAR units who are determined to be qualified for aviation cadet training, as a result of tests held prior to transfer to the STAR unit, will not be reported as available for assignment to an ASTP unit.

Trainees in ASTP units who apply for aviation cadet training will be permitted to appear before aviation cadet examining boards at any time during the term in which they are enrolled, but if found qualified will not be transferred to the Air Corps until the end of that term.

OBITUARIES

Mrs. Robert Neil Dickman, who died Thursday, 28 Oct., 1943, in New York City, was a daughter of the late Brig. Gen. William M. Wherry, USA, and a sister of Mrs. John L. Hines (wife of General Hines). She was the widow of Robert Neil Dickman, of the Chicago engineering firm of Dickman and MacKenzie. Her residence was St. Augustine, Fla.

Surviving her are a son, Franklin J. Dickman, of New York City, three sisters, and two brothers and two grandchildren.

Col. William Douglas McNair, aged 44, died 20 Oct., 1943, in the South Pacific area of injuries sustained in a plane crash. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Loyal Roberts McNair, daughter of Col. T. A. Roberts, USA-ret., of 123 Rosemary Ave., San Antonio, Tex., and his daughter, Loyal Louise, aged 9. Also by his mother, Mrs. W. S. McNair, widow of Major General McNair, and three sisters, Mrs. E. A. Sterling, Miss Dorothy McNair, and Mrs. J. F. Gallagher.

Colonel McNair was born at the Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 4 Feb., 1899, and entered West Point in June, 1917, graduating 1 Nov., 1918. He was the grandson of the late Brig. Gen. and Mrs. R. D. Potts, grandnephew of the

late Capt. Templin M. Potts, nephew of the late Col. Douglas Potts, and Col. John Potts, Marine Corps, commanding the Marine Barracks in Washington.

Colonel McNair was a third generation field artillery man.

The many Service friends of Col. Edmund M. Barnum will regret to learn of his sudden death in London, 27 Oct., 1943. Colonel Barnum, who was a nephew of the late Maj. Gen. Malvern Hill Barnum, entered the Army during the last war and was assigned to the Cavalry. He was on detached service in Boston at the outbreak of the present war, and was one of the first officers to be sent overseas in the organization of the Post Exchange Service for the European theater of war. He had been working intensively and was at his office desk when the fatal heart attack occurred.

His funeral took place in London, 29 Oct., and a Memorial Service was held at Trinity Church, Boston, on the following day.

Surviving Colonel Barnum are his widow, the former Elizabeth Allen, of La Grange, Ill., a son, Maj. Allen T. Barnum, USMC Aviation, and two daughters, Elizabeth, serving with the Red Cross overseas, and Martha, in the Marines. He also leaves a brother, Richard Wyfe Barnum, of Detroit, and a sister, Mrs. Theodore H. Bearse, of Barrington, Illinois.

The Japanese Government, through the International Red Cross, reported to the War Department 7 Oct. 1943, that Capt. Wiley L. Dixon, Jr., died in Zentsuji Prisoner of War Camp 2 Jan. 1943, as the result of pneumonia.

Captain Dixon is the son of Mrs. Wiley L. Dixon, sr., of Henderson, Ky., and the late Major Dixon, USA. His wife and young daughter, Margaret, now reside in Henderson. He was 27 years old; a member of the Episcopal Church, and member of the North Carolina Chapter of the Society of the Cincinnati.

After graduating from West Point in June 1939, Captain Dixon was assigned to Co. A, 2d Inf., at Fort Sheridan, Ill. In April 1941, he left the States for the Philippines and was stationed at Fort McKinley. He was serving in Headquarters No. II, Philippine Corps, during the battle of the Philippines and his organization was twice cited for gallantry.

Col. Felix Emmanuelli, Infantry, who died in Tilton General Hospital, Fort Dix, N. J., 20 Oct. 1943, was born in Ponce, Puerto Rico, 2 Aug. 1883 of French parents. He was educated at Peekskill and New York Military Academies and Columbia University, New York City, and was admitted to the Bar in 1903. In 1906 he was commissioned a 2d lieutenant in the Puerto Rico Provisional Regiment of Infantry.

During the World War, he served with the Infantry in Puerto Rico and the Panama Canal Zone. He was a member of the American Electoral Commission under Maj. Gen. Frank R. McCoy, which supervised the election in Nicaragua in 1928. In March 1942, he was assigned to the New York Metropolitan District, Second Service Command. He was stricken with a cerebral embolism on 17 Mar. 1942, and was confined to Tilton General Hospital, Fort Dix, N. J., until the time of his passing.

Colonel Emmanuelli was a graduate of the Army Signal School, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., 1914; the Advanced Course of the Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga., 1924, and the Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., 1925.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Ethel T. Emmanuelli, Morrisville, Pa.; two daughters, Mrs. Marguerite E. Calhoun, Morrisville, Pa., wife of Col. Tyler Calhoun, Jr., GSC, now overseas; Mrs. Ethel E. Malone, wife of Col. A. J. K. Malone, AC, San Francisco, Calif.; one son, Maj. Carlos Emmanuelli, AC, Lynbrook, N. Y.; one brother, Maj. Louis Emmanuelli, San Juan, Puerto Rico; three sisters and four grandchildren.

Interment was at Arlington National Cemetery, with full military honors, 23 Oct. 1943.

Born

AUSTIN—Born at Community Hospital, Riverside, Calif., 8 Oct. 1943, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. John H. Austin, MC, AUS, a daughter, Nancy Louise.

BINGHAM—Born at Sternberger Hospital, Greensboro, N. C., 5 Oct. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. George Forest Bingham, AAC, a son, George Forest Bingham, Jr., grandson of Maj. and Mrs. Harold C. Bingham, ATD, and Lt. Col. and Mrs. Raymond F. Edwards, Inf.

BOWRY—Born in the station hospital, Freeman Army Air Field, Seymour, Ind., 29 Oct. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Donald W. Bowry, a daughter, Susan. Lieutenant Bowry is a flight instructor at Freeman Field.

DE FOSSET—Born at Station Hospital, Langley Field, Va., 16 Aug. 1943, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Gordon F. De Fosset, AC, a daughter, Dale Marie.

EDGERTON—Born at the City Hospital, Elkins, W. Va., 26 Oct. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Eric R. Edgerton, Inf., USA, a son, Eric, Jr., great-grandson of Mrs. N. M. Roberts; grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan F. Edgerton of Greensboro, N. C. and of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Orsen E. Paxton, USA-Ret.; great-nephew of Chaplain (Col.) and Mrs. Earl D. Weed, USA, of the Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

ELY—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 29 Oct. 1943, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. William J. Ely, CE, a son. Colonel Ely is on overseas duty.

GREENBERG—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 30 Oct. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Stanley J. Greenberg, MB, Fort Belvoir, Va., a daughter.

HILEY—Born in the station hospital, Freeman Army Air Field, Seymour, Ind., 19 Oct. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Lewis Moore Hiley, a son, Lewis Michael Hiley. Lieutenant Hiley is assistant director of physical training at Freeman Field.

INMAN—Born at Lawrence Memorial Hospital, Lawrence, Kans., 1 Oct. 1943, to Maj. and Mrs. Arthur E. Inman, Ord. Dept., a son, Stephen Eugene.

KANE—Born in New York City, 13 Oct. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Joseph Edward Kane, USNR, a son, Joseph Edward Kane, Jr.

MCENTEE—Born at the Station Hospital, Fort Bragg, N. C., 14 Oct. 1943, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Duane McEntee, Camp Mackall, N. C., a daughter, Martha.

MONTGOMERY—Born at Washington, D. C., 23 Oct. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Howard H. Montgomery, Jr., USN, a daughter, Nancy O'Neil, granddaughter of Capt. and Mrs. Howard H. Montgomery, (MC) USN.

MORRISSETT—Born at the Doctors Hospital, New York, 25 Oct. 1943, to Maj. and Mrs. Leslie E. Morrissett, MC, a son, Leslie James Morrissett. Major Morrissett is stationed at the Borden General Hospital, Chickasha, Okla.

MOSHER—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 28 Oct. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Frederick C. Mosher, AC, a daughter.

NICHOLAS—Born at Mercy Hospital, Portland, Me., 15 Oct. 1943, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Nicholas John Nicholas, USN, twin daughters, Susan and Sally.

NIFFENEGGER—Born in Providence Hospital, Washington, D. C., 2 Nov. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Ora E. Niffenegger, AGD, Fort Washington, Md., a son, Mark Eugene.

PHILLIPS—Born at Ohio Valley General Hospital, Wheeling, W. Va., 2 Oct. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Arnold T. Phillips, a son, Arnold Tyler.

ROBERTS—Born at Southwestern Hospital, Lawton, Okla., 19 Oct. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Francis J. Roberts, a daughter, Murray Francine, granddaughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. F. B. Prickett, and Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Roberts of Pittsfield, Mass.

RODDIS—Born at Richardson House, Boston Lying-In Hospital, Boston, Mass., 21 Oct. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Louis H. Roddis, Jr., USN, a daughter, Eugenia Gaye, granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gravatt Coleman and Capt. and Mrs. Louis H. Roddis, (MC) USN, great-granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Mandlin of Washington, D. C.

RUST—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 27 Oct. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Charles I. Rust, Inf., Fort Benning, Ga., a son.

SHEFFIELD—Born at the Newport Hospital, Newport, R. I., 23 Oct. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. William Paine Sheffield, 3d, USNR, a daughter, Sally Jayne, granddaughter of Capt. and Mrs. Joseph W. McColl, Jr., USN, Washington, D. C., and of Mr. and Mrs. William P. Sheffield, of Newport.

SHILLING—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 28 Oct. 1943, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Russell S. Shilling, Inf., Fort Myer, Va., a daughter.

STECKEL—Born in the Clarksville Hospital, Clarksville, Tenn., 27 Oct. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Henry Franklin Steckel, 2d, USA, a son, Henry Franklin Steckel, 3d.

STEIGER—Born at Buffalo, N. Y., 27 Oct. 1943, to Mrs. Earl H. Steiger, wife of Lieutenant (jg) Steiger, missing in action since his fighter plane after having successfully joined in an attack on a German submarine, fell into the Atlantic, a son, who will be named for his father.

SUROWIEC—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 25 Oct. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. John J. Surowiec, AC, a son, James David, Captain Surowiec is stationed at Randolph Field, Tex.

WINSTON—Born to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert A. Winston, USN, Fighting Squadron 31, c/o FPO, New York, N. Y., a daughter, Cecilia Ann Winston. Mrs. Winston resides at Back Acres, R. F. D. No. 1, Vienna, Va.

Births - Marriages - Deaths

(No charge for service announcements. Please notify promptly.)

Married

ALBAN-LEWIS—Married at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, 13 Oct. 1943, Miss Laura Blocker Lewis, daughter of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Robert Henry Lewis, USA, to Maj. Paul Edward Alban, FA, USA.

ALLEN-POWELL—Married in St. Paul's Congregational Church, Nutley, N. J., 31 Oct. 1943, Miss Dorothy Louise Powell, to Lt. Curtis F. Allen, CA (AA), AUS.

ANDERSEN-PINNEY—Married in the post chapel, Quantico, Va., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Leigh Pinney, to Lt. Howard Andersen, USMCR.

BARIT-STIRLING—Married in the chapel of the Church of the Covenant, Washington, D. C., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Margherita Stirling, to Lt. (jg) Robert Barit, USNR.

BECK-PEARCE—Married in the chapel of St. James' Church, Chicago, Ill., 28 Oct. 1943, Miss Mary Bushnell Pearce, to Ens. Horace Palmer Beck, Jr., USNR.

CEFALO-PFIZENMAYER—Married in St. Pascal Baylon Church, Hollis, Queens, N. Y., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Norma Pfizenmayer, to Lt. Joseph Thomas Cefalo, AUS, Seattle.

CHEWNING-GOODRICK—Married in Washington, D. C., 14 Oct. 1943, Miss Wilda Jane Goodrick, to Lt. Melvin Russell Chewning, AUS, Brookley Field, Ala.

COLLINS-BAIL—Married in the post chapel, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 29 Oct. 1943, Miss Barbara Vaughan Bail, daughter of Mrs. Hamilton Vaughan Bail and Major Bail, USA, who is now serving overseas, to Lt. Frederick A. Collins, Jr., USA.

COWEN-LAVIGNE—Married in Temple Israel, Miami Beach, Fla., 24 Oct. 1943, Miss Gladys Ruth Lavigne, to Lt. Morris L. Cowen, USMCR.

COWPERTHWAIT-SKINNER—Married in Trinity Episcopal Church, St. Augustine, Fla., 16 Oct. 1943, Miss June P. Skinner, to Ens. William Gardner Cowperthwaite, USCGE.

CYMAN-CADY—Married in St. Edward's Catholic Church, Baltimore, Md., 25 Oct. 1943, PhM2c Mary Ann Cady, USNR, to PhM1c Frank F. Cymann, USNR.

DEAN-WILSON—Married in the Post Chapel, Fort Bliss, Tex., 22 Oct. 1943, Miss Dorothy Lee Wilson, to Lt. William Roy Dean, Jr., USA.

DE JONGH-HAMILTON—Married in the Old First Reformed Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss June Janet Hamilton, to 1st Lt. John Julien De Jongh, CWS, AUS.

EAGLE-KING—Married in the rectory of Our Lady Queen of Peace Roman Catholic Church, New Dorp, S. I., N. Y., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Louisa King, daughter of Mrs. Paul D. Meyers, (wife of Lt. Col. Meyers, AAF), and Lt. Comdr. Henry W. King, Naval Air Arm, to Vernon Eagle, ex-commando.

EASTMENT-RAMDELL—Married in Walter Reed Memorial Chapel, Washington, D. C., 1 Nov. 1943, Miss Beverly Kathryn Ramdell, to Lt. Norton D. Eastment.

FAIRLIE-HINDS—Married in Evanston, Ill., 29 Oct. 1943, Miss Helen Hinds, to Lt. Henry Doremus Fairlie, USA.

FARQUHAR-BUCK—Married in Immanuel Church-on-the-Green, New Castle, Del., 29 Oct. 1943, Miss Dorcas Van Dyke Buck, to Capt. Donald Keith Farquhar, AAF.

FENTON-DOERR—Married in Post Chapel, Langley Field, Va., 18 Oct. 1943, Mrs. Inga Thompson Doerr, widow of Lt. John J. Doerr, AC, to Lt. Donald C. Fenton, son of Col. and Mrs. Chauncey L. Fenton of West Point, N. Y.

FOX-MORGAN—Married in Holy Trinity Church, Philadelphia, Pa., 22 Oct. 1943, Miss Jeanne Noyes Morgan, to Lt. (jg) H. Richard Fox.

GALVIN-BARRICK—Married in the Catholic Cathedral, Baltimore, Md., 16 Oct. 1943, Miss Ruth Barrick, to T. Sgt. Joseph M. Galvin.

GARVIN-ARTERBURN—Married in the First Methodist Church, Fort Worth, Tex., 25 Oct. 1943, Miss M. Julia Arterburn of Haska, Tex., to Lt. Charles Howard Garvin, AC, Class of 1942, USMA.

GEE-HUSS—To be married today, 6 Nov. 1943, in the rectory of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., Miss Clare Ann Huss, to Capt. Thomas N. Gee, USA, Office of the Surgeon General.

GILBERT-LEVY—Married in Freeport, L. I., N. Y., 25 Oct. 1943, Miss Rhoda Levy, to 2nd Lt. Charles F. Gilbert, AUS.

GLENDING-CARY—Married in Grace Episcopal Church, Elmira, N. Y., 29 Oct. 1943, Miss June Cary, to 1st Lt. Robert E. Glending, AAF, recently returned from Africa and Sicily.

GODFREY-PARSONS—Married in Central Methodist Church, Portsmouth, Va., 27 Oct. 1943, Miss Margaret Elizabeth Parsons, to Lt. Tad A. Godfrey, USMC.

HAWKINS-GRIFFIN—Married in All Saints' Episcopal Church, Chevy Chase, Washington, D. C., 26 Oct. 1943, Miss Margaret Alice Griffin, to Lt. Joseph Claggett Hawkins, Camp Polk, La.

HIGGINS-KBY—Married in the Lutheran Church, Sabillasville, Md., 23 Oct. 1943, Miss Mabel Virginia Kby, to Maj. Horace R. Higgins, Ord.

HINRICH-HENDERSON—Married in St. James' Episcopal Church, New York, 23 Oct. 1943, Miss Mary Ella Henderson, to Ens. Stuart W. Hinrichs, SC, USNR.

HIRSCHLER-STERN—Married in New York, 1 Nov. 1943, Miss Nancy Viola Stern, to Lt. Lewis David Hirschler, USNR.

HOLSTROM-METZ—Married in the campanile of St. Patrick's Catholic Church, Miami Beach, Fla., 23 Oct. 1943, Miss Ellamae Metz, to Lt. Norris Holstrom, USA.

HOPPER-RUDOLPH—Married in the First Baptist Church, Philadelphia, Pa., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Pearl Rudolph, to Lt. Comdr. Paul L. Hopper, USNR.

HOVERMAN-MAHAN—To be married today, 6 Nov. 1943, in the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church, Indianapolis, Ind., Miss Mary Jean Mahan, to Lt. Russell M. Hoverman, USNR.

HUNT-JORDAN—Married in the Post Chapel, Bolling Field, D. C., 23 Oct. 1943, Miss Annabelle Jordan, to S. Sgt. Edward Hunt.

JOHNSTON-WINANS—Married in Christ Episcopal Church, Greenwich, Conn., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Frances Jane Winans, to Lt. Alexander Rust Johnston, AAF.

JONES-FINCH—Married in Charlotte, N. C., 16 Oct. 1943, Miss Lucille Lee Finch, to Lt. Edwin Lee Jones, Jr., USMCR.

KARR-MOORE—Married in the Chapel, Dale Mabry Field, Tallahassee, Fla., 20 Oct. 1943, Miss Mary Jane Moore, niece of Maj. and Mrs. George Cramer, to Ens. Roger Wean Karr, USNR.

KIBLER-HILL—Married in the Protestant Chapel, Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Va., 26 Oct. 1943, Miss Thelma I. Hill, to Lt. (jg) H. Calvin Kibler.

KIDDER-STURGIS—Married in Norfolk, Va., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Polly Ann Sturgis, to Lt. William Kidder, AUS, Fort Benning, Ga.

KILPATRICK-MARKILLIE—Married in the Little Church Around the Corner, New York, 1 Nov. 1943, Miss Joyce Eleanor Markillie, to Lt. Donald Arthur Kilpatrick, CE, AUS, Camp Edwards, Mass.

KIMMEL-WARING—Married in St. Philip's Protestant Episcopal Church, Charleston, S. C., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Louisa Johnson Waring, to Lt. (jg) William Tweed Kimmel, USNR.

KRUMKE-BYERS—Married recently in Portsmouth, Va., Miss Miriam Virginia Byers, to Ens. Karl E. Krumke, Jr., USCG.

LADD-BOWMAN—Married in Larchmont, N. Y., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Carol Lee Bowman, to Lt. Robert Daniel Ladd, USA.

LEE-RUMSEY—Married in Central Presbyterian Church, New York, 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Beatrice Rumsey, to Lt. Elsha Lee, USNR.

LEY-BARR—Married in Rye, N. Y., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Mary Sydney Barr, to Lt. Allyn Preswick Barr, USNR.

MARTINSON-DRISCOLL—Married in the rectory of St. Mary's Church, Nutley, N. J., 28 Oct. 1943, Miss Anne Marston Driscoll, to Capt. Carl E. Martinson, AUS, Aberdeen, Md.

MCARTHUR-FINUCANE—Married in New York, 27 Oct. 1943, Miss Dorothy Finucane, to Lt. James Keith McArthur, USNR.

MOORE-YOST—Married in the Presbyterian Church, Fanwood, N. J., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Bette Yost, to Lt. William R. Moore, AAF.

MUIR-SHEPARD—Married in Washington, D. C., 28 Oct. 1943, Miss Barbara Frances Sheppard, to Ens. Douglas Gordon Muir, USNR.

MUNSON-JONSON—Married in the Dutch Reformed Church, Closter, N. J., 31 Oct. 1943, Miss Nell E. Jonson, to Lt. Leslie H. Munson, AAF.

O'CONNOR-NOON—Married in Malden, Mo., 16 Oct. 1943, Miss Agnes Elizabeth Noon, to AC Joseph O'Connor, AAF.

PETERSEN-LANE—Married in the Little Church Around the Corner, New York, 8 Oct. 1943, Miss Dorothy Thurlow Lane, to 2nd Lt. Robert John Petersen, AUS, Camp Maxey, Tex.

PIERCE-TODMAN—Married in the Centenary Methodist Church, Richmond, Va., 23 Oct. 1943, Miss Ida Gray Todman, to Lt. Stewart Watson Pierce, USA.

PILLING-HOLT—Married at home, Bala-Cynwyd, Pa., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Helen d'Auria Holt, sister of Lt. William J. Holt, Jr., USN, 3d, and Lt. Robert A. Holt, AAF, to William Stockman Pilling, 2d, ASPT, AUS, brother of Lt. Joseph Ross Pilling, Jr., USNR.

PRIDMORE-OLMSTED—Married at Coronado, Calif., 15 Oct. 1943, Miss Cynthia Olmsted, daughter of Mrs. F. A. L. Vossler (wife of Captain Vossler, USN), to Lt. Comdr. James Arthur Pridmore, USN.

QUINN-SOWERS—Married in New York, 30 Oct. 1943, Mrs. Rita Horton Sowers, to Ens. Thomas Henry Quinn, USNR, son of Col. and Mrs. Patrick Henry Quinn.

RAHMER-ZAPPEFFEL—Married in the Base Chapel, AAB, Ardmore, Okla., 26 Oct. 1943, Miss Louise A. Zappeffel of San Francisco, Calif., to 2nd Lt. Frank J. Rahmer, Chandra Orr A. Jaynes, Base Chaplain, officiating.

REES-BRUNSON—Married in Indianapolis, Ind., 31 Oct. 1943, Miss Margaret Esther Brunson, to James Dwire Rees, Jr., USN.

ROCKWOOD-BROWN—Married in Seattle, Wash., 23 Oct. 1943, Miss Cynthia Reed Brown, to 1st Lt. John Anderson Rockwood, AUS.

ROLLOW-CARPENTER—Married in Portsmouth, Va., 9 Oct. 1943, Miss Phyllis Joan Carpenter, formerly Ensign, Navy Nurse Corps, to Lt. Douglas Rollow, Jr., USMCR, awarded the Navy Cross for his participation, as dive bomber, Battle of Midway.

ROSENBERG-SPRING—Married in New York, 31 Oct. 1943, Miss Barbara Spring, to Lt. Harry A. Rosenberg, AAF.

SIESHOLTZ-YENKINSON—Married in Baltimore, Md., 10 Oct. 1943, Miss Minnie Yenkinson, to Capt. Herbert William Siesholtz, USA.

SIGHTLER-MARSDEN—Married in the Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Elizabeth Sterling Marsden, to Lt. Col. Septimus Bonham Sightler, Jr., AUS.

SOTHORON-BENNETT—Married in the Post Chapel, Camp Edwards, Mass., 23 Oct. 1943, Miss Jane Spaulding Bennett, to Lt. Col. Norwood Spencer Sothoron.

SPENCER-JACOBS—Married in Cleveland Park Congregational Church, Washington, D. C., 28 Oct. 1943, Miss Dorothy Sayre Jacobs, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Richard Clark Jacobs, to Capt. Lyle M. Spencer, on duty with the special service division, War Department.

STEIGELMAN-VAN DER WIEL—Married in St. Andrew's Chapel, USNA, Annapolis, Md., 16 Oct. 1943, Miss Anne Marie Van der Wiel, to Lt. Edward Thomas Steigelman.

TALBOTT-LARGE—Married in the Presbyterian Church, Flemington, N. J., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Helen Josephine Large, to Ens. Nelson Strowbridge Talbott, Jr., USNR, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. N. S. Talbott, of Dayton, O.

WAESCHE-MALEADY—To be married today, 6 Nov. 1943, in St. Ignatius Loyola Roman Catholic Church, New York, Miss Beatrice Maleady, to Ens. Donald M. Waesche, Jr., USNR, recently returned from duty with a patrol boat in Caribbean waters.

WALTERS-CHICKMAY—Married in the First Lutheran Church, Norfolk, Va., Miss Joyce Mary Chickmay, to Lt. (jg) Andrew Wallace Walters, USNR.

WARDWELL-SLADEN—Married in Grosse Pointe Memorial Church, Grosse Pointe, Mich., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Ina Andrus Sladen, niece of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Fred W. Sladen, USA-Ret., New London, N. H., and of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. John J. Bradley, USA-Ret., New York, to Lt. (jg) John Howland Wardwell, USNR.

WARNER-STANLEY—Married in the Breezy Point Chapel, Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Va., 26 Oct. 1943, Miss Claire Pat Stanley, to Lt. John Buckner Warner, Jr., USNR.

WATKINS-WOOD—Married in the Episcopal Church of St. Stephen and the Incarnation, Washington, D. C., 28 Oct. 1943, Miss Judith Goodwyn Wood, to Capt. Kennedy Campbell Watkins, on duty in the special service division of the War Department.

WESTERVELT-CLAYTON—Married in the Chapel of St. Joseph of Arimathea, Washington Cathedral, Washington, D. C., 2 Nov. 1943, Miss Martha Scott Clayton, to Lt. Kenneth Adams Westervelt, SC.

WHITCOMB-BOTTOMLEY—Married in St. Margaret's Church, Washington, D. C., 30 Oct. 1943, Miss Anne Hale Bottomley, to Lt. Lee Bretton Whitcomb, USN, recently returned from duty in the Pacific area.

WYLLY-WILSON—Married in the Post Chapel, Napier Field, Ala., 1 Oct. 1943, 2nd Lt. Glenna Margaret Wilson, ANC, to Capt. Alexander Wyllly, AAF.

Died

ADAMSON—Died at Los Angeles, Calif., 3 Nov. 1943, Mrs. Katherine Bradshaw Adamson, wife of Col. James M. Adamson, now stationed overseas, mother of Cadet James B. Adamson, USMA, Class of 1944, and sister of Mrs. J. Rely Bradshaw. Funeral services were held 5 Nov. at the Little Church of the Flowers, Forest Lawn.

BARNUM—Died in London, 27 Oct. 1943, Col. Edmund M. Barnum, USA, nephew of the late Maj. Gen. Malvern-Hill Barnum. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Allen Barnum; a son, Maj. Allen T. Barnum, USMC, Aviation, and two daughters, Elizabeth, serving overseas with the Red Cross, and Martha, in the Marines.

BATES—Killed in action in the European theater, 16 Sept. 1943, Lt. Earl Rankin Bates, USAAF, brother of Capt. Ralph Bates, serving in the Army Airborne Infantry, Pacific theater.

CAREY—Died in Sacred Heart Sanitarium, Milwaukee, Wis., 31 Oct. 1943, Peter B. Carey, father of Lt. Bernard Carey, AAF, in England, Philip Carey serving in the Navy, and Charles Carey of the Army.

CHRISTIAN—Died as the result of a transport plane crash during a training flight in North Carolina, 29 Oct. 1943, 2nd Lt. Richard A. Christian, Elmira, N. Y.

CUTTER—Died as the result of a transport plane crash during a training flight in North Carolina, 29 Oct. 1943, Capt. Joseph Cutter, Jackson Springs, N. C.

DICKMAN—Died in New York Hospital, New York, 28 Oct. 1943, Mrs. Julia Probasco Wherry Dickman, widow of Robert Neil Dickman; mother of Franklin J. Dickman; daughter of the late Brig. Gen. William M. Wherry, USA, and sister of William M. Wherry, Jr., Henry P. Wherry, Mrs. Mark A. Brown, Mrs. Gretchen Rachford and Mrs. Rita Hines (wife of Gen. John L. Hines).

DIXON—Died in a Japanese Prisoner of War Camp, 2 Jan. 1943, Capt. Wiley L. Dixon, Jr. Survived by his mother, Mrs. Wiley L. Dixon, sr., wife of the late Major Dixon, USA; his wife and young daughter, Margaret.

GREENBERG—Died in Rochester, N. Y., 31 Oct. 1943, Jacob Greenberg, father of Lt. Kermit Greenberg, USA.

GROSVENOR—Died in the Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center, New York, 28 Oct. 1943, Graham Bethune Grosvenor, brother of Capt. George Howard Grosvenor, USCGR.

(Continued on Next Page)

Calendar of Legislation

ACTION ON LEGISLATION

H. R. 3223. To provide for reimbursement of personnel in the naval service of the United States, for property lost, damaged or destroyed. Signed by President.

H. R. 3225. Authorizes settlement of accounts of deceased personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps up to \$1,000 without requiring court administration. Signed by President.

H. R. 3381. Allowing credit to be taken against the Victory tax for each taxable year. Signed by President.

H. R. 2859. Amends Naval Reserve Act in relation to WAVES. Senate amendments accepted by House. To President.

H. R. 800. Provides for issuing flags to nearest relatives of persons who die in the service. Reported by Senate Committee on Finance.

BILLS INTRODUCED

S. 1495. Rep. McFarland, Ariz. To provide adjusted compensation and to provide a three months' furlough with pay prior to discharge for persons in the armed forces.

S. 1487. Sen. Van Nuys, Ind. To implement the jurisdiction of service courts of friendly foreign forces within the United States.

S. 1506. Sen. Clark, Mo. To continue the interrupted or prevented education or vocational training of veterans of the present war.

S. 1509. Sen. Thomas, Utah. Also S. 1507. Sen. Clark, Mo. To provide for the education and training of members of the armed forces and the merchant marine after discharge from or conclusion of service.

S. 1505. Sen. Clark, Mo. To continue the pay of all persons serving in the armed forces of the United States for six months after end of the present war.

S. 1508. Sen. Clark, Mo. Provides for effective date of awards of death pension or compensation in cases of persons missing or missing in action. The date of death as reported by the Secretary of War or Navy will decide this rather than the date reported by the Veterans Administration.

H. R. 3580. Rep. Patman, Tex. To provide

for the conservation and proper disposal of surplus war properties. Includes aiding war veterans to establish or maintain their own business enterprises.

H. R. 3569. Rep. Kilday, Tex. Calls for the appointment of veterans in the selection of all personnel engaged in the administration, operation and guarding of national cemeteries.

First Deficiency Bill

The first deficiency appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1944 was reported to the House this week by its Appropriations Committee.

Budget estimates of \$1,108,828,749.32 were pared by the committee to \$167,268,444.32, a reduction of nearly \$950-million.

Principal cut was in the only item in the bill strictly for the armed forces. The Navy had asked an increase in its naval stock fund of \$750,000,000 with a new limit on the fund of \$2,250-million. The committee granted the increase and raised the limit, but obtained the money, not by a new appropriation, but by transfer from funds voted for ordnance in the 1944 naval appropriation bill. Changes in the Navy's ordnance program make this sum available.

Among the many items in the bill are:

\$7,500,000 additional for the student nurse training program.

\$17,287,715 for the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics.

\$10,356,000 to permit the Veterans' Administration to construct facilities for 3,950 additional mental patients.

\$858,000 for the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

When answering advertisements please mention the Army and Navy Journal.

Honor General Reckord

Maj. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, commanding general of the Third Service Command, was presented with the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by the Board of Trustees of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pa. at commencement exercises on 31 Oct.

Suspend Induction on Holiday

The War Department announced this week that the Army's training schedule and induction procedures would be suspended for the observance of Thanksgiving Day, 25 Nov.

On this day registrants will not be ordered from civilian life to recruiting and induction stations for examination and induction. Men previously inducted, at home on the 21-day furlough, who normally would have been ordered to reception centers on this day, will have the period extended by one or two days to allow them to spend Thanksgiving Day with their families.

The same action will be taken during the Christmas holidays when the induction procedures and training schedules will be maintained except for the 24th, 25th, and 26th of December and the 1st and 2nd of January.

War Department employees will be required to work on all of the holidays with the single exception of Christmas Day.

Executive Officer Transferred

Col. George S. Woodard, executive officer at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., for the past 1½ years, has been assigned to Camp Reynolds, Greenville, Pa. He is succeeded as acting executive officer by Lt. Col. William M. Murphree, adjutant at Carlisle Barracks. Lt. Col. Kent L. Gillenwater, assistant adjutant, has become adjutant.

Hospitalization of AAF Officers

The War Department policy of assignment to the nearest replacement pool of their arm or service pending further disposition of officers hospitalized from troop units within the continental United States, those returned for hospitalization from overseas and those hospitalized while en route from overseas, does not extend, with the exception of general officers, to officers of the Army Air Forces. AAF officers will be reassigned in accordance with instructions issued by the Commanding General, AAF.

Allowances of Women Doctors

The Comptroller General has held (decision B-35392) that female physicians and surgeons in the medical departments of the Army and Navy appointed under authority of the act of 16 April 1943, may not be paid increased rental and subsistence allowances as for officers with dependents.

Retired Pay of Wounded Officers

The Comptroller General has held (decision B-37074) that the authority of the State Department to use personnel of the Army or Navy for use as couriers extends to use of retired officers.

If retired officers are so used, he stated, laws against accepting services without payment for them do not prohibit retired officers from performing courier service without pay. Such officers may be paid travelling expenses on the same basis as is authorized for foreign service officers.

Retired Pay of Wounded Officers

The Comptroller General has informed the Secretary of War (decision B-32764) that the pay act amendment of 2 Dec. 1942 does not restore the old act of 2 March 1903—repealed as to officers appointed after 1 July 1922 by the pay acts of 1922 and 1942—to permit officers retired for wounds received in battle to receive longevity increases on the retired list.

The Comptroller stated that neither the retired pay of regulars nor the retirement pay of reserves may be increased on account of wounds.

Named ODB Adjutant

Maj. James C. Palmer, AGD, has been appointed adjutant of the War Department's Office of Dependency Benefits, Brig. Gen. Harold N. Gilbert, ODB director, has announced.

Relic of USS Henderson

Quantico, Va.—The name plaque, carried aboard the USS Henderson during the more than 26 years that transport carried Marines to all parts of the world, has found a final resting place in the Marine Corps museum here.

The transport, named for Brevet Brig. Gen. Archibald Henderson who was Commandant of the Marine Corps for 30 years during the early nineteenth century, has been decommissioned.

In submitting the plaque, the commanding officer of the old transport said that, since the ship was named for a former Commandant of the Corps, the museum here would be a "fitting" place for the name plate.

Births, Marriages, Deaths

(Continued from Preceding Page)

HIEBERT—Died as the result of a Navy training plane crash in the mountains near Beavertown, Pa., 30 Oct. 1943, Lt. Walter J. Hiebert, USNR, whose wife lives at Pleasantville, N. J.

HINSON—Died as the result of a transport plane crash during a training flight in North Carolina, 29 Oct. 1943, 2nd Lt. Charles C. Hinson, Clarksville, Tenn.

JAMES—Died in Baltimore, Md., 1 Nov. 1943, Mrs. Norman James, aunt of Maj. Alexander B. Hagner, AAF.

LARSON—Died as the result of a transport plane crash during a training flight in North Carolina, 29 Oct. 1943, 2nd Lt. Kenneth R. Larson, Salt Lake City, Utah.

LEWIS—Died as the result of a Navy training plane crash in the mountains near Beavertown, Pa., 30 Oct. 1943, Lt. Eilwood W. Lewis, Jr., USNR, Kokomo, Ind.

LISTUG—Died as the result of a transport plane crash during a training flight in North Carolina, 29 Oct. 1943, Capt. Leroy A. Listug, Jr., Oak Park, Ill.

MCCARTHY—Died as the result of a transport plane crash during a training flight in North Carolina, 29 Oct. 1943, S. Sgt. James A. McCarthy, Jr., Atlantic City, N. J.

McNAIR—Died in the South Pacific area, 20 Oct. 1943, as a result of injuries sustained in a plane crash. Col. William Douglas McNair, aged 44. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Loyal Roberts McNair, daughter of Col. T. A. Roberts, USA-Ret.; his daughter, Loyal Louise; his mother, Mrs. W. S. McNair, widow of Maj. Gen. W. S. McNair, and three sisters.

OSSIE—Died as the result of a plane crash near the training field at Union City, Tenn., 30 Oct. 1943, AC James Ossie, AAF, East Paterson, N. J.

PERKINS—Died in Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 31 Oct. 1943, Maj. William M. Perkins, AUS, attached to the office of the Chief Signal Officer. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Helen Perkins; his mother, a brother and a sister. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

REED—Died in Pittsburgh, Pa., 31 Oct. 1943, Samuel Clarke Reed, father of Capt. Samuel Clarke Reed, Jr., USMC, and Lt. James B. Reed, USN.

REEVES—Died in the crash of a training plane near Jacksonville, Fla., 30 Oct. 1943, Lt. John W. Reeves, 3d, USN, son of Rear Adm. John W. Reeves, Jr., former commander of the aircraft carrier Wasp and now chief of naval air forces in Alaska.

ROGERS—Died in Trenton, N. J., 29 Oct. 1943, Brig. Gen. John M. Rogers who retired in 1936 after more than 51 years' service in the New Jersey NG, father of Lt. Col. John M. Rogers, Jr., attached to the Allied Military Government in North Africa. Also survived by his widow, three daughters and two other sons.

SCARRITT—Died in Salem, Mass., 31 Oct. 1943, William Russell Scarritt, uncle of Lt. Comdr. Scarritt Adams, USN.

SHAWN—Died in the Pacific area, 15 Oct. 1943, Maj. Franklin S. Shawn, AAF, Belmont, Calif. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Patricia S. Shawn, a son, Franklin D. Shawn, II, his parents, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Franklin D. Shawn, and two sisters, Miss Anne Shawn, and Mrs. Margaret Blincoe.

STONECLIFFE—Died in Baltimore, Md., 29 Oct. 1943, infant son of Maj. and Mrs. David W. Stonecliffe, USMC.

WELLBROCK—Died in her quarters in the Washington Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., 31 Oct. 1943, Mrs. Pauline S. Wellbrock, aged 59, wife of Capt. John H. Wellbrock, Chief of Staff of the Potomac River Naval Command, sister of A. P. Schlatter of New York, mother of Mrs. O. H. Dodson (wife of Commander Dodson), Washington, and grandmother of John Dennis Dodson. Interment was in Arlington Cemetery, 3 Nov.

WHITAKER—Died as the result of a transport plane crash during a training flight in North Carolina, 29 Oct. 1943, 2nd Lt. Joseph T. Whitaker, Camp Claiborne, La.

Falvey Granite Company, Inc.

Monuments for Arlington and other National Cemeteries. Latest equipment for carving lettering in cemetery, by hand or Sand Blast.

Designs & Price List on request.
209 Upshur St., N.W., Wash., D. C.
Phone TAylor 1100

★ NAVAL UNIFORM DIRECTORY ★

The following stores, officially designated by the Navy Department, carry blue overcoats; service blue uniforms; raincoats (with removable lining); aviation (winter working) uniforms; for purchase by Naval Commissioned, Warrant and Petty Officers. The garments are in accordance with Naval specifications, and are marked with a label stating "This label identifies a garment made and sold under authority of the U. S. Navy."

CALIFORNIA

DESMOND'S

NAVAL COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND C. P. O.
UNIFORM H. Q. FOR OVER 26 YEARS

Broadway at Locust, Long Beach
416 So. Broadway, Los Angeles

MINNESOTA

JUSTER BROS.

37 So. Sixth Street

Minneapolis, Minnesota

MISSOURI

BOYD-RICHARDSON
COMPANY
(BOYD'S)

6th & Olive Streets

St. Louis, Missouri

NEW YORK

Outfitters to Seafaring Men since 1856

S. APPEL & CO.

18 FULTON ST. cor. Front, N. Y. C.
UPTOWN: 1125 Amsterdam Ave.
MIAMI: 323 N. E. 1st St.

BROOKS
UNIFORM CO.

New York's Foremost Military Store
44th St. and 6th Ave.
Uptown branch, 2884 8'way. Cor. 113 St.

NEW YORK

FINCHLEY

566 Fifth Avenue, New York

19 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago

Hotel Robert Driscoll
Corpus Christi, Texas

SAKS FIFTH AVENUE

MILITARY AND NAVAL OUTFITTERS
AT ROCKEFELLER CENTER, NEW YORK
OTHER SHOPS at . . . 111 St. - BROADWAY, N. Y.
EATONTOWN, N. J.; COLUMBUS, GA.; MIAMI;
PENSACOLA; - NEW HAVEN - WASHINGTON
Mail orders filled. Request our Army or Navy book

OHIO

THE HALL BROS. CO.

1228 Euclid Avenue

Cleveland, Ohio

TENNESSEE

PHIL A. HALL

Exchange Building

Memphis, Tennessee

Patronize
Journal Advertisers

Senator Brewster's Report (Continued from Page 275)

were all in agreement, and the military authorities as well, that as rapidly as transportation conditions should permit the boys should be moved to other stations where conditions are more tolerable, and that far as practicable boys would not be kept in an area such as this beyond the period of 1 year.

"The other spot where a problem of morale was faced was in India, where the boys were rather remote from the scene of Japanese activity and were not particularly clear as to why they were there.

"While the living conditions were all that could be expected and the Red Cross 'dug-out,' as it was called, was a most admirable institution, the boys did not have a strong and present sense of their contribution to the war effort and were somewhat immersed in the lethargy of India and their thoughts would naturally turn to home. It is to be hoped that the coming of Lord Mountbatten, as commander in chief of this area, may breathe some of his abundant vitality into this area and give the boys a new lease on the realities.

High Caliber Leadership

"With the leadership of our services overseas the committee were all much impressed. The caliber of the commanders is of the highest and any failures on the part of any subordinate officers are apparently certain to receive the most instant attention. There came to our notice instances in which changes had been very promptly made as the necessity was found. This is, of course, the test of whether any machine is functioning as it should.

"Incompetency or inefficiency is treated with the utmost rigor as should be the case in time of war. No consideration appears to affect the operation other than the successful prosecution of the war and the welfare of the personnel involved. Mistakes are bound to occur but they receive prompt attention and correction and are not likely to recur.

"Particularly impressive was the work being done in the Persian Gulf where so much of the materiel must be landed for the supply of the Russian front. Here under climatic conditions that are simply indescribable American boys are carrying on under the inspiring leadership of Maj. Gen. Donald H. Connolly and materiel of all kinds is being unloaded and dispatched with incredible rapidity. While we were there the temperature ranged around 150 degrees above zero on the airports where much of these operations must be carried on and this is apparently typical for the region during the greater portion of the year. . . .

Air Bases

"America has built and is operating hundreds of airfields all around the world costing hundreds of millions of American dollars. We have no right of access at the present time to any of the airports built by our money outside the Western Hemisphere 6 months after the war comes to an end. This seems to be a situation that invites early attention in view of the certain significance of air transport in the world that is to be.

"Sea power has hitherto been the only means of stabilizing conditions around the globe. The lessons of this war make it entirely evident that air power has now come as a supplement to sea power and that the future peace of the world must depend in substantial measure upon aggressor nations not being able to develop air power that shall once again threaten peace-loving peoples. The ultimate winning of the war by the United Nations does not seem to any of us to be a matter that admits to doubt. Whether or not we shall win the peace is quite another matter and by the winning of the peace we mean the keeping of the peace as that is the ideal that liberty-loving Americans have most definitely in mind. . . .

"The world has long recognized the intimate connection between sea power and the merchant marine. The relationship is far more intimate between military and commercial aviation. The production facilities are far more readily convertible than in the case of marine construction and the speed of the transition corresponds to the speed of the plane.

"The bomber plants of today are the transport plane plants of tomorrow—and the reverse will also be the case.

"America must realize the implications of these lessons before it is too late.

"Considerable consternation has been expressed at the strong and unanimous report of the five members of our senatorial committee concerning the future of America in the air. The language of our unanimous report to the Senate and the country upon this point is as follows:

"The United States has constructed huge airfields all over the world at tremendous cost to our people. The use of some of these fields in the future may be just as essential to our security as battleships or divisions. We have no post-war rights of access to these fields outside the Western Hemisphere at the present time. These rights of access are also indispensable to the vitally important growth of commercial aviation.

"Some current discussions in the press have proceeded upon the hypothesis that the only question involved was that of military air bases. This is very far from being the case. As has been pointed out the problems of military aviation will undoubtedly be worked out in conjunction with the others concerned in the United Nations and appropriate decisions reached regarding the allocation of responsibility in the keeping of the peace and the use of the various facilities that are necessarily involved in the girdling of the globe.

Policies Compared

"Britain is continuing the policy of monopoly in overseas aviation with the great British Overseas Airways amply financed from government funds and placing at its head one of the ablest administrators and keenest minds in the British Empire in the person of Lord Knollys, formerly Governor of Bermuda and now devoting his great talent to the fu-

ture of Britain in commercial aviation around the world.

"Since when is it treason for America to take thought as to its position in this field? Is it improper or un-American to suggest that the hundreds of millions of dollars invested by America in airfields in all parts of the world may perhaps be permitted to serve in some measure the interests of America in the air argosies of peace? . . .

"An interdepartmental committee to consider post-war aviation policy was created some time since under the chairmanship of Assistant Secretary of State Adolf A. Berle, Jr., and has since been functioning. It is understood a report has been prepared and placed in the hands of the Secretary of State for the President.

"Meanwhile the Committee on Commerce of the Senate has created a subcommittee under the chairmanship of Senator Bennett Champ Clark, of Missouri, and hearings have been held and are continuing to explore this situation.

"The House of Representatives is also giving consideration to this problem through the medium of a subcommittee of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. . . .

Petroleum Supplies Depleted

"Current comment on the prospect that United States oil reserves are only sufficient to supply us for 12 to 15 years at the present rate of consumption do not seem to occasion particular concern.

"Other countries are far more prudent in husbanding their petroleum reserves.

"While Britain has oil reserves at least equal to the United States, the British reserves at the present rate of consumption will last 100 years.

"Only 8 percent of the oil consumption of the United Nations is at present coming from British sources, while nearly 80 percent is coming from United States reserves.

"In the addition, the largest supply from any country outside the United States comes from a country bordering on the Caribbean where 80 percent of the reserves are owned by an American corporation and a 30-percent increase in production is contemplated for this area this coming year, while practically no increase in production is contemplated for the great British reserves in the Persian Gulf.

"Consideration of this situation is imperatively required if America is to be able to face the world on an equality at the end of the next decade.

"No product more vital to national defense than petroleum, and the United States must rapidly move to preserve so far as practicable its rapidly diminishing reserves.

"Here again challenge has been raised as to the wisdom or propriety of legislative inquiry in this field. Certainly the American people are entitled to facts that so vitally concern their welfare.

"Before another generation comes on the stage America will be a mendicant for petroleum at the council tables of the world. This generation must then bear the responsibility for dissipating this most precious heritage.

"Equitable distribution of available supplies to meet the military needs of the United Nations is all that is desired. Is this treason?"

"In any event, these questions will continue to be pressed before the proper authorities, and reports on the situation will in due course be forthcoming."

Post-War Free Education

(Continued from Page 275)

loans to be repayable four years after completion of training, with interest at 3 per cent.

Training may be given only at educational institutions approved by the federal government.

Service personnel are defined as "any member of the Army of the United States, the United States Navy, the United States Marine Corps and the United States Coast Guard, or any of their respective components." Also those who served in the merchant marine honorably for at least six months after 16 Sept. 1940, and who have a certificate to that effect from the War Shipping Administration.

Replace Coast Guard Personnel

District Coast Guard Offices are being urged to ascertain the number of qualified civilians available for office duty.

This is being done in the hope of releasing military personnel from such duties and making them available for combat or other field duty. In the larger districts where many of the civilians will be needed it is the plan to effect this change during the present month.

Pensacola NAS Personnel

Comdr. Percy H. Lyon, USN, became superintendent of aviation training at the Naval Air Training Center at Pensacola, Fla., in October. He relieved Comdr. Cameron Briggs, USN, who was detached for sea duty. Commander Lyon reported at Pensacola last November from the Naval Air Station, Argentina, Newfoundland.

Capt. Lewis W. Johnson, (MC) USN, became the executive officer of the Naval Hospital at Pensacola in October, relieving Capt. Everett B. Taylor, (MC) USN, who has been detached.

Work of Reemployment Division

Col. Lewis Sanders, chief of the Reemployment Division of the Selective Service System, appearing before a House Appropriations Committee, estimated that next year physical disability discharges from the armed forces will reach 800,000 for the year.

He pointed out that while 16½ per cent of all such discharges are neuropsychiatric cases this only means that three-quarters of one per cent of the Army is developing psychoneurosis, as the annual total discharges of the Army are 3½ per cent of its personnel.

In mentioning this type of cases Colonel Sanders said that most of them are responding to treatment and occupational therapy, many being brought back to complete normalcy.

He went on to describe the work being done by a rehabilitation committee in New York on which all the large welfare agencies and foundations are represented. A test is being run at the induction station there, trained interviewers are interviewing all those men, who are willing, who have been rejected. Counsel is given them on their problem. These rejected men must be brought to realize that, although they have been rejected, they have no problems which they did not have a few hours before. Often such men can be brought to a rational viewpoint on why they were rejected.

Existing facilities, explained Colonel Sanders, must be supplemented with considerable volunteer forces. With 15,000 reemployment committeemen now, he expects to have 150,000 of them, all volunteers, at the time of general demobilization. But, he explained, a volunteer force cannot be expected to work without a good solid professional force on a full-time pay basis to serve as a corps and a channelling agency.

In the set-up in New York the Reemployment Division, the United States Employment Service, the Veterans' Placement Service, the Red Cross and the Veterans' Administration have worked together without friction for more than two and one-half years. This work has saved the services of thousands of young men, a service of inestimable value to the nation.

Colonel Sanders also explained that during World War I often the first indication that a man was a psychoneurotic case was when he actually broke down. The present system rejects many for suspected mental causes and comparatively few such cases actually get into the Army.

Commands Caribbean ATC

Brig. Gen. Edward H. Alexander was appointed commanding general of the Caribbean wing of the Air Transport Command 2 Nov. He succeeds Brig. Gen. Vincent J. Meloy, who has gone to another assignment.

Luxemburg
CIVILIAN & MILITARY TAILORS
485 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK
OFFICERS' UNIFORMS—Hand Tailored to Order
INSIGNIA—Army-Navy Marines—ACCESSORIES
The Finest CAP in the Army

HOBART ELECTRIC FOOD MACHINES
Mixers • Slicers • Peelers
Food Cutters • Dishwashers
THE HOBART MFG. CO., TROY, OHIO

TORO ALL OVER THE WORLD
POWER MOWERS
TORO MANUFACTURING CORP.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
MOWING MACHINERY SPECIALISTS FOR OVER 20 YEARS

Advertisement

WALL STREET

Service For Those Who Serve

The nation-wide investment house of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Beane feels that men who serve on the fighting fronts should, in turn, be served by those at home whenever possible. Putting this conviction into action, the firm has recently established a Servicemen's Department to aid without charge, fighting men who may be concerned about the effects of the war on the securities which they left behind.

Actually, a large number of men in all branches of the armed service already have been using the facilities of Merrill Lynch to good advantage. Distance has been no barrier, for these servicemen are stationed from Iceland to Australia, from Alaska to North Africa. For the most part they either have heard or read of the firm's services. However, MLPFB believes that a large number of other fighting men require assistance but may hesitate to request such service since they may feel they have no actual business to transact at present.

To all such, a cordial invitation is extended to send in a list of their holdings, small or large, for analysis by the Merrill Lynch Research Department. As close to the investment front as the servicemen are to the fighting fronts, this firm feels that the acceleration of the war against the Axis will be felt with increasing impact on investments and the market during the coming months. It sincerely desires to do everything in its power to make certain that securities held by fighting men receive the best possible attention while they are serving their country.

Knowing full well that many such men are depending on the securities they left behind to aid them to re-establish themselves when they return from the war, Merrill Lynch is certain the service which it offers without cost, will prove of tangible benefit, therefore invites any man in the armed forces who holds securities to take the following action:

1. Send or have delivered a list of his holdings for careful analysis.
2. Request any specific information about the security market or about any individual issue in which he is especially interested.

In addition, Merrill Lynch will be glad to send any general information about its services which may be requested.

MLPFB again emphasizes that this special service to servicemen involves no obligation or charge of any kind either now or in the future. Just address requests to the Servicemen's Department at Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Beane headquarters, 70 Pine Street, New York 5, N. Y., U. S. A.

FINANCE

Financial Digest

Among the financial and economic developments of the week were: Fall in security prices because of the fear of an early peace and that war contracts would be cancelled; termination of a three-day unauthorized but nevertheless effective coal strike by resumption of government control of the mines and by the grant to the miners of substantially all their wage demands; presentation by the President of a 12,000 word message to Congress in which he insisted upon his food subsidy program in the face of powerful Congressional opposition, and Republican victories in state elections which are generally accepted as showing a distinct trend away from the New Deal and as endangering the President's chances for reelection.

Rumors have been current for some time that the German military machine would remove Hitler and his Nazi followers from power, establish a Government and ask for an armistice. This week the Stock Market took them seriously, and securities of firms with huge war contracts dropped in price. The agreement made by Fuel Administrator Ickes with John L. Lewis authorized an increase of \$1.50 per day to the miners, or 37½ cents more per day than the War Labor Board previously had allowed. The increase was made contingent upon cutting the miners' lunch period from thirty to fifteen minutes, thus adding a quarter of an hour to the productive pay. The agreement is being sharply criticised because the power of the War Labor Board was set aside by executive action, because it was negotiated while the strike was in progress despite prior official policy not to negotiate under such conditions, and because the United Mine Workers gained its demands through the refusal of the men to work reiterated after an urgent

plea of the President as Commander-in-Chief. Industry is apprehensive that the tactics employed by Lewis which have proved so successful, will be followed by other Labor organizations, in which case there will be general wage advances, and the spiral of inflation will be accelerated.

The President's food message was designed to kill the anti-subsidy bill pending in Congress. It is not now certain whether it will prove successful. Farm-bloc leaders claim they will be able to pass their bill and will even have more than a two-thirds' vote in each House to override a veto. The wage concessions made to the miners has strengthened the demand of the farmers for higher sales prices, and have increased the determination of their representatives in Congress to oppose the President's subsidy policy.

The election returns this week are being variously interpreted, spokesmen for the White House arguing they have no national meaning since they were purely local and that the Administration had not intervened in them, and the Republicans insisting they indicate the New Deal is finished and the President cannot possibly be re-elected. It is true the President did endorse former Ambassador Bullitt for Mayor of Philadelphia, and Lieut. Gen. Haskell running on the Democratic ticket for Lieutenant Governor of New York. However, it is not forgotten that it is extremely difficult for a President to transfer any substantial part of his strength to a local candidate. There is no doubt the New York election politically benefited Governor Dewey, who has reiterated he is not a candidate for the Republican presidential nomination next year, and did not particularly help Wendell Willkie in the realization of his ambition. The election of former Senator Edge to the Governorship of New Jersey is interpreted as showing dissatisfaction with

MERCHANT MARINE

Union Labor since the CIO financially and otherwise opposed him. Kentucky's election of a Republican governor, in spite of Senator Barkley's campaign for the Democratic candidate on the ground that his choice would show support of the President's conduct of the war, was a hard blow for the Democrats. In view of the trend shown by the elections, the Republicans and the anti-New Deal Democrats in Congress will be encouraged to greater opposition to many of the President's financial and economic proposals.

New Navy Ratings
(Continued from First Page)

Class, respectively. Under the new system, Fireman, First Class and Second Class, will become the equivalent of Seaman, First and Second Class, while the former Fireman, First Class, grade will be replaced by the various new third class petty officers ratings.

Among the new subdivisions just established are these:

Boatswain's Mate A (Master-at-Arms)
Torpedoman's Mate V (aviation activities)
Soundman H (harbor defense soundman)
Printers L and M (lithographers and small duplicating machine operators)
Painter V (aircraft painters)
Machinist's Mate E (enginemaster)
Machinist's Mate G (industrial gas generating mechanic)
Machinist's Mate R (refrigeration mechanic)
Machinist's Mate S (shop machinist)
Aviation Machinist's Mate C (carburetor mechanic)
Aviation Machinist's Mate F (flight engineer)
Aviation Machinist's Mate H (hydraulic mechanic)
Aviation Machinist's Mate I (instrument mechanic)
Aviation Machinist's Mate P (propeller mechanic)
Aviation Ordnanceman B (bombsight mechanic)
Aviation Ordnanceman T (turret mechanic)
Storekeeper D (disbursing storekeeper)
Storekeeper V (aviation storekeeper)
Specialist (F) (fire fighters)
Specialist (Q) (communication specialists)
Specialist (X) (essential specialists who do not fit into any existing rating)
Specialist (Y) (control-tower operators)
Special Artificer O (optical)
Special Artificer I (instruments)
Special Artificer D (synthetic training device)
Ship's Service Man B (barber)
Ship's Service Man C (cobbler)
Ship's Service Man L (laundryman)
Ship's Service Man T (tailor)

All of these subdivisions, with the exception of the Specialist, Special Artificer, and Ship's Service Man groups, are in addition to the general ratings indicated in the titles.

A number of the new ratings will be applicable to members of the Women's Reserve as well as men, notably Specialist (Y) and Aviation Machinist's Mate I, for both of which women are being specifically trained.

Rating badges for the new fields have not yet been established.

Reorganize Service Forces
(Continued from First Page)

Harvard University, University of Minnesota, Carnegie Tech, etc. It is suggested that all such activities be brought under one command headed by a brigadier general or major general who would supervise all research, whether for Ordnance, Engineering, Quartermaster, or other services.

Along the same line is talk of bringing all procurement under one control, thus further depriving the branch services of responsibilities.

In general, it is understood that most of the proposed reorganization points toward less emphasis on the old line branches and more emphasis on new bureaus set up under the Army Service Forces. Proponents of the scheme point out that the same effect already has been achieved by the Army Ground Forces, which has abolished the offices of the Chief of Infantry, Chief of Field Artillery, Chief of Coast Artillery, and Chief of Cavalry, and delegated their former authorities to the Commanding General of the Army Ground Forces. What they proposed is to do much the same for the Army Service Forces. One step in this direction has been taken in the matter of the Army Finance De-

partment, where the legal Chief of Finance holds a minor position to the Fiscal Director Army Service Forces.

Merchant Marine

The Maritime Commission estimated this week that an additional 175,000 men will be needed to man the ships scheduled to be commissioned before Sept. 1944.

At present the merchant marine personnel totals about 125,000 men, and the present construction program will give this nation at the end of 1944 a merchant marine as large as that of the combined prewar fleets of Great Britain, the United States, Germany, Norway and Japan.

Engineering Techniques

It was disclosed recently by the Maritime Commission that engineering techniques used in the transporting of the new frigate class of convoy escort vessels from inland shipyards include floating them on pontoons over river shoals. The delivery voyage from the Great Lakes area to New Orleans takes about ten days.

Small Craft

In addition to the small merchant vessels a large number of special type combat ships and auxiliaries of military design are being built for the Army and Navy by the Maritime Commission.

Although deliveries in these categories have been in progress for little more than a year, 171 cargo craft and 92 military types have been delivered to the armed services.

New System

An incentive compensation system approved by the Maritime Commission is hoped to speed production and cut man-hour requirements at the Sun Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co., Chester, Pa. The new system would give added compensation of one per cent of their monthly salary to supervisory employees for each 7,500 man-hours saved in the construction of tankers directly under their supervision.

Named to Shipping Posts

Appointment of two new Assistant Deputy Administrators and the change of duties of a third were announced by the War Shipping Administration this week.

Percy Chubb, Director of Wartime Insurance, has been named Assistant Deputy Administrator for Fiscal Affairs, succeeding Richard W. Seabury who has been named Assistant Deputy Administrator for Maintenance and Repair, a newly created post. Simultaneously, Comdr. Edmond J. Moran, USNR, Director of the Administration's Small Vessel Procurement Division, was appointed Assistant Deputy Administrator for Small Vessels, also a new position.

Award Ship Contracts

Contract for the construction of 11 C-3 cargo ships has been awarded to Federal Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, Kearny, N. J.

Depot Meets Chest Quota

San Antonio, Texas—Presenting the War Chest Fund with \$8,952.42, the San Antonio Army Service Forces Depot on 1 Nov. became the first organization in San Antonio and Bexar County to turn over a check for the full amount of its quota to the War Chest Committee.

Actually, the Depot surpassed its \$8,400 quota by \$552.42. Most of the money was raised at a "War Chest Carnival" 21 Oct., which raised nearly \$8,000 in six hours.

Brig. Gen. J. A. Porter, commanding general of the Depot, presented the \$8,952.42 check to Maj. Gen. Herbert J. Brees, USA-ret., in brief ceremonies held in General Porter's office.

QUICK LOANS TO REGULAR OFFICERS

Monthly payments.

W. H. HOFHEIMER CO., INC.

300-A Citizens Bank Bldg., Norfolk, Va.

FOR THE ATTENTION OF PURCHASING OFFICERS OF THE SERVICES

The firms listed below, and carefully selected, have high standing in their respective lines, and deserve consideration. All purchasing officers are respectfully urged to take advantage of the opportunity business with them would offer for the Government.

ARMY AND NAVY AIRCRAFT SUPPLIES

Bomb and Mine Tags; Paper Thimbles; Triplicate Tag Books; Warning Tags; Paper Parachutes; Paper Lanterns; Parafin Envelopes; Shop Tickets; Set-Up Boxes; Coupon Tags; System Tags; Grade A Greaseproof Ordnance Wrapping Paper.

DENNISON MANUFACTURING CO.
Framingham, Massachusetts

LITTELFUSES for Aircraft: Glass, Bakelite enclosed, Low Voltage Heavy Duty A.C. up to 300 Amp. Also High Voltage Fuse Extractor Posts, Mountings, Beryllium Copper Fuse Clips, Radio and Instrument Fuses. Ask for catalog.

LITTELFUSE, INC.
4773 Ravenswood Avenue
Chicago, Illinois

ARMY QUARTERMASTER SUPPLIES & NAVY SUPPLIES

ORIGINAL SOLID CORRUGATED WIRE GLASS with cypress wood fittings for skylights and ventilated side-wall construction—White, Type E and Actinic, heat and glare intercepting, Type H, Federal Specification DD-G-45L.

PENNSYLVANIA WIRE GLASS CO.
1612 Market Street
Philadelphia, Pa.

ARMY & NAVY ORDNANCE, ENGINEER & CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

Bomb and Mine Tags; Paper Thimbles; Triplicate Tag Books; Warning Tags; Paper Parachutes; Paper Lanterns; Parafin Envelopes; Shop Tickets; Set-Up Boxes; Coupon Tags; System Tags; Grade A Greaseproof Ordnance Wrapping Paper.

DENNISON MANUFACTURING CO.
Framingham, Massachusetts

ARMY & NAVY AIR CORPS SUPPLIES

Bomb and Mine Tags; Paper Thimbles; Triplicate Tag Books; Warning Tags; Paper Parachutes; Paper Lanterns; Parafin Envelopes; Shop Tickets; Set-Up Boxes; Coupon Tags; System Tags; Grade A Greaseproof Ordnance Wrapping Paper.

DENNISON MANUFACTURING CO.
Framingham, Massachusetts

MISC. SUPPLIES FOR NAVY YARDS & STATIONS

Bomb and Mine Tags; Paper Thimbles; Triplicate Tag Books; Warning Tags; Paper Parachutes; Paper Lanterns; Parafin Envelopes; Shop Tickets; Set-Up Boxes; Coupon Tags; System Tags; Grade A Greaseproof Ordnance Wrapping Paper.

DENNISON MANUFACTURING CO.
Framingham, Massachusetts

Sen. Russell Reports on Trip

(Continued from Page 275)

produced. With an incredibly small number of effective airplanes, he is contributing greatly to keeping China a factor in the war. Certainly no man has ever done more with so little. Considering the limitations upon him, General Stilwell is also rendering a great service to his country and the Allied cause.

"It is requiring a superhuman effort to furnish General Henshaw's air forces, but the maintenance of air bases in China is of such importance that we should attack the problem of supplying him with redoubled vigor.

"On account of her proximity to Japan and her knowledge of the Japanese people, China has the most effective intelligence service on Japanese activities of any of the Allied Powers.

"The first question asked by every enlisted man and junior officer who has been overseas any considerable length of time is, when are we going to get some leave to go home? All of the veterans realize the value of the experience they have acquired in actual combat, and practically none of them expect to be released from service until the job is done, but there is an overwhelming feeling on the part of those who have been overseas for many long months that arrangements should be made to give them a respite from their trials and dangers, and a chance to see their families.

Urges Leave Policy

"Every member of the committee is agreed that the War Department should immediately adopt some policy of returning troops home for a leave or rest after certain services have been performed. This has worked well in the case of the crews of our airplanes, who are allowed a fixed period of rest after a certain number of sorties, which varies in different theaters of operations. I believe it would be a great incentive to the men and would still further reinforce the fine morale that is now displayed if all of them had definite prospect of a visit home after the performance of a certain task or period of service for which they are assigned. For obvious reasons this is a difficult matter on which to legislate, but the committee has made strong recommendations to the War Department and the Navy Department that a fair policy of leaves be promulgated.

"Men who live close to death think on the spiritual side of life. We attended church services at several places, and were much impressed by the manner in which the chaplains are carrying out their multifarious duties. We have visited several cemeteries where those heroes who have made the supreme sacrifice. Even in the haste and confusion of war our honored dead have not been neglected. Those who have loved ones or friends who have fallen in battle would be comforted if they could see the well-kept cemeteries where they sleep, and the solicitude of the chaplains in charge to have every grave properly marked amidst surroundings of appropriate dignity.

"Any account of our observations without a word of praise to the Navy Seabees and the Army engineers would be incomplete as well as unjust to some of the heroes of this war. From the frozen lava beds of Iceland to the blistering sands of the deserts, these men work as hard as 20 hours some days constructing facilities that are essential to modern war. When the history of this war is written, their unselfish sacrifices and tireless labor should adorn one of its brightest pages. To date they have received far too little credit.

Tommy's Good Soldiers

"The British people have hospitably received the American soldiers who are stationed in their midst. From a military standpoint, they have displayed every quality that one could ask in an ally. The British Tommy is a first-class soldier. Whenever I had an opportunity to visit with our Navy both enlisted men and officers spoke in glowing terms of the skill and seamanship and the courage of the British tar. The Royal Navy is still living up to its finest traditions. The heroic exploits of the Royal Air Force already belong to the legends of this war. As fighting men they are good partners to have in a scrap.

"We had some opportunity to observe the operation of the British Government not only at home but throughout the Empire. I came home with a healthy respect bordering on envy for the efficiency of the British in administration, and in the handling of their relations with other nations, and in their own vast dominion. The British have a definite foreign policy with respect to every corner of the globe. Every civil servant and every officer of any rank is apparently fully acquainted with Empire policy as it applies either militarily, diplomatically, or commercially. Every action of the responsible officials of government is designed to promote that policy.

"If our Nation has a definite policy which extends longer than 6 months after the conclusion of the war in any of the far-flung lands in which American troops are fighting and American dollars are being spent, I was unable to find anyone among our officers abroad who could define it.

"All in all, the morale of our troops in India appeared to be lower than in any other theater. India is in many respects a very depressing place for troops to be stationed.

Summarizes Observations

"In summation of my observations, I would say: "First, American production has justified our proudest boasts by turning out tools of war of high quality in huge quantities. The men in the field are satisfied with the weapons issued them. We are making great strides in assembling the facilities of transportation necessary to fight a war on every continent and every sea of the globe. This stupendous effort constitutes a great drain upon our natural resources. We should pay more attention to the utilization of raw materials

of other lands, lest the end of the war find those resources virtually untapped and our own exhausted. We should be more careful in the distribution of the products of American industry financed by American taxpayers.

"Second, Our lack of a post-war policy and stronger representation abroad in some key positions is likely to cost us dearly in the post-war period. All agencies having to do with any phase of the war effort abroad should be coordinated.

"Third, We must constantly combat any tendency to underestimate our enemies or to delude ourselves with optimism. The slightest relaxation in the national war effort at home will be paid in the blood of American boys fighting overseas.

"Fourth, The American Army, Navy, and Marine Corps are well fed, well equipped, and every reasonable provision has been made for their health, comfort, and welfare. No armed force in history has ever been so well supplied. Command and staff work have been of the highest caliber. Our leaders have to date accomplished all that the American people could have reasonably expected of them.

"Fifth, The general conduct of our troops in action has been good. Their discipline is satisfactory and they are daily becoming more efficient in the grim business of war. Combat experience is forging our Army, Navy, and Marine Corps into the toughest and most efficient fighting machine the world has ever seen. No one who has ever had any contact with troops would contend that every man is a fearless hero, who craves contact with the enemy, but as organizations our men have displayed courage and a willingness to fight and sacrifice which measures up to or surpasses the finest traditions of our armed services. The number of individuals who have performed remarkable feats of heroism, requiring resourcefulness and great personal bravery, is unusually high. The men in uniform have made up their minds to see this thing through to victory, whatever it may take. If our civilian population gives them unstinted support, they will win the total victory over our enemies perhaps sooner than we have any right to expect."

Promotion Policy

The promotion policy which allowed first lieutenants of the Medical Corps and Dental Corps, assigned to duty under a table of organization or an allotment, to be promoted to the temporary grade of captain on completion of the required time in grade and upon recommendation, has been expanded to include first lieutenants of the Chaplains' Corps.

The intent of this, as applied to officers of all three Corps, is to place those assigned to units and activities operating under an allotment on the same basis as those operating under an approved table of organization.

Appropriate revision of tables of organization has been made to include such officers.

First Hospital Named for Nurse

An Army General Hospital in Chicago, Ill., has been named the Ruth M. Gardiner General Hospital in memory of the first Army nurse confirmed as killed in a theater of operations in this war.

Second Lieutenant Gardiner, a member of the Nurse Army Corps attached to a medical squadron of the Army Air Forces, was killed in a plane crash in July, 1943, at Nanke, Alaska, while serving as an air evacuation nurse.

This is the first time an Army general hospital has been named for a nurse. The Ruth M. Gardiner General Hospital formerly was the Chicago Beach Hotel. It served as an Army Air Forces hospital until it was released recently to the Medical Department of the Army.

Enlisted Men's Deposits

The War Department has amended paragraph 3 of AR 35-2600, "Soldiers' Deposits," to provide that an enlisted man on duty outside continental United States may withdraw his deposits at any time, upon approval of his regimental or separate battalion commander.

Personnel serving in the United States, as in the past, require approval of the regimental or separate battalion commander, which shall not be given unless that officer considers that partial or complete withdrawal is necessary to meet obligations which the man incurred in expectation of being discharged at the normal expiration of his service or unless the man is faced with an unforeseen emergency requiring immediate use of his deposits.

Name General Hospital

The Army general hospital at Palm Beach, Fla., has been named Ream General Hospital for Maj. William R. Ream, MC, USA.

Army and Navy Hospitals

By the recent opening of the Ashford General Hospital at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., the roster of general hospitals of the United States Army has grown to forty-five under the authority of the Surgeon General.

The War Department has seen to it that there is a general hospital within easy reach of all embarkation and debarkation points and of all camps, posts, and stations in the United States. The Navy Department has likewise located its hospitals at coastal points and at places in proximity to naval stations and training centers.

The roster of general hospitals of the Army and Navy follows:

- Army**
- Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C.
 - Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Arkansas.
 - Ashburn General Hospital, McKinney, Texas.
 - Ashford General Hospital, White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia.
 - Barnes General Hospital, Vancouver, Washington.
 - Baxter General Hospital, Spokane, Washington.
 - Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Texas.
 - Billings General Hospital, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Indiana.
 - Borden General Hospital, Chickasha, Oklahoma.
 - Brooke General Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.
 - Bruns General Hospital, Santa Fe, New Mexico.
 - Bushnell General Hospital, Brigham City, Utah.
 - Darnall General Hospital, Danville, Kentucky.
 - Deshon General Hospital, Butler, Pennsylvania.
 - Finney General Hospital, Thomasville, Georgia.
 - Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colorado.
 - Fletcher General Hospital, Cambridge, Ohio.
 - Foster General Hospital, Jackson, Miss.
 - Halloran General Hospital, Willowbrook, L. I., N. Y.
 - Hammond General Hospital, Modesto, California.
 - Harmon General Hospital, Longview, Texas.
 - Hoff General Hospital, Santa Barbara, California.
 - Kennedy General Hospital, Memphis, Tennessee.
 - LaGarde General Hospital, New Orleans, Louisiana.
 - Lawson General Hospital, Atlanta, Georgia.
 - Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, California.
 - Lovell General Hospital, Ft. Devens, Massachusetts.
 - McCaw General Hospital, Walla Walla, Washington.
 - McCloskey General Hospital, Temple, Texas.
 - McLane General Hospital, Swannano, N. C.
 - Newton D. Baker General Hospital, Martinsburg, West Virginia.
 - Nichols General Hospital, Louisville, Ky.
 - Northington General Hospital, Tuscaloosa, Alabama.
 - Oliver General Hospital, Augusta, Georgia.
 - O'Reilly General Hospital, Springfield, Missouri.
 - Percy-Jones General Hospital, Battle Creek, Michigan.
 - Rhoades General Hospital, Utica, New York.
 - Schick General Hospital, Clinton, Iowa.
 - Stark General Hospital, Charleston, S. C.
 - Tilton General Hospital, Ft. Dix, New Jersey.
 - Torney General Hospital, Palm Springs, California.
 - Valley Forge General Hospital, Phoenixville, Pa.
 - Winter General Hospital, Topeka, Kansas.
 - Woodrow Wilson General Hospital, Staunton, Virginia.

Naval Hospitals

- Annapolis, Md.
 - Bainbridge, Md.
 - National Naval Medical Center, Bethesda, Md.
 - Puget Sound Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.
 - Brooklyn, N. Y.
 - Chelsea 50, Mass.
 - Corona, Calif.
 - Corpus Christi, Texas.
 - Farragut, Idaho.
 - Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill.
 - Jacksonville, Fla.
 - Key West, Fla.
 - Long Beach, Calif.
 - Mare Island, Calif.
 - Memphis 15, Tenn.
 - Navy Yard, S. C.
 - New Orleans 12, La.
 - Newport, R. I.
 - New River, N. C.
 - Norfolk 11, Va.
 - Norman, Okla.
 - Oakland 14, Calif.
 - Santa Margarita Ranch, Oceanside, Calif.
 - Parris Island, S. C.
 - Pensacola, Fla.
 - Philadelphia 45, Penna.
 - Pleasanton, Calif.
 - Portsmouth, N. H.
 - Portsmouth, Va.
 - Quantico, Va.
 - Sampson, N. Y.
 - San Diego 34, Calif.
 - Treasure Island, San Francisco, Calif.
 - Seattle, Wash.
 - St. Albans, N. Y.
- Naval Convalescent Hospitals**
- Asheville, N. C.
 - Glenwood Springs, Colorado.

Harriman, N. Y.
Sun Valley, Ketchum, Idaho.
Santa Cruz, Calif.
Yosemite National Park, Calif.

Age and Efficiency

(Reprinted from The Marine News.)

The Secretary Is Good at 75
"It is reported that an Officer Reorganization Plan will remove from active duty all Army officers who have reached 60 years of age, including retired officers returned to active duty for the emergency. Among those slated for retirement are a large number of officers from the Corps of Engineers now serving as heads of engineer divisions or districts, and of various engineering boards and commissions.

"In such proposed reorganization it would be a serious mistake not to except officers of the Corps of Engineers. Almost all of them are physically fit to perform their time-honored and customary peacetime service. To retire them at the not so advanced age of 60 would result in loss to the people of their accumulated experience in river and harbor improvement and flood control work. Such a valuable asset cannot be tossed aside with impunity.

"A few years ago the average age of the directors of the United States Steel Corporation was 66. Seasoned judgment comes from ripe experience. Ripe experience can come only through years of practice and observation.

"If there is any single thing that our country needs most today, it is seasoned judgment and experience, coupled with integrity, in men responsible for the public welfare. The officers of the Corps of Engineers meet these pressing needs fully. They are a corps d'élite, aloof from politics and inaccessible to influence. Their yardstick is merit.

"It is strange logic that would deprive the Nation of a great asset just as it reaches its highest value."

* Secretary of War, The Hon. Henry L. Stimson.

Employment of Retired Officers

The Senate Military Committee has reported S. 865, the bill which removes for the duration of the war restrictions on employment by the government of certain retired personnel.

Existing law provides that no person who holds an office the yearly salary or compensation of which amounts to \$2,500 shall be appointed to or hold any other office to which compensation is attached, unless specially authorized by law. This law expressly excludes retired officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard when they are elected to public office or whenever the President appoints them to office by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

But retired enlisted men retired for any cause, and officers retired for injuries received in battle or for injuries or incapacity incurred in line of duty, are not considered to hold or to have held an office during retirement. Officers precluded by this law from being appointed to a particular office cannot remove the inhibition of the statute by waiving or relinquishing his retired pay. But the law does permit a commissioned officer to hold a Government position provided his combined retirement pay and that of the position held by him does not amount to more than \$3,000.

By the proposed legislation, retired officers appointed to civilian offices or positions under the Government may choose between their retired pay and the pay that goes with the elective or appointive position, but they may not receive both. The legislation will have the effect of making available to the Government for the duration of the war and six months thereafter, the services of any officer retired from the armed forces.

Engage Japanese Bombers

A navy Catalina patrol bomber engaged a Japanese Mitsubishi medium bomber about 135 miles west northwest of Attu Island during the afternoon of 21 Oct. Both planes scored hits, after which the action was broken off. The United States plane suffered no casualties to personnel and no material damage.

A Navy Ventura patrol bomber attacked a Japanese medium bomber on the afternoon of 25 Oct. about 175 miles southwest of Cape Wrangell, on Attu Island. The enemy plane was probably damaged; the United States bomber suffered no damage.

Name General Hospital

The Army General Hospital at Atlantic City, N. J., has been named England General Hospital in honor of Lt. Col. Thomas Marcus England, Medical Administrative Corps.



WHAT I CAN'T DO WITHOUT

It's **CHESTERFIELD**

**GOOD TOBACCOS, YES
—but the BLEND
that's the thing**

When you smoke CHESTERFIELDS you know you're getting the best tobaccos that money can buy — but that's not all . . . the world's best cigarette tobaccos, yes . . . but the blend — Chesterfields' Right Combination — that's the thing.

That's why your Chesterfields are Milder and Better-Tasting...that's why they always SATISFY.